

FINAL ANSWER KEY

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Question1:-Posner and Raichle (1994) argued that _____ involve automatic, reflexive processing that takes place even when the perceiver is passively regarding the information

A:-Top-down processes

B:-Template matching

C:-Bottom-up processes

D:-Theory-driven processing

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question2:-Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.

Assertion (A): Change blindness illustrates the top-down nature of perception quite compellingly.

Reason (R):

When different views of an object or scene is given, participants would experience an inability to detect changes to an object or scene.

Codes:

A:-Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

B:-Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

C:- (A) is true, but (R) is false.

D:- (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question3:-According to J Gibson (1979), perception consists of the direct acquisition of information from the environment which is known as _____.

A:-Perceptual invariance

B:-Constructivist approach to perception

C:-Pandemonium model of perception

D:-Direct perception

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question4:-The apparent distance hypothesis provides a good explanation of the

A:-Moon illusion

B:-Horizontal-vertical illusion

C:-Zulu illusion

D:-Effects of inattention blindness

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question5:-The lowest level of stimulation that a person can consciously detect 50 percent of the time the stimulation is present is called

A:-Absolute threshold

B:-Just noticeable difference

C:-Sensation

D:-Sensory adaptation

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question6:-Which of the following best explains afterimages?

A:-Trichromatic theory

B:-Opponent-process theory

C:-Color-deficient vision

D:-Monochrome color blindness

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question7:-In gate-control theory, substance P

A:-Opens the spinal gates for pain

B:-Closes the spinal gates for pain

C:-Is unrelated to pain

D:-Is similar in function to endorphins

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question8:-In the connectionist models, the information is stored as,

A:-Single symbolic units

B:-Hierarchical categories

C:-Distributed patterns across networks

D:-Fixed schemas

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-The Working Memory Model includes;

A:-Schema and assimilation

B:-Central executive and subsystems

C:-Id, ego, superego

D:-Conditioning

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question10:-The main focus of the Levels of Processing model of memory is;

A:-Memory stages

B:-Depth of processing

C:-Conditioning

D:-Reinforcement

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question11:-Functional fixedness, refers to:

A:-flexible thinking

B:-Inability to use objects in new ways

C:-Emotional bias

D:-Memory failure

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question12:-According to Noam Chomsky, language acquisition is due to:

A:-Conditioning

B:-Imitation

C:-Innate mechanisms

D:-Trial and error

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question13:-Which neurotransmitter is most critically involved in synaptic plasticity and Long Term Potentiation?

A:-Dopamine

B:-Serotonin

C:-Glutamate

D:-GABA

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question14:-A patient remembers past events but cannot form new memories. This condition is ;

A:-Retrograde amnesia

B:-Anterograde amnesia

C:-Dissociative amnesia

D:-Procedural amnesia

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question15:-The theory of creativity explains that the confluence of multiple factors distinguishes high creativity from modest creativity, rather than the possession of a distinctive trait or extremely high levels of any particular factor.

A:-Evolutionary Theorist

B:-Torrance's theory of creativity

C:-investment theory of creativity

D:-Neuroscience explanations

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question16:-

Assertion (A):

Golman (1915) "the abilities called here emotional intelligence which include self-control, zeal and persistence. and the ability to motivate oneself "

Reason (R):

major areas of skills are knowing one's emotions, managing emotions, motivating oneself, recognising emotions in others, and handling relationships.

A:-Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

B:-Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

C:-(A) is true, but (R) is false.

D:-(A) is false, but (R) is true

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question17:-The ratio of mental and chronological age of children considered for intelligence by

A:-Alfred Binet

B:-Binet-Simon

C:-Binet-Terman

D:-William Stern

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question18:-Gardner's multiple intelligences consist of:

(i) Linguistic, Logical-Mathematical, spatial, Musical

(ii) Naturalist, Bodily-Kinaesthetic, Interpersonal, Intrapersonal

(iii) Analytic, creative, practical, verbal

(iv) Meta component, Performance component, Knowledge-acquisition component

A:-Only (i)

B:-Only (i and ii)

C:-Only (iii and iv)

D:-All the above (i, ii, iii and iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question19:-Which of the following statements are correct regarding the Spearman concept of general intelligence and LL Thurston's primary mental abilities

(i) PMA support Spearman's g- factor

(ii) The PMA and g-factor observations paved the development of the CHC model

(iii) The positive correlation between PMA demonstrated the presence of the g-factor

(iv) Thurston used multiple factor analysis with 56 tests and derived the primary mental abilities.

A:-All the above (i, ii, iii and iv)

B:-Only (i, ii and iii)

C:-Only (ii and iii)

D:-Only (i)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question20:-Which among the following has been explaining the modularisation of brain activity and neuropsychological functions as its central theme?

(i) Planning, Attention-arousal, simultaneous and successive process

(ii) Greater brain size may cause greater intelligence, greater intelligence may cause greater brain size, or both may be dependent on some third factor

(iii) Multiple intelligence theories believe that the brain has separate portions of the brain responsible for each of the intelligences.

(iv) Neural conduction velocity explains intelligence

A:-All the above (i, ii, iii and iv)

B:-Only (i, ii and iii)

C:-Only (ii and iii)

D:-Only (i)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question21:-Which of the following statements is/are correct with respect to Cattell Horn Carroll model of intelligence?

- (i) Crystallised and fluid intelligence
- (ii) 16 broad and 80 narrow abilities
- (iii) Psycho educational, achievement, and neuropsychological interpretation.
- (iv) Practical-mechanical and verbal-educational abilities

A:-All the above (i, ii, iii and iv)

B:-Only (i, ii and iii)

C:-Only (i and ii)

D:-Only (ii and iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question22:- In the study of non-associative learning, what is the term for a progressive decrease in the strength of a response to a stimulus that is presented repeatedly?

A:-Habituation

B:-Sensitization

C:-Generalization

D:-Extinction

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question23:-Which of the following best described the concept of "Stimulus Control" in operant conditioning?

A:-The organism learns to ignore a stimulus after repeated non-reinforced exposures.

B:-The researcher exerts physical control over the environment to prevent a behavior.

C:-A behavior occurs more frequently in the presence of a specific discriminative stimulus.

D:-The organism responds to all stimuli that bear any physical resemblance to the original

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question24:-According to the Opponent Process Theory of emotion, what happens to the secondary, corrective response (State B) after repeated exposure to an emotional stimulus?

A:-It remains constant in its intensity and timing.

B:-It disappears entirely, leaving only the primary response.

C:-It becomes faster to initiate and stronger in its intensity.

D:-It weakens, allowing the primary response to dominate for longer.

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question25:-

Assertion (A) : In Pavlov's classical-conditioning framework, the conditioned stimulus (CS) functions as a surrogate for the unconditioned stimulus (US).

Reason (R) : Pavlov adopted an S—S (stimulus-stimulus) view in which the CS acquires the capacity to elicit a response because it consistently signals the occurrence of the US.

A:-Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

B:-Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

C:- (A) is true but (R) is false.

D:- (A) is false but (R) is true.

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question26:-In the context of Insight Learning as described by Wolfgang Köhler, which characteristic distinguishes it from Thorndike's "Trial and Error" learning?

- A:-The solution is reached through a gradual incremental reduction in errors.
- B:-The solution involves a sudden cognitive restructuring of the perceptual field.
- C:-Reinforcement must be applied immediately following each correct motor response.
- D:-It is highly specific to a single task and cannot be transferred to similar problems

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question27:-

Assertion (A) : Tolman's purposive behaviourism is considered a decisive challenge to strict S-R or reflex-based behaviourism.

Reason (R) :

Tolman proposed that organisms form internal cognitive maps and respond on the basis of expectancies, so learning can occur without immediate reinforcement, as demonstrated by latent-learning and place-learning experiments in mazes.

- A:-Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- B:-Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- C:- (A) is true but (R) is false.
- D:- (A) is false but (R) is true.

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question28:-Seligman's theory of Learned Helplessness suggests that after repeated exposure to inescapable stressors, an organism develops a deficit in which domain?

- A:-The ability to perceive the unconditioned stimulus.
- B:-Short-term memory capacity for spatial locations.
- C:-Sensory sensitivity to aversive stimulation.
- D:-The motivation to initiate responses to escape the trauma.

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question29:-A person who engages in studying out of his interest in doing it demonstrates

- A:-Extrinsic motivation
- B:-Social motivation
- C:-Drive reduction
- D:-Intrinsic motivation

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question30:-The need for achievement, according to David McClelland's theory is characterized by

- A:-Seeking moderate challenges
- B:-Avoiding responsibility
- C:-Preference for easy tasks
- D:-Avoiding feedback

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question31:-The concept of 'cognitive map' was introduced by

- A:-Clark L. Hull
- B:-Edward C. Tolman
- C:-Jean Piaget
- D:-Kenneth Spence

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question32:-Which theory of emotion best explains emotional experience as a combination of arousal and cognitive labelling?

A:-Cannon-Bard theory

B:-Schachter-Singer theory

C:-James-Lange theory

D:-Cognitive appraisal theory

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question33:-

Assertion : Individuals with internal locus of control feel responsible for their life's outcomes.

Reasoning : They believe that outcomes depend on external factors like luck.

A:-Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) explains (A)

B:-Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) does not explain (A)

C:- (A) is true, (R) is false

D:- (A) is false, (R) is true

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question34:-

Assertion : Moderate level of arousal/anxiety can improve performance before an examination.

Reasoning : Very low arousal can result in lack of motivation and reduced attention.

A:-Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) explains (A)

B:-Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) does not explain (A)

C:- (A) is true, (R) is false

D:- (A) is false, (R) is true

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question35:-A person listens to music while studying because complete silence makes them feel bored and distracted. This behaviour is best explained by

A:-Drive-Reduction theory

B:-Hierarchy of needs theory

C:-Arousal theory

D:-instinct theory

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question36:-Match the research method with its primary characteristic:

List I (Method) List II (Characteristic)

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. Case Study | 1. Study of cultural patterns |
| B. Ethnography | 2. Focus on lived experience |
| C. Historical Research | 3. In-depth analysis of a single unit |
| D. Phenomenology | 4. Analysis of past events |

A:-A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4

B:-A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1

C:-A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4

D:-A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question37:-Which statement best explains the purpose of 'Reliability' in psychometry?

A:-It ensures the test is easy to understand for the student.

B:-It provides evidence that the test measures the intended construct.

C:-It guarantees that the test is free from cultural bias.

D:-It Indicates the consistency and stability of test scores across time or forms.

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question38:-Identify the correct statement(s) regarding 'Scales of Measurement :

I. Nominal scales allow for the calculation of the mean.

II. Ordinal scales provide information about the magnitude of difference.

III. Interval scales possess an arbitrary zero point.

IV. Ratio scales permit the use of all statistical operations.

A:-I and II

B:-II and III

C:-III and IV

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-Choose the INCORRECT statement concerning 'Experimental Designs':

A:-Factorial designs allow for the study of two or more independent variables simultaneously.

B:-Between-group designs require different participants for each condition.

C:-Quasi-experimental designs offer the same level of internal validity as true experiments.

D:-Within-group designs control for individual differences by using the same subjects.

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question40:-When selecting a sampler, what is the primary advantage of 'Stratified Random Sampling' over 'Simple Random Sampling'?

A:-It is less time-consuming to execute.

B:-It ensures that specific subgroups are proportionally represented.

C:-It eliminates all forms of sampling bias.

D:-It requires a smaller sample size to achieve the same results

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question41:-A researcher observes that scores on a new test of emotional intelligence correlate .70 with a test of general intelligence, but only .30 with a measure of peer-rated emotional regulation. This result is most problematic for which type of validity?

A:-Construct validity, specifically divergent validity.

B:-Content validity, because the items are ambiguous.

C:-Face validity, because the test looks like an IQ test.

D:-Criterion validity, because the predictive power is low.

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question42:-Regarding 'Analysis of Variance' (ANOVA), which statement is correct?

A:-It is used to compare the means of two groups only.

B:-It tests the null hypothesis that all group population means are equal.

C:-It partitions the total variance into error variance and within-group variance.

D:-It is a non-parametric test used for ordinal data.

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question43:-Match the following :

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| (i) The study of the statistical differences among large groups of subjects | (a) Projective test |
| (ii) A detailed history of an individual that contains data from a variety of sources | (b) Reliability |
| (iii) A personality assessment device in which subjects are presumed to project personal needs, fears and values onto their interpretation or descriptive of an ambiguous stimulus | (c) Nomothetic research |
| (iv) The consistency of response to a psychological assessment device | (d) Case study |

Choose the correct response :

A:-(i)-(d), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(c)

B:-(i)-(b), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(d), (iv)-(c)

C:-(i)-(c), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(a), (iv)-(b)

D:-(i)-(c), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(d)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question44:-Match the following :

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| (i) Altering or displacing id impulses by diverting instinctual energy into socially acceptable behaviour | (a) Projection |
| (ii) Attributing a disturbing impulse to someone else | (b) Rationalization |
| (iii) Reinterpreting behaviour to make it more acceptable and less threatening | (c) Sublimation |
| (iv) Expressing an id impulse that is the opposite of the one truly driving the person | (d) Reaction formation |

Choose the correct response :

A:-(i)-(c), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(d)

B:-(i)-(c), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(d), (iv)-(b)

C:-(i)-(a), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(d)

D:-(i)-(a), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(c), (iv)-(b)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question45:-Famine aspect of the male psyche; masculine aspect of the female psyche is _____

A:-Persona archetype

B:-self archetype

C:-Anima archetype

D:-Shadow archetype

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question46:-Early recollections are "the most satisfactory single indicators of lifestyle". This view is associated with _____

A:-Freud

B:-Adler

C:-Kelley

D:-Victor Frankl

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question47:-Concept of Bask anxiety and neurotic needs are associated with _____

A:-Freud

B:-Eysenck

C:-Erikson

D:-Horney

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question48:-The influence of the environment and past events on the current activation of a need is _____

A:-Theme

B:-Press

C:-Complex

D:-Subsidiation

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question49:-Match the following :

- | | |
|---|--------------|
| (i) "Psychic" component of the mind (citta) | (a) Purusa |
| (ii) Pure consciousness, principle behind consciousness manifesting in the person | (b) Prakri |
| (iii) Material basis of the universe; primordial matrix of matter | (c) Ahamkare |
| (iv) Ego, the empirical self | (d) Buddhi |

Choose the correct response :

A:-(i)-(d), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(c)

B:-(i)-(c), (ii)-(b), (iii)-(a), (iv)-(d)

C:-(i)-(d), (ii)-(b), (iii)-(c), (iv)-(a)

D:-(i)-(a), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(c)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question50:-According to Kelley's Attribution Theory, which pattern of covariation information most decisively supports an internal attribution?

A:-High consensus, high distinctiveness, high consistency

B:-Low consensus, high distinctiveness, high consistency

C:-Low consensus, low distinctiveness, high consistency

D:-Low consensus, low distinctiveness, low consistency

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question51:-The degree to which individuals evaluate themselves positively or negatively, reflecting their overall attitude toward the self, and measurable through both conscious reports and indirect methods is best defined as

A:-Self-efficacy

B:-Self-esteem

C:-Self-schema

D:-Self-regulation

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question52:-To examine how individuals form impressions, participants were presented with trait lists describing a stranger. Two groups received identical lists except for one trait

Group 1 : Intelligent, skillful, *warm*, determined, practical, cautious

Group 2 : Intelligent, skillful, *cold*, determined, practical, cautious

Participants formed markedly different impressions of the target person. Which conclusion is most consistent with Solomon Asch's research findings?

A:-Impression formation is a simple additive process where each trait contributes equally

B:-Certain traits act as central traits that reorganize the meaning of other characteristics

C:-Neither central traits nor peripheral traits influence impression formation.

D:-Peripheral traits dominate impression formation under ambiguity

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question53:-Which statement correctly distinguishes stereotype, prejudice, and discrimination?

A:-Stereotype refers to behaviour, prejudice to beliefs, and discrimination to emotions

B:-Stereotype refers to beliefs, prejudice to feelings, and discrimination to actions

C:-Stereotype refers to feelings, prejudice to actions, and discrimination to beliefs

D:-Stereotype, prejudice, and discrimination all refer to the same process

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question54:-Which of the following is not helpful in reducing prejudice?

A:-Intergroup contact under conditions of equal status and shared goals

B:-Encouraging cooperation to achieve superordinate goals

C:-Reinforcing rigid in-group versus out-group distinctions

D:-Promoting empathy and perspective taking toward out-group members

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question55:-An internal state that arises when individuals perceive inconsistency between two or more attitudes, or between their attitudes and their behaviour, is best described as:

A:-Cognitive fusion

B:-Cognitive appraisal

C:-Cognitive restructuring

D:-Cognitive dissonance

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question56:-In the context of Stanley Milgram studies on destructive obedience, which of the following conditions are least likely to increase obedience to authority?

I. People in authority assume responsibility for outcomes

II. Presence of visible signs of authority and power

III. Increased opportunity for reflection and systematic thought

IV. Rapid pace of events limiting time for critical evaluation

A:-Only I

B:-Only III

C:-Only II and IV

D:-Only I and II

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question57:-A patient insists that television anchors are sending them personal messages. This symptom is most accurately classified as:

A:-Persecutory delusion

B:-Grandiose delusion

C:-Nihilistic delusion

D:-Referential delusion

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question58:-During MSE, a patient gives excessive, unnecessary detail but eventually reaches the point. This is termed:

A:-Tangentiality

B:-Circumstantiality

C:-Perseveration

D:-Thought blocking

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question59:-Which symptom is considered a negative symptom of schizophrenia?

A:-Hallucinations

B:-Delusions

C:-Disorganised speech

D:-Avolition

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question60:-A person assigned male at birth persistently identifies as female and seeks gender-affirming treatment but reports no distress. What is the most accurate clinical interpretation?

A:-Gender Dysphoria

B:-Transvestic Disorder

C:-No mental disorder diagnosis

D:-Delusional Disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question61:-A patient develops tremors, sweating, and agitation after stopping alcohol use. This is best described as:

A:-Alcohol withdrawal

B:-Alcohol intoxication

C:-Alcohol use disorder

D:-Delirium tremens

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question62:-A patient has severe anterograde amnesia but intact procedural memory after chronic alcohol use. Which condition is most consistent?

A:-Delirium Tremens

B:-Korsakoff Syndrome

C:-Alzheimer's Disease

D:-Dissociative Amnesia

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question63:-In retrograde amnesia which type of memory is typically least affected?

- A:-Episodic memory
- B:-Semantic memory
- C:-Procedural memory
- D:-Autobiographical memory

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question64:-Training on protection against sexual harassment is primarily intended to:

- A:-Improve productivity
- B:-Ensure legal compliance and safe workplace environment
- C:-Enhance leadership skills
- D:-Promote organizational profits

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question65:-The use of DNA fingerprinting in forensic psychology primarily aids in:

- A:-Personality assessment
- B:-Establishing biological identity with high precision
- C:-Detecting lies
- D:-Predicting criminal behavior

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question66:-Decisive Discipline primarily focuses on:

- A:-Student autonomy without rules
- B:-Eliminating teacher authority
- C:-Emotional expression only
- D:-Clear rules and consistent consequences

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question67:-Crisis intervention is most appropriate when:

- A:-A person seeks long-term personality change
- B:-A person wants career guidance
- C:-An individual is in an acute psychological emergency
- D:-Symptoms are mild and stable

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question68:-Systematic desensitization is based on the principle of:

- A:-Punishment
- B:-Insight development
- C:-Cognitive restructuring
- D:-Classical conditioning and counter conditioning

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question69:-In grief counselling, a client oscillates between denial and anger over a prolonged period. According to stage-based models, this pattern suggests:

A:-Non-linear and individualised grieving process

B:-Linear progression failure

C:-Pathological grief only

D:- Absence of coping

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question70:-Which coping strategy is most effective in uncontrollable stress situations (e.g., terminal illness)?

A:-Problem-focused coping

B:-Emotion-focused coping

C:-Avoidance coping

D:-Aggressive coping

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question71:-Read the following statements regarding the objectives of teaching at the reflective level:

I. It implies active, self-regulated, and critical thinking on the part of the students.

II. The teacher's role is highly dominant and authoritarian.

III. Problem-solving and independent inquiry are key components of this level.

IV. It focuses on recalling foundational factual information.

Which of the statements given above are correct about the objectives of teaching at the reflective level?

A:-I and II only

B:-I and III only

C:-II and IV only

D:-I, III and IV

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question72:-An educator selects the 'Heuristic Method' of teaching, he/she primarily expects the learners to:

I. Passively receive step-by-step instructions for better understanding.

II. Act as discoverers and independent problem solvers.

III. Learn primarily through lecture, dictation, and repetition.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

A:-I only

B:-II only

C:-I and III only

D:-II and III only

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question73:-Under the DIKSHA initiative by the Ministry of Education, teaching aids are primarily provided in which format to support blended learning?

A:-Physical laboratory equipment delivered directly to secondary schools.

B:-Standardized nationwide printed summative assessments.

C:-Content, interactive quizzes, and energized textbooks featuring QR codes.

D:-Exclusive satellite television broadcasting for higher education.

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question74:-As per the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, the proposed shift in the evaluation system aims to move away from high-stakes rote learning towards:

- I. Competency-based assessment.
- II. Summative - only standardized board exams across all grades.
- III. A 360-degree multidimensional holistic report card.
- IV. Establishing PARAKH as a standard-setting body for student's holistic assessment.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- A:-I and II only
- B:-I, III and IV only
- C:-II, III and IV only
- D:-I, II, III and IV

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question75:-Which of the following are widely recognized characteristics of adult learners (Andragogy) as opposed to young learners (Pedagogy)?

- I. They are generally self-directed and autonomous in their learning.
- II. They rely entirely on the instructor to dictate their learning goals and schedules.
- III. They bring a rich reservoir of prior life experience that serves as a resource for learning.
- IV. They are exclusively motivated by external rewards rather than internal drivers.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- A:-I and III only
- B:-I and II only
- C:-III and IV only
- D:-I, III, and IV

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question76:-Read the following statements regarding 'Action Research':

- I. It aims to solve an immediate, localized problem.
- II. Its findings are intended to be universally generalizable to all populations.
- III. It typically follows a cyclic process of Plan, Act, Observe, and Reflect.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- A:-I and II only
- B:-I and III only
- C:-II and III only
- D:-I, II, and III

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question77:-Arrange the steps of the research process in the correct logical sequence:

- 1. Formulating the Hypothesis
- 2. Defining the Research Problem
- 3. Data Collection and Analysis
- 4. Developing the Research Design

Correct Sequence:

- A:-2, 1, 4, 3
- B:-2, 4, 1, 3
- C:-1, 2, 4, 3

D:-2, 1, 3, 4

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question78:-An academic event where educators gather in small groups for an interactive, hands-on session to actively develop specific tools-such as creating thematic lesson plans or designing early numeracy worksheets - is best described as a

A:-Symposium

B:-Conference

C:-Workshop

D:-Seminar

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question79:-According to the University Grants Commission (UGC) guidelines on academic integrity, the ethical violation of 'Falsification' in research refers to:

A:-Appropriating another person's ideas, processes, or words without giving appropriate credit

B:-Making up fictitious data or results and recording or reporting them

C:-Manipulating research materials, equipment, or changing/omitting data such that the research is not accurately represented

D:-Submitting the exact same research paper to two different academic journals simultaneously

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question80:-Which of the following statements correctly differentiates a 'Reference list' from a 'Bibliography' in thesis writing?

- I. A reference list includes only the sources that have been explicitly cited within the text of the thesis.
- II. A bibliography includes all background literature and materials consulted during the research, even if not directly cited in the text.
- III. Both terms represent the exact same concept and can be used interchangeably in APA formatting.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

A:-I only

B:-II only

C:-I and II only

D:-III only

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question81:-Which of the following statements about the Chief Information Commissioner are correct?

- i. Appointed by the President of India on the recommendation of Union Cabinet
- ii. Shall not be a Member of Parliament or State Legislature
- iii. Hold office for 6 years
- iv. Shall not be eligible for reappointment after retirement

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (ii & iv)

C:-Only (i & iv)

D:-All of the above (i, ii, iii & iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-Which of the following are correct regarding The National Biodiversity Authority?

- i. A statutory body established in 2003
- ii. Chairperson is appointed by the President of India
- iii. Headquarters located in Chennai

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (ii & iv)

C:-Only (i & iv)

D:-All of the above (i, ii & iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question83:-Which of the following employment generation schemes are under the Ministry of Labour and Employment?

- i. Atmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana
- ii. Pradhan Mantri Rojgar Protesahan Yojana
- iii. Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Rojgar Abhiyan
- iv. National Career Service Project

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (ii, iii & iv)

C:-Only (i, ii & iv)

D:-All of the above (i, ii, iii & iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question84:-Who among the following are the members of the National Human Rights Commission?

- i. Chairperson of the National Commission for Backward Classes
- ii. Chairperson of the National Commission for Minorities
- iii. Chairperson of the National Commission for Women

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (ii & iii)

C:-Only (i & ii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii & iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question85:-Regarding the Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court which of the following statements are correct?

- i. Under Article 143 of the Constitution
- ii. Only on any question of law or fact which has arisen
- iii. The opinion is not binding on the President

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (i & ii)

C:-Only (ii & iii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii & iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question86:-The Preamble of the Constitution of India states that "we the people of India, having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a _____

- i. Sovereign, socialist, secular, democratic republic
- ii. Justice; social, economic and political
- iii. Liberty of thought, expression, faith, belief and worship

Which of the above statements are correct according to their sequence as per the Constitution?

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (ii & iii)

C:-Only (i & ii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii & iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question87:-Which of the following conditions have to be fulfilled while making amendment to Article 54 of the Indian Constitution?

- i. A bill for the purpose must be passed in each house of Parliament by a majority of total membership of that house.
- ii. By a majority of not less than two-third of the members of each -house present and voting.
- iii. The bill should be ratified by the legislatures of not less than one-half of the states.

A:-Only (i & ii)

B:-Only (ii & iii)

C:-only (i & iii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii & iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question88:-Which of the following statements are correct regarding the money bill

- i. The Speaker decides whether a bill is money bill or not
- ii. Introduced only in the House of People
- iii. The bill after passing in the house of people is sent to the council of states for recommendation
- iv. The council of states has to return the bill within three weeks from its receipt to the other house.

A:-Only (i & ii)

B:-Only (i, ii & iii)

C:-Only (ii & iii)

D:-All of the above (i, ii, iii & iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question89:-Which among the following are the taxes levied and collected by the Union but assigned to states?

- i. Stamp duties
- ii. Taxes on railway fares and freights
- iii. Taxes on the sale or purchase of goods in the course of inter-state trade or commerce
- iv. Taxes on mineral rights.

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (ii & iv)

C:-Only (ii & iii)

D:-Only (i & iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question90:-Which of the following statements are true regarding the office of the Vice-President of India?

- i. ex-officio chairman of Rajya Sabha
- ii. Elected by an electoral college consisting of the elected members of both houses of Parliament
- iii. Should not be a member of Parliament or any state legislatures.
- iv. Elected for a term of six years

A:-Only (i & iii)

B:-Only (i & iv)

C:-Only (iii & iv)

D:-All of the above (i, ii, iii & iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question91:-Where and when did T.K. Madhavan meet Mahatma Gandhi?

A:-1920, Trivandrum

B:-1919, Cochin

C:-1921, Tirunelveli

D:-1918, Quilon

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question92:-Who is the first London missionary society's missionary to India?

A:-Nathanael forsyth

B:-Joseph Fenn

C:-Henry Baker

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question93:-When did the society for the propagation of Gospel form?

A:-1601

B:-1702

C:-1701

D:-1711

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question94:-'I would ask you to drop temple-entry now and begin with public wells'. Who said to whom?

A:-Gandhiji to Gokhale

B:-Gandhiji to T.K. Madhavan

C:-Swami Vivekananda to Dr. Palpu

D:-Nehru to K. Kelappan

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question95:-William Logan is associated with

A:-Travancore manual

B:-Madras manual

C:-Malabar manual

D:-Cochin manual

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question96:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about Akkitham Achuthan Namboothiri?

i Akkitham wrote Idinju Polinja Lokam

ii. Akkitham is the author of Bashpanjali

iii. Akkitham is the recipient of Jnanapith award

A:-Only i

B:-only i & iii

C:-only iii

D:-only ii & iii

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question97:-Who is the author of 'Ithu Bhoomiyanu'?

A:-Vaikom Muhammad Basheer

B:-M.T. Vasudevan Nair

C:-Thoppil Bhasi

D:-K.T. Muhammed

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question98:-Who was blinded during the Vaikom Sathyagraha?

A:-Raman Ilayat

B:-Chittedathu Sanku Pillai

C:-K.P. Kesava Menon

D:-Swami Shradhanandan

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question99:-Who is the author of 'Ethiru'?

A:-P. Kesavdev

B:-Thakazhi

C:-E.M.S. Namboothirippad

D:-M. Kunjaman

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question100:-Who delivered the Muthukulam speech of 1947?

A:-Mannathu Padmanabhan

B:-C.P. Ramaswami Iyer

C:-C. Kesavan

D:-Sri Chithira Thirunal

Correct Answer:- Option-A