

## FINAL ANSWER KEY

Question Paper Code:	37/2026/OL
Category Code:	176/2025
Exam:	Professor in Homoeopathic Pharmacy
Date of Test	26-02-2026
Department	Govt Homoeopathic Medical Colleges

### Question1:-

"This remarkable change in the qualities of natural bodies develops the latent , hitherto unperceived, as if slumbering hidden, dynamic powers which influence the life principle, change the well-being of animal life. This is effected by mechanical action upon their smallest particles by means of rubbing and shaking and through the addition of an indifferent substance, dry of fluid, are separated from each other. This process is called dynamizing, potentizing (development of medicinal power) and the products are dynamizations or potencies in different degrees." mentioned in :

A:-

Aphorism 267, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

B:-

Aphorism 268, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

C:-

Aphorism 269, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

D:-

Aphorism 270, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

Correct Answer:- Option-C

### Question2:-

The application of 'Similia Similibus' in treatment, highlighting the use of one pain to alleviate another was discussed in the medical text 'Demorbis Popularis' written by :

A:-

Aristotle

B:-

Paracelsus

C:-

Hippocrates

D:-

Hahnemann

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question3:-

The term 'Spagyria' in the book 'Liber Paragranum' was coined by :

A:-

Valerius Cordus

B:-

Paracelsus

C:-

Herophilos

D:-

Hippocrates

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question4:-

The 'Canon of Medicine' a comprehensive medical encyclopedia was authored by :

A:-

Abu Mansur

B:-

Hippocrates

C:-

Ibn al-Khammar

D:-

Avicenna

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question5:-

The degree of strength developed through potentization was directly proportional to the number of strokes given and every ten strokes given would increase the dynamic strength of medicine by one degree advocated by :

A:-

Fincke

B:-

Jenichen

C:-

Carrol Dunham

D:-

Samuel Swan

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question6:-

Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of India (HPI) is included in which schedule of Drug and Cosmetic Act 1940 ?

A:-

Third schedule

B:-

First schedule

C:-

Second schedule

D:-

Fourth schedule

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question7:-

Number of Monographs present in the Vol XI of HPI are :

A:-

60

B:-

62

C:-

59

D:-

68

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question8:-

Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Codex published in 2002 contains \_\_\_\_\_ drugs.

A:-

105

B:-

101

C:-

107

D:-

108

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question9:-

Tests for pyrogens and preparation of Nosodes are mentioned in appendix of which volume of HPI ?

A:-

HPI Vol-5

B:-

HPI Vol-6

C:-

HPI Vol-4

D:-

HPI Vol-7

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question10:-

Standards for simple ointment, eye ointment, cream-based ointment, paraffin ointment and standards for syrup are mentioned in appendix of which volume of HPI ?

A:-

HPI Vol-8

B:-

HPI Vol-6

C:-

HPI Vol-7

D:-

HPI Vol-5

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question11:-

Encyclopedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia by P.N. Verma and Indu Vaid contains about \_\_\_\_\_ monographs of Homoeopathic drugs in the alphabetical order, based on H.P.I .

A:-

1850

B:-

1880

C:-

1870

D:-

1860

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question12:-

"But the whole remaining skin of the body clothed with epidermis, is adapted to the action of medicinal solutions, especially if the inunction is connected with simultaneous internal administration" mentioned in :

A:-

Aphorism 285, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

B:-

Aphorism 285, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

C:-

Aphorism 284, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

D:-

Aphorism 285, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question13:-

"All true medical treatment of a disease on the external parts of the body that has occurred from little or no injury from without must, therefore, be directed against the whole, must effect the annihilation and cure of the general malady by means of internal remedies, if it is wished, that the treatment should be judicious, sure, efficacious and radical" mentioned in which Aphorism of Organon of Medicine ?

A:-

Aphorism 188

B:-

Aphorism 190

C:-

Aphorism 191

D:-

Aphorism 189

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question14:-

"Experience, however, teaches that the itch, plus its external manifestations, as well as the chancre, together with the inner venereal miasm, can and must be cured only by means of specific medicines taken internally. But the figwarts, if they have existed for some time without treatment, have need for their perfect cure, the external application of their specific medicines as well as their internal use at the same time" mentioned in :

A:-

Aphorism 284, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

B:-

Aphorism 282, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

C:-

Aphorism 285, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

D:-

Aphorism 286, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question15:-

"On the other hand, those extracts obtained by means of acids of the so-called alkaloids of plants, are exposed to great variety in their preparation (for instance, chinin, strychnine, morphine), and can, therefore, not be accepted by the homoeopathic physician as simple medicines, always the same, especially as he possesses, in the plants themselves, in their natural state (Peruvian bark, nux vomica, opium) every quality necessary for healing. Moreover, the alkaloids are not the only constituents of the plants" mentioned in :

A:-

Aphorism 269, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

B:-

Aphorism 270, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

C:-

Aphorism 273, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

D:-

Aphorism 272, FN, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Organon of Medicine

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question16:-

A specific article titled "Detoxication mechanisms in man" in the journal Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics published in 1963 on drug biotransformation by :

A:-

Valerie M. Kramlinger

B:-

Peter Guengerich

C:-

Rheem A. Totah

D:-

R. T. Williams

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question17:-

Pharmacognosy is the study of :

A:-

Synthetic drugs

B:-

Crude drugs of natural origin

C:-

Chemical reactions

D:-

Human physiology

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question18:-

Belladonna belongs to which family ?

A:-

Solanaceae

B:-

Apocynaceae

C:-

Rutaceae

D:-

Rubiaceae

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question19:-

Scientific name of Cinchona is :

A:-

Cinchona officinalis

B:-

Cinchona indica

C:-

Cinchona alba

D:-

Cinchona major

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question20:-

Aconite napellus acts mainly on :

A:-

Digestive system

B:-

Nervous system

C:-

Circulatory system

D:-

Respiratory system

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question21:-

The poisonous alkaloid in Nux vomica is :

A:-

Morphine

B:-

Quinine

C:-

Strychnine

D:-

Atropine

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question22:-

LD-50 indicates :

A:-

Effective dose

B:-

Lethal dose for 50%

C:-

Safe dose

D:-

Therapeutic index

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question23:-

ED-50 refers to :

A:-

Toxic dose

B:-

Lethal dose

C:-

Effective dose for 50%

D:-

Minimum dose

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question24:-

Nanotechnology in homoeopathy is related to :

A:-

Large particles

B:-

Nano-size drug particles

C:-

Chemical bonding

D:-

Herbal extraction

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question25:-

Opium is an example of :

A:-

Organised drug

B:-

Unorganised drug

C:-

Mineral drug

D:-

Synthetic drug

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question26:-

Aloe is classified as

A:-

Organised drug

B:-

Unorganised drug

C:-

Mineral drug

D:-

Animal drug

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question27:-

Amla is an example of :

A:-

Exotic drug

B:-

Indigenous drug

C:-

Mineral drug

D:-

Synthetic drug

Correct Answer:- Option-B

**Question28:-**

Cod-liver oil is obtained from :

A:-

Plant seeds

B:-

Fish liver

C:-

Mineral source

D:-

Tree bark

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question29:-**

Tabacum belongs to which family ?

A:-

Solanaceae

B:-

Rutaceae

C:-

Liliaceae

D:-

Rubiaceae

**Correct Answer:- Option-A**

**Question30:-**

Hydrocotyle asiatica is commonly known as :

A:-

Brahmi

B:-

Neem

C:-

Giloy

D:-

Senna

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question31:-

Systematic evaluation of crude drugs is part of :

A:-

Pharmacology

B:-

Pharmacognosy

C:-

Pathology

D:-

Physiology

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question32:-

Muscarin is present in

A:-

Opium

B:-

Belladonna

C:-

Tabaccum

D:-

Agaricus

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question33:-

All potentised medicines should be preserved in following way, except

A:-

Protected from light

B:-

Blue coloured bottles

C:-

Protected from heat

D:-

Air tight container

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question34:-

Melting point of Globules is

A:-

120° C

B:-

180° C

C:-

150° C

D:-

160° C

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question35:-

Commonest impurity found in Alcohol is

A:-

Fusel oil

B:-

Acids

C:-

Water

D:-

Aldehydes

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question36:-

Refractive Index of Rosemary Oil at 20°C is

A:-

1.470-1.473

B:-

1.466-1.476

C:-

1.471-1.473

D:-

1.472-1.476

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question37:-

The main alkaloid present in Ipecac is :

A:-

Caffeine

B:-

Emetine

C:-

Nicotine

D:-

Quinine

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question38:-

Leaves of Eucalyptus globulus are identified by :

A:-

Hairy surface

B:-

Aromatic odour

C:-

Spines

D:-

Succulent nature

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question39:-

Nux vomica acts most prominently on which system ?

A:-

Respiratory system

B:-

Digestive and nervous system

C:-

Circulatory system

D:-

Renal system

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question40:-

Ascending paralysis seen in Conium poisoning is due to its action on :

A:-

Cerebral cortex

B:-

Sensory nerves

C:-

Motor nerves

D:-

Autonomic ganglia

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question41:-

A characteristic toxicological feature of Datura poisoning is :

A:-

Cold, clammy skin

B:-

Profuse salivation

C:-

Hot, dry skin with delirium

D:-

Paralysis of lower limbs

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question42:-

Which of the following statement is incorrect with reference to method of Preparation of Drugs for Proving ?

- i) Each of the medicine must be taken in a perfect simple unadulterated form.
- ii) The indigenous plant in the form of freshly expressed juice must be mixed with a little water to prevent spoiling.
- iii) Salt and Gums should be dissolved in Strong Alcohol just before being taken.
- iv) Exotic vegetable substance must be prepared in the form of powder.

A:-

Statement (i) and (ii) are correct

B:-

Statement (ii) and (iii) are correct

C:-

Statement (i) and (iii) are correct

D:-

Statement (ii) and (iv) are correct

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question43:-**

As per the New Drug Development protocol of CCRH, how many potencies of the Drug to be proved is used in Homoeopathic Pathogenetic Trials (HPT)

A:-

Only One Particular Potency

B:-

Two Different Potencies

C:-

Three Different Potencies

D:-

Four Different Potencies

**Correct Answer:- Option-C**

**Question44:-**

Post Proving, during publication, the data indexing should be as per the schema of which Repertory ?

A:-

Kents Repertory

B:-

Boger Boeninghausen clinical Repertory (BBCR)

C:-

Boeninghausen's therapeutic pocket book

D:-

Synthesis

**Correct Answer:- Option-A**

#### Question45:-

Which of the following is not correct regarding the composition of Institutional Animal Ethical Committee (IAEC) ?

A:-

Involvement of Veterinarian

B:-

Scientist in Charge of Animal House facility

C:-

Plant Pathologist

D:-

A Biological Scientist

Correct Answer:- Option-C

#### Question46:-

Primary approval of Institutional Animal Ethical Committee (IAEC) is not mandatory for which of the following animal categories ?

A:-

Wild Animals

B:-

Animal Vertebrate (Small)

C:-

Animal Vertebrate (Large)

D:-

Animal - Invertebrate

Correct Answer:- Option-D

#### Question47:-

Which of the following options correctly matches the Phases of clinical trial given under Table I with details of Trial under Table II ?

TABLE I

- i) Phase I
- ii) Phase II
- iii) Phase III
- iv) Phase IV

TABLE II

- a) Post Marketing Studies
- b) Confirmatory Studies
- c) Human Pharmacology and HPT
- d) Exploratory Studies

A:-

i-c, ii-d, iii-a, iv-b

B:-

i-c, ii-d, iii-b, iv-a

C:-

i-d, ii-c, iii-b, iv-a

D:-

i-a, ii-b, iii-d, iv-c

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question48:-

Which of the following phase of Clinical trials cannot be carried out on Children ?

A:-

Phase I

B:-

Phase II

C:-

Phase III

D:-

Phase IV

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question49:-

New Drugs with identified FSD or being used in Ultra dilution having potential to address emergency conditions as prophylactic or cure can be used in which of the following Phase directly ?

A:-

Phase IIA or IIB

B:-

Phase IIC or III

C:-

Phase IIB or IIC

D:-

Phase III or IV

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question50:-

To Prepare Mother Solution as per Class VIA what part by weight of medicinal substance has been recommended by GHP to be dissolved in 9 part by Weight of Strong Alcohol ?

A:-

1 Part

B:-

1/2 Part

C:-

2 Part

D:-

10 Part

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question51:-

In Modern method - mother preparation of which of the following does not have a Drug Strength of 1/100 ?

A:-

Naja Tripudians

B:-

Chlorinum

C:-

Mephitis

D:-

Ars Alb

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question52:-

In Modern method, Mother preparation of which of the following Acid does not have a Drug Strength of 1/100 ?

A:-

Hippuric Acid

B:-

Acid Picric

C:-

Acid Hydrocyanium

D:-

Acid Butyricum

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question53:-

Which of the following option correctly matches the Drug Substance Particle type given under Table I with their expression in Sieve size given under Table II ?

Table I

Table II

a) Coarse

i) 22/60

b) Moderately Coarse

ii) 85

c) Moderately Fine

iii) 10/44

d) Fine Powder

iv) 44/85

A:-

a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii

B:-

a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv

C:-

a-iii, b-i, c-iv, d-ii

D:-

a-i, b-iii, c-iv, d-ii

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question54:-

As per HPI, Hydrofluoric acid below 4X potency can be kept in well closed bottles with the interior being coated with which of the following vehicles ?

A:-

Lanolin

B:-

Spermaceti

C:-

Paraffin

D:-

Olive Oil

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question55:-

For Preparation of Nosode below 6X Potency, what temperature has been mentioned in HPI for Storing ?

A:-

0 Degree Celsius

B:-

About 5 Degree Celsius

C:-

About 20 Degree Celsius

D:-

15.6 Degree Celsius

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question56:-

As per HPI, in preparation of 50 Millesimal Potencies the mother solution is prepared by dissolving 100mg of 3rd Potency in what amount of Purified Water and Dispensing Alcohol ?

A:-

10 ml of purified water, 40 ml of dispensing alcohol

B:-

1 ml of purified water and 4 ml of dispensing alcohol

C:-

40 ml of purified water and 10 ml of dispensing alcohol

D:-

400 ml of purified water and 100 ml of dispensing alcohol

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question57:-

Which of the following statements are true regarding ventilation of an Ideal Pharmacy Laboratory ?

- i) Local Exhaust Ventilation (LEV) involves the removal of relatively large volumes of contaminated air.
- ii) High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters microorganism.
- iii) Carbon Filled Filter removes - Fumes, Gas and Vapour.
- iv) Natural Ventilation is reliable.

A:-

Only (i and iv)

B:-

Only (ii and iii)

C:-

Only (iii and iv)

D:-

Only (i and iv)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

### Question58:-

Which of the following is also called 'Stereoscopic Microscope' ?

A:-

Bright Field Microscope

B:-

Fluorescence Microscope

C:-

Dissecting Microscope

D:-

Spectroscope

Correct Answer:- Option-C

### Question59:-

The following statements are true for which type of business organization among the following ?

- Simplest Form of Business Organization.
- One Man Show.
- Suitable form when individual skill and secrecy in business is essential.

A:-

Public Corporation

B:-

Joint Stock Company

C:-

The Sole Trader/Proprietorship

D:-

The General Partnership/Private Ltd

Correct Answer:- Option-C

### Question60:-

Which of the following is not a disadvantage of the general partnership/Private Ltd. ?

A:-

Mutual Understanding is difficult to achieve on many occasions

**B:-**

Business ends with the death of a person

**C:-**

Activities are limited to the available capital

**D:-**

Each partner is liable to the full extent of his means for all the debts of the business

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question61:-**

1 part by weight of Medicinal Substance is dissolved in 50 parts by weight of Strong Alcohol as per which of the following Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeias ?

**A:-**

Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of India (HPI)

**B:-**

German Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia (GHP)

**C:-**

British Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia (BHP)

**D:-**

American Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia (AHP)

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question62:-**

Read the following statement on Homoeopathic Drug Preparation in Old Method and select the correct option-

- i) The Fundamental Rule for Class IX has been discussed in Materia Medica Pura under 'Agaricus'.
- ii) Bufo rana is prepared under Class VIII in Old Method.
- iii) Medium Juicy Plants are Prepared under Class III.
- iv) Fundamental Rule for Class VI A has been discussed in Materia Medica Pura under - 'Guaiacum'.

**A:-**

Statement i and ii are correct

**B:-**

Statement ii and iii are correct

**C:-**

Statement i and iii are correct

D:-

Statement ii and iv are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question63:-

Read the following statement on Drug preparation in modern method and select the correct option.

Statement I - Allium Cepa is prepared under Maceration under Modern method as per HPI.

Statement II - Allium Cepa is prepared by Maceration previous to Percolation as per BHP.

A:-

Statement I and II, both are correct

B:-

Statement I and II, both are incorrect

C:-

Statement I is correct, but II is incorrect

D:-

Statement I is incorrect, but II is correct

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question64:-

Read the following statements on Percolation and select the correct option-

Statement I - In Tow, Blue Glass can be used instead of sand.

Statement II - Adhesion and Osmosis are two of the physical forces acting in the process of Percolation.

A:-

Statement I is correct, but II is not correct

B:-

Statement I and II, both are incorrect

C:-

Statement I is incorrect, but II is correct

D:-

Statement I and II, both are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-C

**Question65:-**

The abbreviation (cochl.ampl.) in the prescription refers to :-

**A:-**

A large spoonful

**B:-**

A table spoonful

**C:-**

A desert spoonful

**D:-**

A tea spoonful

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question66:-**

The abbreviation (collut) in the prescription refers to -

**A:-**

A Mouth wash

**B:-**

A Nose wash

**C:-**

An Eye wash

**D:-**

A Vaginal wash

**Correct Answer:- Option-A**

**Question67:-**

When two or more drugs are used in combination to increase the pharmacological action, the phenomenon is known as-

**A:-**

Synergism

B:-

Antagonism

C:-

Potentiation

D:-

idiosyncrasy

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question68:-

The global database for ADR data maintained by WHO is known as-

A:-

MedWatch

B:-

EudraVigilance

C:-

VigiBase

D:-

VAERS

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question69:-

The Thalidomide disaster in the 1960s led to the establishment of which regulatory framework-

A:-

Good Manufacturing Practices

B:-

Drug Price Control Order

C:-

WHO International Drug Monitoring Program

D:-

Good Pharmacovigilance Practices

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question70:-

Which of the following is a widely used method for causality assessment in Pharmacovigilance-

A:-

Naranjo Algorithm

B:-

Bradford-Hill Criteria

C:-

Wilson-Jungner Criteria

D:-

Felis Criteria

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question71:-

The term 'floor stock' refers to -

A:-

Office furniture

B:-

Emergency equipments

C:-

Medications stored in wards

D:-

Lab chemicals

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question72:-

The first medicine should be repeated-

A:-

When common symptoms are present

B:-

When patient is improving

C:-

When improvement remains standstill

D:-

When symptoms disappeared

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question73:-

Higher potencies are best adapted to-

A:-

Oversensitive persons

B:-

Highly intellectual people with lot of mental work

C:-

Incurable chronic disease

D:-

Incurable acute disease

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question74:-

The word 'dosis' means-

A:-

To take

B:-

To please

C:-

A giving

D:-

A taking

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question75:-

Standard unit of Apothecaries-

A:-

Gram

B:-

Pound

C:-

Kg

D:-

Grain

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question76:-

1 scruple\_grains

A:-

60 grains

B:-

20 grains

C:-

480 grains

D:-

96 grains

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question77:-

Distillation is a separation technique based on the difference in which physical property of the components in a liquid mixture-

A:-

Density

B:-

Solubility

C:-

Particle size

D:-

Boiling point

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question78:-

The standard laboratory method for determining moisture content by drying a sample to a constant weight is the-

A:-

Calcium carbide method

B:-

Electrical Resistance method

C:-

Gravimetric method

D:-

Neutron scattering method

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question79:-

Which of the following is an example of bulk property or general detector in HPLC-

A:-

Fluorescence detector

B:-

Refractive index detector

C:-

Electrochemical detector

D:-

UV-visible detector

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question80:-

In reverse phase HPLC, there is a-

A:-

Non-polar solvent/polar column

B:-

Polar solvent/Non-polar column

C:-

Polar solvent/polar column

D:-

Non-polar solvent/Non-polar column

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question81:-

What does Mayer's Reagent produce with alkaloids ?

A:-

Cream-colored precipitate

B:-

Green colored precipitate

C:-

Yellow colored precipitate

D:-

Reddish-Brown colored precipitate

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question82:-

Proto-alkaloids are also called as-

A:-

Amino alkaloid

B:-

Pseudo alkaloid

C:-

Tropane alkaloid

D:-

Pyrrolizidine alkaloid

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question83:-

Which statements are true regarding restricted sale of Homoeopathic preparations ?

A:-

Low potencies below 2X may require licensed sale

B:-

Mother tinctures are subject to alcohol-related labelling rules

C:-

Ophthalmic preparations require manufacturing under aseptic conditions

D:-

All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

#### Question84:-

Schedule M-1's GMP requirements emphasize cross-contamination control, which involves

A:-

Use of same machinery for multiple products without cleaning

B:-

Physical segregation + validated cleaning methods

C:-

Banning of mother tinctures in shared facilities

D:-

No control measures required for homoeopathic drugs

Correct Answer:- Option-B

#### Question85:-

Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930 was ultimately repealed/replaced and integrated in the :

A:-

Indian Evidence Act (Amendment) 1972

B:-

Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985

C:-

Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940

D:-

Pharmacy Act, 1948

Correct Answer:- Option-B

#### Question86:-

As per NCH Act 2020, Screening Test or National Exit Test (NEXT-H) is aimed to :

A:-

Grant license for clinical practice

**B:-**

Determine eligibility for postgraduate education

**C:-**

Ensure equivalence for foreign graduates

**D:-**

All of the above

**Correct Answer:- Option-D**

**Question87:-**

According to Schedule FF, preservative-free ophthalmic solutions :

**A:-**

Can be reused for 30 days

**B:-**

Must be used immediately and contain no preservatives

**C:-**

Must be supplied in multi-dose containers

**D:-**

Require refrigeration for 6 months

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question88:-**

The code of Ethics restricts commercial exploitation, which means :

**A:-**

Giving scientific samples to physicians

**B:-**

Promoting drug efficacy beyond scientific evidence

**C:-**

Publishing pharmacognostic data

D:-

Discussing pharmacopoeial revisions openly

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question89:-**

Minimum Standard Requirements (MSR) as per NCH Regulations 2022 include :

A:-

Physical Infrastructure + Teaching Staff + Clinical Exposure

B:-

Only Faculty and Equipment Requirements

C:-

Only Hospital and OPD services

D:-

Only Curriculum and Evaluation methods

**Correct Answer:- Option-A**

**Question90:-**

The concept of inside bond laboratory refers primarily to :

A:-

Physico-chemical experimentation external to pharmacy premises

B:-

Laboratory attached within manufacturing facility for standardized assay

C:-

Clinical documentation unit for drug proving

D:-

Laboratory for pharmacovigilance recording

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question91:-**

Which authority grants manufacturing license for PPHM in India ?

**A:-**

Ministry of AYUSH directly

**B:-**

Central Drugs Standard Control Organization (CDSCO)

**C:-**

State Drug Licensing Authority (SDLA) under Drugs and Cosmetics Act

**D:-**

National Commission of Homoeopathy (NCH)

**Correct Answer:- Option-C**

**Question92:-**

In context of homoeopathic pharmacy, relevance of Poisons Act, 1919 exists due to :

**A:-**

Use of toxic raw drugs requiring regulated sale and possession

**B:-**

No relation as poisons are absent in homoeopathy

**C:-**

Only for regulation of narcotics in LM potencies

**D:-**

Applicable only for veterinary practice

**Correct Answer:- Option-A**

**Question93:-**

Recent advancements in homoeopathic pharmacy have highlighted nanoparticle presence in ultra-dilutions mainly through :

**A:-**

Raman spectroscopy and electron microscopy studies

**B:-**

Classical drug proving studies

**C:-**

Organotherapy experimentation

**D:-**

Pharmacopoeial assay refractometry only

**Correct Answer:- Option-A**

**Question94:-**

Modern research in homoeopathic pharmacy validates Mother Tincture standards primarily using :

**A:-**

Botanical morphology alone

**B:-**

Organoleptic assessment solely

**C:-**

HPLC, UV-Spectroscopy and GC-MS profiling

**D:-**

Palpation-based qualitative analysis

**Correct Answer:- Option-C**

**Question95:-**

In contemporary R and D, the role of Pharmacovigilance in Homoeopathy emphasizes :

**A:-**

Regulatory deletion of non-pharmacopoeial drugs

**B:-**

Signal detection for adverse drug events and patient safety

**C:-**

Restriction of dilution above 30C

D:-

Patent protection of new formulations

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question96:-

Advancement in drug standardization for homoeopathic pharmacy is most strongly linked to :

A:-

Organoleptic testing exclusively

B:-

Physico-chemical and bio-assay standardization

C:-

Patient survey-based validation

D:-

Case reports from private practitioners

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question97:-

A key research focus in homoeopathic pharmacy during the last decade is :

A:-

Replacement of GMP with classical Hahnemannian views

B:-

Establishing mechanistic models of ultra-dilution effects

C:-

Eliminating ethanol as vehicle for all medicines

D:-

Banning mother tinctures due to toxicity

Correct Answer:- Option-B

**Question98:-**

One major future direction in research for homoeopathic pharmacy is :

**A:-**

Omission of pharmacopoeial standards

**B:-**

Integration with analytical chemistry and molecular biology

**C:-**

Elimination of potency scale above 12C

**D:-**

Restriction to classical 6th edition Hahnemann only

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question99:-**

Modern PPHM (Patent and Proprietary Homoeopathic Medicines) research emphasizes :

**A:-**

New molecular entities

**B:-**

Formulation innovation and dosage acceptability

**C:-**

High toxicity load

**D:-**

Genetic manipulation of remedies

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**

**Question100:-**

Research in ultra-dilution has identified nano-clusters of source material in higher potencies through :

**A:-**

UV cabinet imaging

**B:-**

Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

**C:-**

Organoleptic testing alone

**D:-**

pH measurement only

**Correct Answer:- Option-B**