

FINAL ANSWER KEY

Paper:

299 - Part-I Paper-I Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita 2023

Date of Test

17-06-2026

Question1:-The Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 shall come into force _____.

A:-Immediately after Presidential assent

B:-On the date notified by the Central Government in the Official Gazette

C:-On the date decided by the Supreme Court

D:-On the date notified by State Governments

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question2:-According to the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, the provisions of the Sanhita apply to offences committed outside India by _____.

A:-Only Indian Citizens

B:-Only persons on Indian ships

C:-Indian citizens, persons on Indian registered ships/aircraft and persons targeting computer resources in India

D:-Only foreign nationals

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question3:-Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, the word "animal" means _____.

A:-Any living creature including humans

B:-Any living creature other than a human being

C:-Only domestic animals

D:-Only wild animals

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question4:-According to the Sanhita, a "child" means a person who is _____.

A:-Below 16 years

B:-Below 14 years

C:-Below 18 years

D:-Below 21 years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question5:-A person is said to act "dishonestly" when he does anything with the intention of causing _____.

A:-Harm to property only

B:-Wrongful gain to one person or wrongful loss to another

C:-Harm to reputation only

D:-Financial loss to the Government only

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question6:-In the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, the word "document" includes _____.

A:-Written documents only

B:-Printed papers only

C:-Electronic and digital records

D:-Oral statements

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question7:-The pronoun "he" used in the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita refers to _____.

A:-Male persons only

B:-Male and female only

C:-Male, female or transgender persons

D:-Government officials only

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question8:-"Good faith" under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita means

A:-Acting honestly

B:-Acting without negligence

C:-Acting or believing with due care and attention

D:-Acting with Government approval

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-"Injury" under the Sanhita means harm illegally caused to a person in _____

- A:-Body only
- B:-Body or property only
- C:-Body, mind, reputation or property
- D:-Property only

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question10:-Which of the following is included in the definition of "Public Servant"?

- A:-Municipal Commissioner
- B:-Arbitrator appointed by a court
- C:-Officer of the Government
- D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question11:-"Wrongful gain" means _____

- A:-Gain by lawful means
- B:-Gain by unlawful means of property to which the person is not legally entitled
- C:-Gain obtained by government order
- D:-Gain through inheritance

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question12:-The punishments provided under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita include _____

- A:-Death
- B:-Imprisonment for life
- C:-Fine and community service
- D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question13:-The appropriate Government may commute any punishment under the Sanhita _____

- A:-Only with the consent of the offender
- B:-Only with court permission
- C:-Without the consent of the offender
- D:-Only by Presidential order

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question14:-For the purpose of calculating fractions of punishment, imprisonment for life is equivalent to _____

- A:-10 years
- B:-14 years
- C:-20 years
- D:-25 years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question15:-When an offender is punishable with imprisonment of either description, the court may order imprisonment to be _____

- A:-Only rigorous
- B:-Only simple
- C:-Partly rigorous and partly simple
- D:-Either 1, 2 or 3

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question16:-When no sum is expressed to which a fine may extend, the fine is _____

- A:-Limited to Rs. 10,000
- B:-Limited to Rs. 50,000
- C:-Unlimited but shall not be excessive
- D:-Determined by the police

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question17:-In default of payment of fine, the imprisonment imposed shall not exceed _____

- A:-One-fourth of the maximum term of imprisonment fixed for the offence
- B:-Half of the maximum term

C:-One year in all cases
D:-Six months in all cases
Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question18:-Nothing is an offence which is done by a child under _____

A:-5 years
B:-7 years
C:-10 years
D:-12 years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question19:-Nothing is an offence which is done by a person who, at the time of doing it, by reason of unsoundness of mind is incapable of knowing the nature of the act. This provision is contained in _____

A:-Section 21
B:-Section 22
C:-Section 23
D:-Section 24

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question20:-The right of private defence of body extends to causing death of the assailant when there is reasonable apprehension of _____

A:-Theft below 5000 Rs.
B:-Simple hurt
C:-Death or grievous hurt
D:-Defamation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question21:-Which of the following is an essential element for the defence of accident under criminal law?

A:-The act must be done with criminal intention
B:-The act must be done in the course of an unlawful activity
C:-The act must be done without criminal intention while performing a lawful act in a lawful manner with proper care and caution
D:-The act must be done without any knowledge of the consequences

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question22:-Under the law relating to acts of children, when will the act of a child above seven and under twelve years of age not constitute an offence?

A:-When the act causes only minor harm
B:-When the child has not attained sufficient maturity of understanding to judge the nature and consequences of the act
C:-When the act is done during play
D:-When the act is done with the consent of the guardian

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question23:-In offences requiring a particular intent or knowledge, how is a person who commits the act in a state of intoxication generally treated?

A:-He is punished with a lesser punishment than usual
B:-He is completely exempt from criminal liability
C:-He is treated as incapable of forming intent
D:-He is treated as having the same knowledge as he would have had if he were not intoxicated

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question24:-Consent is not considered valid under criminal law in which of the following situations?

A:-When the consent is given under fear of injury or misconception of fact and the person doing the act knows it
B:-When the consent is given voluntarily
C:-When the consent is given in writing
D:-When the consent is given by a person who fully understands the consequences

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question25:-Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, mischief is committed when a person

A:-Causes destruction or change in property intending or knowing it is likely to cause wrongful loss or damage _____

- B:-Causes loss to the owner of the property
- C:-Destroys property belonging to another person
- D:-Commits damage only by unlawful force

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question26:-When mischief causes loss or damage of one lakh rupees or more, the punishment may extend to _____

- A:-Two years imprisonment
- B:-Three years imprisonment
- C:-Five years imprisonment
- D:-Seven years imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question27:-Mischief by killing, poisoning, maiming or rendering useless any animal is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to _____

- A:-Two years
- B:-Three years
- C:-Five years
- D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question28:-Mischief by destroying or moving any sign or signal used for navigation of rail, aircraft or ship may be punished with imprisonment which may extend to _____

- A:-Three years
- B:-Five years
- C:-Seven years
- D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question29:-Whoever commits mischief to any rail, aircraft or vessel intending to destroy or render it unsafe shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to _____

- A:-Five years
- B:-Seven years
- C:-Ten years
- D:-Life imprisonment only

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question30:-Entering property in possession of another with intent to commit an offence or to intimidate, insult or annoy the person in possession constitutes _____

- A:-Mischief
- B:-Criminal trespass
- C:-House-breaking
- D:-Extortion

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question31:-Criminal trespass committed in a building used as a human dwelling or place of worship is called _____

- A:-Lurking house-trespass
- B:-Criminal trespass
- C:-House-breaking
- D:-House-trespass

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question32:-Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking committed after sunset and before sunrise is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to _____

- A:-Two years
- B:-Three years
- C:-Five years
- D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question33:-Whoever dishonestly breaks open a closed receptacle containing property shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to _____

- A:-One year
- B:-Two years
- C:-Three years
- D:-Five years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question34:-A person is said to make a false document when he dishonestly or fraudulently makes or signs a document intending it to be believed that it was made by another person. This definition is contained in _____

- A:-Section 336
- B:-Section 338
- C:-Section 335
- D:-Section 337

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question35:-Whoever commits forgery intending that the forged document be used for the purpose of cheating shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to _____

- A:-Two years
- B:-Three years
- C:-Five years
- D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question36:-A man is said to commit rape when he penetrates his penis into the vagina, mouth, urethra or anus of a woman under circumstances such as against her will or without her consent. This definition is provided under _____

- A:-Section 62
- B:-Section 63
- C:-Section 64
- D:-Section 65

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question37:-The minimum punishment prescribed for the offence of rape (except aggravated circumstances) is _____

- A:-Seven years rigorous imprisonment
- B:-Ten years rigorous imprisonment
- C:-Fourteen years rigorous imprisonment
- D:-Twenty years rigorous imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question38:-The punishment for committing rape on a woman under sixteen years of age shall not be less than

- A:-Ten years imprisonment
- B:-Fourteen years imprisonment
- C:-Twenty years imprisonment
- D:-Life imprisonment only

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-If during the commission of rape the offender causes injury resulting in the death of the woman or persistent vegetative state, the punishment may extend to

- A:-Imprisonment up to twenty years only
- B:-Life imprisonment only
- C:-Imprisonment upto ten years
- D:-Life imprisonment or death

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question40:-Sexual intercourse by a husband with his wife during separation without her consent is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Three years
- B:-Five years
- C:-Seven years
- D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question41:-Sexual intercourse by a person in authority abusing his position, where such act does not amount to rape, is punishable with imprisonment which shall not be less than

- A:-Three years
- B:-Five years
- C:-Seven years
- D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question42:-Sexual intercourse obtained by deceitful means or false promise of marriage without intention of fulfilling it is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Five years
- B:-Seven years
- C:-Ten years
- D:-Life imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question43:-In cases of gang rape, the minimum punishment prescribed is

- A:-Ten years imprisonment
- B:-Fourteen years imprisonment
- C:-Twenty years imprisonment
- D:-Life imprisonment without fine

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question44:-Printing or publishing the identity of a victim of certain sexual offences without authorization is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-One year
- B:-Two years
- C:-Three years
- D:-Five years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question45:-Whoever assaults or uses criminal force to a woman intending to outrage her modesty shall be punished with imprisonment which shall not be less than

- A:-Six months
- B:-One year
- C:-Two years
- D:-Three years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question46:-Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, the offence of stalking on first conviction is punishable with

- A:-Imprisonment upto five years and fine
- B:-Imprisonment upto three years and fine
- C:-Imprisonment upto seven years and fine
- D:-Imprisonment upto one year only

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question47:-Whoever assaults or uses criminal force to a woman with intent to disrobe shall be punished with imprisonment which

- A:-Shall not be less than three years but may extend to seven years
- B:-Shall not be less than one year but may extend to three years
- C:-May extend to five years
- D:-May extend to ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question48:-Cruelty by husband or relative of husband is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Two years
- B:-Three years
- C:-Five years
- D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question49:-Whoever kidnaps or abducts a child under ten years of age with intent to steal movable property from the person of such child shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Five years
- B:-Seven years
- C:-Ten years
- D:-Fourteen years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question50:-Voyeurism on first conviction is punishable with imprisonment which shall not be less than

- A:-One year but may extend to three years
- B:-Three years but may extend to seven years
- C:-Two years but may extend of five years
- D:-Six months but may extend to two years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question51:-If a person commits bigamy while concealing the former marriage from the person with whom the subsequent marriage is contracted, the punishment may extend to

- A:-Seven years imprisonment
- B:-Five years imprisonment
- C:-Ten years imprisonment
- D:-Three years imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question52:-Dowry death under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is punishable with imprisonment

- A:-Not less than five years but which may extend to life imprisonment
- B:-Not less than seven years but which may extend to imprisonment for life
- C:-Which may extend to ten years only
- D:-Not less than three years but which may extend to ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question53:-Whoever takes or entices away a married woman with intent that she may have illicit intercourse with any person shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Two years or fine or both
- B:-Three years and fine
- C:-Five years and fine
- D:-Seven years and fine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question54:-Concealment of birth by secret disposal of the dead body of a child is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-One year
- B:-Two years
- C:-Five years
- D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question55:-Whoever induces a child to go from any place with intent that the child may be forced or seduced to illicit intercourse shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Seven years
- B:-Ten years
- C:-Fourteen years
- D:-Life imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question56:-Cohabitation caused by a man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Five years
- B:-Seven years
- C:-Ten years
- D:-Three years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question57:-Whoever hires, employs or engages a child to commit an offence shall be punished with imprisonment which shall not be less than

- A:-One year but may extend to seven years
- B:-Two years but may extend to ten years
- C:-Three years but may extend to ten years
- D:-Five years but may extend to fourteen years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question58:-Whoever voluntarily causes a woman with child to miscarry, if not done in good faith to save the life of the woman, shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Three years (or seven years if the woman is quick with child)
- B:-Five years (or eight years if the woman is quick with child)
- C:-Seven years (or ten years if the woman is quick with child)
- D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question59:-Whoever intending to insult the modesty of a woman utters words, makes gestures or intrudes upon her privacy shall be punished with simple imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-One year
- B:-Two years
- C:-Three years
- D:-Five years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question60:-Whoever sells, lets to hire or otherwise disposes of any child for prostitution or illicit intercourse shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Seven years
- B:-Ten years
- C:-Fourteen years
- D:-Life imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question61:-Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, culpable homicide is committed when a person causes death

- A:-By negligence
- B:-By rash driving only
- C:-By an act done with intention of causing death or with knowledge that the act is likely to cause death
- D:-Only when death is caused with premeditation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question62:-Which of the following is an essential ingredient of murder under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?

- A:-The act must always be pre-planned
- B:-The act must be done with intention of causing death or bodily injury sufficient in the ordinary course of nature to cause death
- C:-Death must occur immediately
- D:-The victim must suffer grievous hurt before death

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question63:-If a person intends to kill A but accidentally kills B, the offence is governed by which principle?

- A:-Mistake of fact
- B:-Transferred malice (liability same as if intended victim died)
- C:-Private defence
- D:-Grave provocation

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question64:-The punishment prescribed for murder under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is

- A:-Death or imprisonment for life and fine
- B:-Imprisonment upto ten years only
- C:-Imprisonment upto seven years
- D:-Fine only

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question65:-A person already under sentence of imprisonment for life who commits murder shall be punished with

A:-Imprisonment upto ten years

B:-Death or imprisonment for life for the remainder of natural life

C:-Imprisonment upto fourteen years

D:-Fine only

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question66:-Culpable homicide not amounting to murder, when done with intention to cause death, is punishable with

A:-Imprisonment upto three years

B:-Imprisonment upto five years

C:-Imprisonment for life or imprisonment not less than five years which may extend to ten years and fine

D:-Death penalty only

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question67:-Causing death by rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

A:-Two years

B:-Three years

C:-Five years

D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question68:-Whoever abets the suicide of a child or a person of unsound mind shall be punished with

A:-Imprisonment upto five years

B:-Death or imprisonment for life or imprisonment upto ten years and fine

C:-Imprisonment upto seven years only

D:-Fine only

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question69:-Abetment of suicide of a person (not being a child or person of unsound mind) is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

A:-Ten years and fine

B:-Five years and fine

C:-Seven years and fine

D:-Three years and fine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question70:-Which of the following is an essential ingredient of the offence of attempt to murder?

A:-Death must occur

B:-The act must be done with intention or knowledge that if death were caused it would amount to murder

C:-The victim must suffer grievous hurt

D:-The act must be pre-planned

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question71:-An act done with intention or knowledge which, if it caused death, would amount to culpable homicide not amounting to murder, constitutes

A:-Attempt to murder

B:-Attempt to commit culpable homicide

C:-Abetment of suicide

D:-Rash and negligent act

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question72:-Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, organised crime generally involves continuing unlawful activity committed

A:-By a single offender only

B:-By a public servant only

C:-By a person or group acting as a member of an organised crime syndicate for material benefit

D:-Only through cyber-crime

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question73:-Petty organised crime includes acts such as theft, snatching, cheating or similar criminal acts committed

- A:-By any single person
- B:-By a group or gang acting singly or jointly
- C:-Only by organised crime syndicates
- D:-Only by minors

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question74:-An act intended to threaten the unity, integrity, sovereignty or security of India and cause terror among people constitutes

- A:-Sedition
- B:-Organised crime
- C:-Petty organised crime
- D:-Terrorist act

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question75:-Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, a person is said to cause hurt when he causes

- A:-Only physical injury
- B:-Bodily pain, disease or infirmity to another person
- C:-Only grievous hurt
- D:-Mental shock alone

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question76:-Theft becomes snatching when the offender

- A:-Takes property secretly from a dwelling house
- B:-Dishonestly receives stolen property
- C:-Suddenly or forcibly seizes movable property from a person or his possession
- D:-Takes property belonging to Government

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question77:-Theft committed in a building used as a human dwelling or place of worship is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Three years
- B:-Five years
- C:-Seven years
- D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question78:-Theft committed by a clerk or servant of property in the possession of his master or employer is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Seven years
- B:-Five years
- C:-Ten years
- D:-Three years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question79:-Theft committed after preparation for causing death, hurt or restraint in order to commit theft or escape is punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Seven years
- B:-Ten years
- C:-Fourteen years
- D:-Life imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question80:-Which of the following is an essential ingredient of extortion?

- A:-Taking property secretly without consent
- B:-Causing wrongful loss without deception
- C:-Putting a person in fear of injury and dishonestly inducing delivery of property
- D:-Using criminal force to obtain property

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question81:-Theft becomes robbery when the offender

A:-Takes property from a public place

B:-Causes or attempts to cause death, hurt or wrongful restraint in committing theft

C:-Commits theft repeatedly

D:-Commits theft with five or more persons

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-When five or more persons conjointly commit or attempt to commit robbery, the offence is called

A:-Robbery

B:-Gang Robbery

C:-Dacoity

D:-Organised crime

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-If at the time of committing robbery or dacoity the offender uses a deadly weapon or causes grievous hurt, the minimum punishment shall be

A:-Three years imprisonment

B:-Five years imprisonment

C:-Seven years imprisonment

D:-Ten years imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question84:-Attempt to commit robbery or dacoity while armed with a deadly weapon carries a minimum punishment of

A:-Seven years imprisonment

B:-Five years imprisonment

C:-Three years imprisonment

D:-Ten years imprisonment

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question85:-A person belonging to a gang habitually committing theft or robbery (not being a gang of dacoits) shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

A:-Five years

B:-Seven years

C:-Ten years

D:-Three years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question86:-Which of the following constitutes criminal misappropriation of property?

A:-Dishonestly converting movable property to one's own use

B:-Taking property by force

C:-Receiving stolen property knowingly

D:-Taking property with consent

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question87:-Dishonest misappropriation of property possessed by a deceased person at the time of death is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

A:-Two years

B:-Three years

C:-Five years

D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question88:-Which of the following is an essential element of criminal breach of trust?

A:-Taking property without consent

B:-Entrustment of property and dishonest misappropriation or use in violation of trust

C:-Causing wrongful loss to Government property

D:-Taking property by force

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question89:-A person who dishonestly receives or retains stolen property knowing it to be stolen shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

A:-Three years

- B:-Five years
- C:-Seven years
- D:-Ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question90:-Which of the following constitutes the offence of negligently suffering escape from confinement by a public servant?

- A:-A public servant intentionally releases a prisoner
- B:-A public servant legally bound to keep a person in confinement negligently allows that person to escape
- C:-A police officer refuses to arrest a suspect
- D:-A person escapes from prison without assistance

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question91:-Which of the following is an ingredient of the offence of resistance to lawful apprehension of oneself?

- A:-Intentionally resisting or obstructing one's lawful arrest or escaping from lawful custody
- B:-Refusing to answer questions during investigation
- C:-Filing an appeal against conviction
- D:-Refusing to sign a confession

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question92:-If a person rescues another person from custody when that person is under sentence of death, the punishment may extend to

- A:-Two years imprisonment
- B:-Three years imprisonment
- C:-Seven years imprisonment
- D:-Life imprisonment or imprisonment upto ten years

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question93:-If a public servant intentionally omits to apprehend a person whom he is legally bound to apprehend, he shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-One year
- B:-Three years
- C:-Five years
- D:-Seven years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question94:-In cases not otherwise provided, resistance or obstruction to lawful apprehension or escape from lawful custody is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Six months
- B:-One year
- C:-Two years
- D:-Three years

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question95:-A person who violates the condition of remission of punishment knowingly shall

- A:-Be fined only
- B:-Be punished with half of the original punishment
- C:-Be liable to undergo the remaining or original punishment
- D:-Be punished with imprisonment upto one year

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question96:-Which of the following acts amounts to intentional insult or interruption to a public servant sitting in a judicial proceeding?

- A:-Filing a complaint against the judge
- B:-Insulting a judge while he is conducting court proceedings
- C:-Criticising a judgment outside the court
- D:-Refusing to stand in court

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question97:-Failure of a person released on bail bond to appear before the Court without sufficient cause is punishable with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Six months
- B:-One year
- C:-Two years
- D:-Three years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question98:-Which of the following is an essential element of public nuisance?

- A:-An act causing common injury, danger or annoyance to the public or people is general
- B:-A private dispute between two persons
- C:-Breach of a contract
- D:-Disobedience of a court order

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question99:-Whoever malignantly does any act likely to spread infection of a disease dangerous to life shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to

- A:-Six months
- B:-One year
- C:-Two years
- D:-Five years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question100:-Which of the following constitutes the offence of sale of noxious food or drink?

- A:-Selling food without licence
- B:-Selling food knowing it to be noxious or unfit for consumption
- C:-Selling food after expiry date accidentally
- D:-Selling food at high price

Correct Answer:- Option-B