

## PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

Question 71/2025/OL

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Question1:-"PRATHI VACHANA SAKTHI" is described as a characteristic feature of

\_\_\_\_\_

A:-Vanaspathya Satwa

B:-Arsha Satwa

C:-Brahma Satwa

D:-Asura Satwa

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question2:-A person who is high in the personality trait of "openness" is likely to be

\_\_\_\_\_

A:-Practical and down to earth

B:-Imaginative and curious

C:-Responsible and hardworking

D:-Kind, empathetic and helpful

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question3:-The tendency to accept happiness without much joy is a symptom of which of the following manasa prakruthi

A:-Satwa Prakruthi

B:-Rajesa Prakruthi

C:-Tamasa Prakruthi

D:-Sama Guna Prakruthi

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question4:-Among the following defense mechanisms cluster A traits of personality is more linked with \_\_\_\_\_

A:-Projection

B:-Denial

C:-Regression

D:-Sublimation

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question5:-Choose the correct ingredients of Mahabhootarava Ghritham

A:-Madanadi ganam

B:-Moothra vargam

C:-Kakolyadi ganam

D:-Ksheeri vargam

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question6:-Which personality disorder is closely related with history of conduct disorder in childhood and adolescence

A:-Avoidant personality disorder

B:-Dependent personality disorder

C:-Schizoid personality disorder

D:-Antisocial personality disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question7:-Select the right description

A:-In Systematic Desensitisation (SD) principle of reciprocal inhibition is applicable, but Hierarchy construction is not related with SD

B:-Detailed history taking and mental status examinations are the integral part of classical psychoanalysis

C:-Flooding is a usual method adopted in the management of phobias

D:-In positive reinforcement, material reward is always necessary

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question8:-Choose the appropriate statement as per Susrutha Samhita

A:-Prakruthi - Satwika 8, Rajasa 7 and Tamasa 3

B:-Prakruthi - Satwika 3, Rajasa 6 and Tamasa 7

C:-Prakruthi - Satwika 7, Rajasa 6 and Tamasa 4

D:-Prakruthi - Satwika 7, Rajasa 6 and Tamasa 3

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question9:-According to Charaka Samhita, the PRAMANA which can be adopted for the examination of SATWA VIKARA is \_\_\_\_\_

A:-PRATYAKSHA PRAMANA

B:-ANUMANA PRAMANA

C:-APTHOPADESA PRAMANA

D:-YUKTHI PRAMANA

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question10:-Which among the following shows more practical link with the P4 medicine model?

A:-Rehabilitation

B:-One health

C:-Ayurgenomics

D:-Pathya

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question11:-Which vibhrama is implied by nityaas anithyaand priyaas apriya?

A:-Manovibhrama

B:-Budhivibhrama

C:-Samajvibhrama

D:-Seelavibhrama

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question12:-Expansion of ILAE (classification of seizure types) is

A:-International Law Against Epilepsy

B:-International Lead Against Epilepsy

C:-International League Against Epilepsy

D:-International Letter Against Epilepsy

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question13:-The measurement of serum \_\_\_\_\_ levels aids in the differentiation of epileptic and psychogenic seizures

A:-Prolactin

B:-Calcium

C:-Ferritin

D:-Amylase

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question14:-In the selection of antiseizure drugs, it serves more as a guide for therapeutic options

A:-Brain imaging

B:-Genetic testing

C:-Lumbar puncture

D:-CT Scan

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question15:-According to chakrapani, this disease gradually destroys the memory, intelligence and satwa quality of mind of a person. What disease is it?

A:-Unmada

B:-Apasmara

C:-Atatwabhinivesha

D:-Vishada

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question16:-The neurological disorders depression inventory for epilepsy (NDDI-E)

is a self rated \_\_\_\_\_ item questionnaire validated to screen for depression in patients with epilepsy

- A:-Nine
- B:-Eight
- C:-Seven
- D:-Six

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question17:-Vaichityam, Arathi, Glani are the lakshnas of \_\_\_\_\_

- A:-Unmada
- B:-Manosangharsha
- C:-Vishada
- D:-Manasthapam

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question18:-"Rajatamobhyam Upahatha Chethasam". Which disease is being discussed?

- A:-Atathwabhinivesham
- B:-Vishada
- C:-Unmada
- D:-Apasmara

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question19:-Anumana of certain symptoms are bybhayam \_\_\_\_\_ and dhairyam \_\_\_\_\_

- A:-Vishahdena, Avishadhen
- B:-Dhainen, Adainen
- C:-Aharshen, Harshen
- D:-Thrasen and Athrasen

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question20:-In Mental Status Examination, subheading cognition involves the following

- A:-Alertness, orientation, concentration, memory and abstract reasoning
- B:-Thought content, thought process, preceptions, insight
- C:-Speech, mood, affect, motor activity
- D:-Insight, judgement, appearance, behavior

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question21:-स्मृतिबुद्धिसत्त्वसम्प्लवाद्धीभत्सचेष्टमावस्थिकं तमः प्रवेशमाचक्षते is

- A:-Unmada
- B:-Atatvabhinivesha

C:-Apasmara

D:-Madatyaya

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question22:-Manovaha sroto mula Acc. To Charaka Samhita

A:-Hridaya, Dashadhamani

B:-Dashadhamani, Shiras

C:-Hridaya, Shiras

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question23:-Unmada kale Aniyatascha is the feature of

A:-Vataja Unmada

B:-Pittaja Unmada

C:-Kaphaja Unmada

D:-Agantuja Unmada

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question24:-Match the following

- |                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Vataja Unmada  | a. Narivivikta Priyata |
| 2. Pittaja Unmada | b. Vinagna bhava       |
| 3. Kaphaja Unmada | c. Asthana Nrithya     |
| 4. Vishaja Unmada | d. Sudeena             |

A:-1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a

B:-1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d

C:-1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-d

D:-1-b, 2-c, 3-a, 4-d

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question25:-"Master clock" for physiological, mental and behavioural activities of the body in Hypothalamus is

A:-Paraventricular Nuclei

B:-Supraventricular Nuclei

C:-Ventromedial Nuclei

D:-Suprachiasmatic Nucleus

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question26:-Neuropeptides that act on gut and brain

A:-Beta-Endorphin

B:-Leucine Enkephalin

C:-Sleep Peptides

D:-Bradykinin

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question27:-Which of the following statements are correct about HPA axis

- i. Mineralocorticoids are regulated by HPA axis
- ii. Production of Glucocorticoids are under the control of HPA axis
- iii. Adrenal androgens are under the control of HPA axis
- iv. Production of Adrenal androgens and glucocorticoids are under the control of HPA axis

A:-only (i and ii)

B:-only (i and iv)

C:-only (ii, iii and iv)

D:-all of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question28:-"Schizoaffective disorder" is used for

A:-Patients who meets the symptom requirements but not the duration requirements for Schizophrenia

B:-Patients who manifest symptom of Schizophrenia and independent periods of mood disturbance

C:-Specific personality disorder

D:-Patients who manifests incomplete symptom of Schizophrenia but not the duration requirements for Schizophrenia

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question29:-Forensic Psychiatry deals with

A:-Indian Penal Code

B:-Study, Diagnosis and Treatment for Mental illness

C:-Application of psychiatry in the administration of justice

D:-Toxicology

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question30:-Limbic system controls

A:-Behavioural control

B:-Body temperature

C:-Osmolarity of the body fluid

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question31:-What is the term for the tendency of adolescents to engage in risk-taking behaviors due to an underdeveloped prefrontal cortex?

A:-Impulsivity

B:-Sensation-seeking

C:-Adolescent invincibility

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question32:-Which of the following scenarios best exemplifies a child in Piaget's concrete operational stage of cognitive development?

A:-A 3-year-old who believes the moon follows her wherever she goes

B:-A 5-year-old who struggles to understand that a taller, narrower glass can hold the same amount of water as a shorter, wider one

C:-A 9-year-old who can organize a collection of leaves by color, then by size and understands that both classifications coexist

D:-A 14-year-old who can generate and test hypotheses about abstract social issues

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question33:-Which of the following factors is most likely to contribute to adolescent depression?

A:-Genetic predisposition

B:-Family conflict

C:-Social media use

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question34:-Which learning disorder is often characterized by difficulties with social interactions, communication and repetitive behaviors?

A:-Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)

B:-Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

C:-Dyslexia

D:-Dysgraphia

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question35:-Which of the following genes has been associated with epigenetic modifications and personality traits?

A:-SLC6A4 (serotonin transporter gene)

B:-FGFR3 (fibroblast growth factor receptor 3)

C:-MARK3 (Microtubule Affinity Regulating Kinase 3)

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question36:-Which of the following best demonstrates the influence of cultural context on personality development, as supported by cross-cultural research?

A:-An adolescent who becomes more agreeable over time due to neurobiological maturation of the prefrontal cortex

B:-A child in a collectivist society emphasizing interdependence, developing traits like conformity and social harmony

C:-A teenager with a genetic predisposition to anxiety developing avoidant

personality traits regardless of the environment

D:-A child raised in a high-income household displaying high conscientiousness due to greater access to structured activities

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question37:-According to attachment theory, what is a critical factor in personality formation during childhood?

A:-Peer relationships

B:-Parent-child attachment

C:-Social media usage

D:-Cognitive development

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question38:-Which psychotherapeutic approach is commonly used to treat borderline personality disorder?

A:-Cognitive-Behavioural Therapy (CBT)

B:-Psychodynamic therapy

C:-Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT)

D:-Humanistic therapy

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-Which of the following is a therapeutic technique used in transference-focused psychotherapy (TFP) for borderline personality disorder?

A:-Free association

B:-Dream analysis

C:-Reflection of affects

D:-Confrontation of defenses

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question40:-Which personality disorder is often associated with a fear of abandonment and rejection and may benefit from therapies that focus on emotional regulation and interpersonal relationships?

A:-Borderline personality disorder

B:-Narcissistic personality disorder

C:-Antisocial personality disorder

D:-Obsessive-compulsive personality disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question41:-The rasayana yoga explained as मेध्यं गवामपि भवेत् किमु मानुषाणां

A:-Chatushkuvalaya rasayanam

B:-Pancharavinda Rasayanam

C:-Naladadi ghrithm

D:-Saraswatha ghritham



Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question42:-Most commonly prescribed modern medication for Dementia is

A:-Cholinesterase inhibitors

B:-N-methyl D aspartate receptors

C:-Vasodilator antagonist

D:-Antioxidant

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question43:-Which of the following is mental disorder characterised by compulsive, unsatisfied aggressive sexual behaviour

A:-Delusional disorder

B:-Nymphomania

C:-Voyeurism

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question44:-Average IQ score as per Wechsler intelligence scale is

A:-90-109

B:-80-100

C:-60-100

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question45:-Addenbrooke's scale is utilised to assess

A:-Intelligence

B:-Memory

C:-Cognition

D:-Mental status

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question46:-Masters and Jhonson's therapy are a non-pharmacological treatment for

A:-Psychosexual disorders

B:-Cognitive disorders

C:-Delusional disorders

D:-Anxiety disorders

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question47:-The following is a sexual disorder due to problem in orientation towards non consenting or non living targets

A:-Exhibitionism

B:-Voyeurism

C:-Sado masochism

D:-Necrophilia

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question48:-Alien Limb behaviour and Cortical sensory loss is a feature of

A:-Cortico-basal ganglionic degeneration

B:-Fronto temporal dementia

C:-Pick's diseases

D:-Lewy Body Dementia

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question49:-Which of the following is a pathological basis for Alzheimer's dementia?

A:-Reduced acetylcholine

B:-Beta Amyloid plaques

C:-Atrophy of temporal and hippocampal region

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question50:-Which of the following is a type of budhi?

A:-Dhi

B:-Dhriti

C:-Smruti

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question51:-Which choornam is used for Dhmana nasya in unmada rogi according to Ashtanga Hridaya?

A:-Vara choornam

B:-Hingu choornam

C:-Sarshapa choornam

D:-Guluchi choornam

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question52:-Which unmada shows the lakshana 'staanam ekadese' according to Charaka?

A:-Paittika unmada

B:-Vatika Unmada

C:-Kaphaja Unmada

D:-Vishaja Unmada

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question53:-In Astanga Hridaya, Uthama matra of Brahmi ghritam indicated in

Unmada prakarana is \_\_\_\_\_

A:-4 palam

B:-2 palam

C:-1 palam

D:-6 palam

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question54:-Which is the first line of treatment in vatika unmada according to Charaka Samhita?

A:-Vamanan

B:-Snehanam

C:-Swedanam

D:-Nasyam

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question55:-In Schizophrenia, if a person has false belief about having inflated worth, power or special identity, it is called \_\_\_\_\_

A:-Delusion of grandeur

B:-Delusion of control

C:-Delusion of persecution

D:-Delusion of reference

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question56:-In which stage of Unmada, 'Ardita akriti' of face is seen according to charaka?

A:-Rupa

B:-Bheda

C:-Sanchaya

D:-Purvaroop

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question57:-Sankhya samprapthi of Unmada according to Vagbhata

A:-3

B:-4

C:-6

D:-8

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question58:-In which type of unmada, 'sasneham mridu shodanam' is indicated by charaka

A:-Paithika

B:-Vishaja

C:-Kaphaja

D:-Avrta vata

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question59:-According to charaka, in which type of unmada "parisaranam ajasram" is seen as roopa?

A:-Vatika Unamda

B:-Paittika Unmada

C:-Kaphaja Unmada

D:-Agantu Unmada

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question60:-According to Charaka, "Balanam cha Angavardhanam" is indicated in

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A:-Kalyana ghrita

B:-Mahakalyana ghrita

C:-Panchagavya ghrita

D:-Mahapaishachika ghrita

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question61:-Dharana (धारण) is defined as

A:-Means of Liberation

B:-Condition of non-fluctuation of the mind

C:-Withdrawal of senses

D:-Both 1 and 2

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question62:-"Mad Hatter Syndrome" is primarily caused by chronic exposure to

A:-Lead

B:-Cadmium

C:-Arsenic

D:-Mercury

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question63:-Which practice is emphasized in Vibhuti Pada of Yogasutra?

A:-Pranayama

B:-Asana

C:-Samyama

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question64:-Which of the following is a hallmark feature of bipolar II Disorder?

A:-At least one major depressive episode with hypomanic episode

B:-Atleast one manic episode

C:-Both 1 and 2

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question65:-As per Charaka Samhita, Psychiatric condition/Conditions in which Kama, Bhaya and Lobha are considered as primary causes?

A:-Unmada

B:-Apasmara

C:-Both 1 and 2

D:-Athathwabhinivesha

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question66:-The term "double depression" refers to

A:-Major depressive episode superimposed on Dysthymia

B:-Two episodes of major depression

C:-Both 1 and 2

D:-Persistent depressive disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question67:-Pre-Lithium work up includes

A:-ECG

B:-Blood Urea Nitrogen

C:-Pregnancy test

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question68:-"Yoga Chitta Vritti Nirodha" is from which classical text?

A:-Yoga visesha

B:-Yogasutra

C:-Hathayoga Pradipika

D:-Yogarajopanishadh

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question69:-The most common psychiatric manifestation of Myxedema madness is

A:-Delusions

B:-Paranoia

C:-Depression

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question70:-Which of the following statement is true regarding the family history in bipolar disorder?

A:-Family history has no role in the development of bipolar disorder

B:-First degree relatives of patients with bipolar disorder have increased risk-22%-25%

C:-In twin studies, Dizygotic twins shows the highest concordance rate for bipolar disorder

D:-Both 2 and 3

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question71:-As per Bhaishajyaratnavali, select the therapeutic formulation indicated for परमदं

A:-Aswangandharishtam

B:-Chandanasavam

C:-Sreekhandasavam

D:-Ashtanga lavanam

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question72:-Screening tool used to assess severity of alcohol use and related problems is

A:-AUDIT

B:-ASQ

C:-ADI-R

D:-Both (1) and (2)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question73:-As per Sahasrayoga, select the drugs used for Bhavana in the preparation of "Manasamitra Vatakam".

A:-Jeeraka Kwatha

B:-Sthanyam

C:-Vilwa kwatha

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question74:-As per Bhaishajyaratnavali, Pathya in madathya is/are

A:-Anjana

B:-Thamboolam

C:-Veshavara

D:-Both (2) and (3)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question75:-Rock base form of cocaine is

A:-Crack

B:-Smack

C:-Black tar Heroin

D:-Brown sugar

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question76:-Therapeutic formulation indicated for Murcha and Unmada

A:-Draksharishta

B:-Aswagandharishta

C:-Dhathryarishta

D:-Both (1) and (3)

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question77:-Select the clinical features present in irreversible deficit of Kosakoffs syndrome

A:-Nystagmus

B:-Confabulation

C:-Ataxia

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question78:-Major ingredient in Sreekhandasava is

A:-Chandana

B:-Ushira

C:-Dhatri

D:-Draksha

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question79:-Which of the following is a hallucinogen?

A:-Magic mushrooms

B:-Cocaine

C:-Heroin

D:-Psilocybin and LSD

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question80:-Facial changes with Epicanthal eye folds, poorly formed Ear concha are seen in

A:-Fetal Alcohol Syndrome

B:-Prader-Willi syndrome

C:-Ectopia cordis

D:-Fetal alcohol spectrum disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question81:-A 78-year-old patient with a history of hypertension and well-controlled type 2 diabetes presents to the emergency department with an acute change in mental status. His family reports that over the past 24 hours, he has become increasingly confused, disoriented to time and place, and is experiencing visual hallucinations of small animals. He has been pulling at his intravenous lines and is agitated. Prior to this, he was fully independent and cognitively intact. Which of the following is the most immediate and critical diagnostic step to differentiate this presentation from an acute exacerbation of an undiagnosed neurocognitive disorder?

A:-Order a comprehensive neuropsychological battery to establish baseline cognitive function

B:-Schedule an urgent MRI of the brain to rule out structural lesions

C:-Obtain a detailed history from the family focusing on the acuity and fluctuation of symptoms

D:-Administer a trial of a low-dose atypical antipsychotic to assess response

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-A 68-year-old male presents with recurrent episodes of syncope. He describes brief, abrupt losses of consciousness without prodromal symptoms, often occurring during exertion. His medical history includes hypertension well-controlled on a thiazide diuretic. Physical examination reveals a crescendo-decrescendo systolic murmur best heard at the right upper sternal border, radiating to the carotid arteries. An ECG shows left ventricular hypertrophy. Which of the following is the most likely cause of his syncope?

A:-Vasovagal syncope

B:-Orthostatic hypotension

C:-Aortic stenosis

D:-Brugada syndrome

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-A 45-year-old male presents with a persistent, unshakable belief that his next-door neighbors are systematically poisoning his water supply through a complex network of underground pipes, despite no evidence of such activity and normal water quality tests. He maintains good occupational functioning and his behaviour is not otherwise bizarre. He exhibits no prominent hallucinations, disorganized speech, or negative symptoms. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?

A:-Schizophrenia, Paranoid Type

B:-Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder

C:-Delusional Disorder, Persecutory Type

D:-Paranoid Personality Disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-C



Question84:-Which of the following features is most critical in distinguishing a "bizarre" delusion from a "non-bizarre" delusion in the diagnosis of a delusional disorder?

- A:-The degree of emotional distress experienced by the individual
- B:-The plausibility of the belief within the realm of possibility
- C:-The impact of the delusion on daily functional impairment
- D:-The individual's cultural background and its influence on the belief

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question85:-When differentiating Delusional Disorder from Paranoid Personality Disorder, which of the following is the most definitive distinguishing feature?

- A:-The presence of pervasive distrust and suspiciousness of others
- B:-The impact of the symptoms on social and occupational functioning
- C:-The presence of a fixed, encapsulated, and non-bizarre delusion
- D:-The individual's tendency to hold grudges and react to perceived slights

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question86:-A 32-year-old female presents to the clinic with recurrent, intrusive experiences of feeling detached from her body, as if she is observing herself from a distance. She reports that during these episodes, her emotions feel blunted and the world around her seems unreal and dreamlike. Despite these unsettling experiences, she remains aware that these feelings are not normal and cause her significant distress. Which of the following is the most appropriate diagnosis based on the DSM-5 criteria?

- A:-Dissociative Identity Disorder (DID)
- B:-Dissociative Amnesia
- C:-Depersonalization/Derealization Disorder
- D:-Schizophrenia

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question87:-Which factor does not contribute to delirium?

- A:-Use of Diuretics
- B:-Constipation
- C:-Vitamin D Deficiency
- D:-Lithium Poisoning

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question88:-According to *saśruta saṃhitā*, pūrvarūpā of what is described in

"hṛtpiṇḍa jṛmbhaṇaṃ glāniḥ sañjñānāśo balasya ca [sarvāsām...]"?

- A:-*Mūrcchā*
- B:-*Dvitiya Madam*
- C:-*Sannyāsam*
- D:-*Dhvaṃsakam*

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question89:-According to Aṣṭāṅga Hṛdayam, "sraṁsanollekhanairdhūmaiḥ śonitasyāvasecanaiḥ" is described in the context of

A:-Trīṭiya Madan

B:-Trṣṇā

C:-Sannyāsaṁ

D:-Tandrā

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question90:-According to Aṣṭāṅga Saṅgraha "unmīlitavinirbhugne parivartitatārake|Bhavatastatra nayane  
srute lalitapakṣmaṇi ||" is the description of?

A:-Sannyāsaṁ

B:-Vīkṣyam

C:-Tandrā

D:-Mūrcchā

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question91:-Read the following statements about KALYANAKA GRITHA, choose the right option based on these statements :

- i. It is indicated for TRITHEEYAKA and SANTHATHA JWARA
- ii. Indicated for VISHA and MOOTRA KRICHRA
- iii. Contraindicated in pregnancy
- iv. Can be used for ANJANA therapy

A:-Statement (i) is correct and statement (iv) is incorrect

B:-Statement (ii) is correct and statement (i) is incorrect

C:-Statement (iii) is correct and Statement (iv) is incorrect

D:-Statement (ii) and (iv) are incorrect

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question92:-In a clinical condition of PRALEPA in HRUDAYA and URAS, the ideal drug of choice as rasayana is \_\_\_\_\_

A:-BHALLATHAKA

B:-PIPPALI

C:-HARITHAKI

D:-KANMADA

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question93:-Most accurate statement about dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB) is \_\_\_\_\_

A:-Minimal sensitivity towards antipsychotics

B:-Predominance of neuropsychiatric symptoms

C:-Presence of fleeting delusions

D:-Lack of visual hallucinations

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question94:-Which among the following is TRUE about chronic insomnia?

A:-There is excessive day time sleepiness and abnormal rapid eye movement

B:-It is always secondary

C:-Poor sleep quality at least 3 nights a week for a period of 3 months

D:-There is evidence for deficiency of hypocretin-1 peptide in CSF

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question95:-The Kwatha dravya used in Samgrahana vasthi

A:-Priyangadi ganam

B:-Aragwadadi ganam

C:-Surasadi ganam

D:-Ambashtadi ganam

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question96:-Choose the right practice in ACHARA RASAYANA

A:-SATHATAM ADYAYANAM

B:-Prolonged use of THRIPHALA

C:-RITHU SODHANA

D:-SAMA JAGARANAM

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question97:-Select the correct treatment protocol for Athiyoga of Nasya

A:-VATHA HARA CHIKITSA

B:-Kapa Vatha Hara Chikitsa

C:-PRATIMARSA NASYA

D:-Adopt Kapha Praseka Chikitsa

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question98:-Choose Virechana Atiyoga Lakshana

A:-NABHI STABOATA

B:-ANGA GOURAVAM

C:-KUKSHI SOOGAM

D:-KAPHATHI YOGAM

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question99:-Improved learning and memory by the use of Madhya rasayana can be best explained by \_\_\_\_\_

A:-Dendritic Arborization

B:-DNA damage hypothesis

C:-Caloric restriction theory

D:-Antagonistic pleiotrophy

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question100:-Individuals with Insomnia are susceptible to extreme worry and unpleasant intrusive thoughts. This concept is explained as \_\_\_\_\_.

A:-Stimulous control

B:-Increased level of cardiac prejection period (PEP) value

C:-Cognitive model

D:-REM sleep instability

Correct Answer:- Option-C