020/2025

Maximum: 100 marks

Time: 1 hour and 30 minutes

1.	The corre	ct point angle of a chisel depend on	the:				
	(A)	Material of the chisel	(B)	Depth of cut			
	(C)	Hammering force given	(D)	Material to be chipped			
2.	Files are	specified according to their:					
	(A)	Length and grade	(B)	Length, grade and shape			
	(C)	Length, grade, cut and shape	(D)	Length and cut			
3.	Which pa	rt of a hammer is meant for fixing h	andle rig	idly?			
	(A)	Eye hole	(B)	Cheek			
	(C)	Pein	(D)	Wedge			
4.	The igniti	on temperature of steel for oxy-acet	ylene gas	cutting is:			
	(A)	375 to 475 °C	(B)	100 to $150~^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$			
	(C)	1500 to 1530 °C	(D)	875 to 900 °C			
5 .	The cutting nozzle size is given by the of the cutting orifice in mm.						
	(A)	Diameter	(B)	Radius			
	(C)	Area	(D)	None of the above			
6.	Oxygen gas cylinders can store gas to a capacity of :						
	(A)	7 m^3	(B)	6 m ³			
	(C)	1 m^3	(D)	1.6 m ³			
7.	Acetylene	gas is generated from:					
	(A)						
	(B)	Calcium carbide and water					
	(C)	Zinc sulphate and water					
	(D)	Water and barium chloride					
8.	Which ox	y-acetylene welding flame is used fo	r welding	mild steel?			
	(A)	Neutral flame	(B)	Carburising flame			
	(C)	Oxidising flame	(D)	Reducing flame			
Δ		3					

	(A)	(A) Composition of material to be joined				
	(B)	Thickness of material				
	(C)	Welding position				
	(D)	Type of fuel gas				
10.	What is th	ne special method for safe storage of ace	tylen	e gas in cylinder?		
	(A)	Stored in gaseous form				
	(B)	Stored in the solid form				
	(C)	Stored in semi liquid form				
	(D)	Stored as dissolved gas in liquid aceto	ne			
11.	Low press	ure blow pipe is also called :				
	(A)	Equal pressure blow pipe	(B)	Non injector blow pipe		
	(C)	Injector blow pipe	(D)	Automatic blow pipe		
12.	The angle	of blow pipe to the line of weld in right	ward	welding technique?		
	(A)	30 ° to 45 °	(B)	50 ° to 60 °		
	(C)	10 ° to 20 °	(D)	40 ° to 50 °		
13.	Which one	of the following is not a form of flux in	gas v	velding?		
	(A)	Coil	(B)	Powder		
	(C)	Paste	(D)	Liquid		
14.	Number of	f pin holes formed on the surface of the	depos	sited metal is called		
	(A)	Undercut	(B)	Porosity		
	(C)	Cracks	(D)	Burnthrough		
15.	Weldable	type of cast iron is :				
	(A)	Nodular cast iron	(B)	Malleable cast iron		
	(C)	White cast iron	(D)	Grey cast iron		
16.	Which of t	he following is an advantages of high p	ressu	re system of gas welding?		
	(A)	Working efficiency is more				
	(B)	More chances of accidents				
	(C)	Less expensive				
	(D)	Both injector and non injector type blo	w pip	es can't be used		

The selection of flux in gas welding depends upon :

9.

17. What is the first compartment contained in the purifier?			r?	
	(A)	Purifying materials	(B)	Pumice stone
	(C)	Filter wool	(D)	Water
18.	The melti	ng point of zinc:		
	(A)	419 °C	(B)	950 °C
	(C)	1083 °C	(D)	1930 °C
19.	Aluminiu	m is classified in to	main groups.	
	(A)	5	(B)	2
	(C)	3	(D)	4
20.		is a groove or channel for	rmed along the to	e of the weld on one side or both
	sides.			
	(A)	Crater	(B)	Under cut
	(C)	Key hole	(D)	Penetration
21.	What is tl	he substance used as a cool	ant in spot weldin	g ?
	(A)	Air	(B)	Water
	(C)	Oil	(D)	Kerosene
22.	Which on	e of the following is an exar	nple of resistance	welding?
	(A)	Thermit welding	(B)	Laser beam welding
	(C)	Spot welding	(D)	All are correct
23.		n is produced by the hea Beam welding, primarily of		concentrated beam composed in
	(A)	Velocity	(B)	Vaccum chamber
	(C)	Focussing coil	(D)	High velocity of electrons
24.	Which of end-to-end		welding machine	is used to join pipe sections in
	(A)	Spot welding	(B)	Butt welding
	(C)	Seam welding	(D)	Projection welding
25.	Which of length?	the following operating va	ariable in Subme	rged Arc welding controls the arc
	(A)	Welding voltage	(B)	Welding speed
	(C)	Welding current	(D)	Stick out

26. Which of the following is not an advantage of resistance welding?			ce welding?		
		(A)	Widely used for sheet metals	(B)	The equipment is costly
		(C)	Speedy process	(D)	No distortion
27 .	Whi	ch one	e of the following property of flux is us	sed in E	Electro Slag welding?
		(A)	It has high electrical resistance		
		(B)	It is refractory in nature		
		(C)	It has very low electrical resistance		
		(D)	It is difficulty to melt		
28.	The	reacti	ion takes place in thermit welding is:		
		(A)	Endothermic	(B)	Exothermic
		(C)	Combustion	(D)	Decombustion
29.		herm ortion	it welding heat is produced between.	een	and iron oxide in right
		(A)	Magnesium powder	(B)	Copper
		(C)	Lead	(D)	Aluminium powder
30.	Whi	ch is a	an advantage of Friction welding?		
		(A)	Less thickness of sections cannot be	welded	l
		(B)	Only butt joints can be done		
		(C)	No filler rod or electrode is required		
		(D)	There is a burr surrounding the wel	d area	
31.	Whi	ch of t	the following statement is/are correct	about I	Laser Beam welding?
	(i)	A sir	ngle frequency light beam is used		
	(ii)		light energy is put in to a single m te the beam	olecule	of a substance (Ruby or CO_2) to
	(iii)	This	process is used for welding small ligh	ıt mate	rials
		(A)	Only (i) and (ii)		
		(B)	All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii)		
		(C)	Only (i) and (iii)		
		(D)	Only (ii) and (iii)		
32.	The	multi	spot welding is:		
		(A)	Projection welding	(B)	Spot welding
		(C)	Seam welding	(D)	Percussion welding

33.	Thermit v	velding is a form of :		
	(A)	Resistance welding	(B)	Forge welding
	(C)	Fusion welding	(D)	Pressure welding
34.	Which typ	pe of joint is required for spot welding	ng?	
	(A)	Corner joint	(B)	Butt joint
	(C)	Lap joint	(D)	T joint
35.	Electron shielding	beam welding is an automatic pgas.	process pe	erformed in without a
	(A)	Vaccum	(B)	Circle
	(C)	Area	(D)	Light
36.	A welder	qualification test is to verify :		
	(A)	The quality of the material	(B)	Skill of the welder
	(C)	The manufacturing method	(D)	DT and NDT details
37.	WPS mea	ns?		
	(A)	Welder performance in service	(B)	Weld procedure specification
	(C)	Weld product and service	(D)	Welding production and skill
38.	Which of	the following destructive test is rela	ited to izo	d and charpy machines?
	(A)	Impact test	(B)	Bend test
	(C)	Fatique test	(D)	Tensile test
39.	The surfa	ce and sub-surface cracks in the w	eldment o	of magnetic alloys can be inspected
	(A)	X-ray(radiography) test	(B)	Eddy current testing
	(C)	Ultrasonic testing	(D)	Magnetic particle test
40.	Guided be	end test is used to determine ———	of	the weld metal.
	(A)	Ductility	(B)	Impact value
	(C)	Tensile strength	(D)	Percentage of elongation
41.	The temp	erature of plasma arc cutting is:		
	(A)	20000 °K	(B)	10000 ° K
	(C)	17000 °K	(D)	46000 °K

42.	Stainless	steel can be cut easily by :		
	(A)	Plasma arc cutting	(B)	Oxy- fuel cutting
	(C)	(A) and (B) are correct	(D)	(A) and (B) are not correct
43.		-	•	cerial whose dimensions have been
	affected a	nd make them as good as new	and obtain the	required properties.
	(A)	Tempering	(B)	Case hardening
	(C)	Surfacing	(D)	Peening
44.	Which fla	me is used for hard facing?		
	(A)	Neutral	(B)	Carburising
	(C)	Oxidising	(D)	All are correct
45.	Post heat	ing ———— the ratio of co	ooling of a weld	led joint.
	(A)	Accelerates	(B)	Regular
	(C)	Retards	(D)	Equilise
46.	A short an	c will reduce :		
	(A)	Arc blow	(B)	Distortion
	(C)	Penetration	(D)	Welding crack
47.	. The distance between the tip of the electrode and the parent metal where the arc strik is called:			
	(A)	Arc gap	(B)	Arc length
	(C)	Arc distance	(D)	Arc width
48.	Some time	e in electric arc welding, arc gi	ves out more s	patters it is due to :
	(A)	High welding current	(B)	Low welding current
	(C)	High welding speed	(D)	Short arc length
49.	In the ele	ctrode coating ER4211, what d	oes the 'R' Indi	cate:
	(A)	Types of covering	(B)	Welding position
	(C)	Tensile strength of the joint	(D)	Welding current
50.	The electr	rode, which deposits a more am	ount of weld n	netal per unit time is called :
	(A)	Basic coated electrode	(B)	Iron powder electrode
	(C)	Heavy coated electrode	(D)	Deep penetration electrode

51.	A device designed for checking the shape and size of welding is called:				
	(A)	Weld dial	(B)	Weld gauge	
	(C)	Weld indicator	(D)	Weld template	
52.	Welding t	ransformers are equipp	ed with condensers so	as to improve:	
	(A)	Power factor	(B)	Energy factor	
	(C)	Voltage factor	(D)	Current factor	
53.	A depress	ion formed at the end of	f the weld is called:		
	(A)	Pin hole	(B)	Crater	
	(C)	Blow hole	(D)	Crack	
54.	Electrode	used for arc welding of	aluminium contain 9	5% aluminium and :	
	(A)	5% silicon	(B)	5% manganese	
	(C)	5% sulphur	(D)	5% phosphorus	
55.	The proce	ss of hammering the we	eld metal immediately	after it is deposited is called:	
	(A)	Tinning	(B)	Peening	
	(C)	Pressing	(D)	Dressing	
56.	What is th	ne name of semi-circular	r deposit on a weld be	ad?	
	(A)	Reinforcement	(B)	Sealing run	
	(C)	Under cut	(D)	Crater	
57.	What is th	ne name of joint if two n	nembers welded in the	e same plane?	
	(A)	Lap joint	(B)	Tee joint	
	(C)	Butt joint	(D)	Edge joint	
58.	What is th	ne conversion function o	of a rectifier?		
	(A)	AC to AC	(B)	DC to DC	
	(C)	AC to DC	(D)	DC to AC	
59 .	Which one	e of the following pipes	welding stands for 45	° inclined position welding?	
	(A)	1G	(B)	2G	
	(C)	3G	(D)	6G	

60.	. What is the defined as vertical position of groove welding?				
	(A)	1G	(B)	2G	
	(C)	3G	(D)	4G	
61.	What is th	ne purpose of wrapping the weld cab	le around	d the job in welding?	
	(A)	To control arc blow	(B)	To control arc speed	
	(C)	To control arc length	(D)	To control distortion	
62.	When H ₂ normally?	control is specified for a manual me	tal arc w	relding project, the electrode would	
	(A)	Cellulose	(B)	Iron oxide	
	(C)	Acid	(D)	Basic	
63.	_	site manual metal arc welding the choose for safe working?	e followi	ng equipment is available. Which	
	(A)	Single operator transformer			
	(B)	Multi operator transformer			
	(C)	AC/DC Composite power unit			
	(D)	Diesel engine driven motor generat	cor		
64.	Silicon is	added to electrode coating as :			
	(A)	A shipping agent	(B)	A slag former	
	(C)	A de-oxidant	(D)	A colouring agent	
65.	When wel	ding thin plate distortion can be mir	nimised b	y?	
	(A)	Welding from both side			
	(B)	Using U preparation rather than V	type		
	(C)	Using strong back			
	(D)	Using back step welding			
66.	What is th	ne non-consumable electrode of high	melting	point used in TIG welding?	
	(A)	Carbon electrode	(B)	Copper electrode	
	(C)	Tungsten electrode	(D)	Aluminium electrode	
67.	How heat GTAW?	affected zone is covered and prote	ected fro	m atmospheric contaminations in	
	(A)	Inert gas	(B)	Oxygen gas	
	(C)	Fuel gas	(D)	Active gas	

68.	3. Which type of tungsten electrode is suitable for welding stainless steel by TIG processith DC?			ling stainless steel by TIG process
	(A)	Pure tungsten electrode	(B)	Cerium tungsten electrode
	(C)	Thoriated tungsten electrode	(D)	Zirconium tungsten electrode
69.	Which typ	oe of current supply is best suited for G	TAW	of aluminium and its alloys?
	(A)	AC	(B)	DC
	(C)	DCSP	(D)	DCRP
70.	What is th	ne defect while TIG welding if the curre	ent is	too low?
	(A)	Crack	(B)	Porosity
	(C)	Under cut	(D)	Lack of fusion
71.	What is th	ne name electronic unit that helps to in	itiate	the arc in TIG welding process?
	(A)	Low frequency unit	(B)	Medium frequency unit
	(C)	High frequency unit	(D)	Double frequency unit
72.	Which on welding?	e is added with tungsten to increase	e the	current carrying capacity in TIG
	(A)	Thorium oxide	(B)	Iron oxide
	(C)	Flux	(D)	Non -metal oxide
73.	State the aluminium	reason for using an AC power source in :	n the	TIG welding process while welding
	(A)	It clean aluminium oxide		
	(B)	AC welding transformer is cheaper m	achin	e
	(C)	No arc blow effect		
	(D)	The efficiency of transformer is high		
74.	TIG weldi	ng nozzles are made by:		
	(A)	Aluminium	(B)	Copper
	(C)	Brass	(D)	Ceramic
75.	Colour ide	entification of tungsten with 2% thorium	m TIG	delectrode is :
	(A)	White	(B)	Red
	(C)	Yellow	(D)	Orange

76.	In following gases which one is recommended for welding of steel?				
	(A)	Argon -helium	(B)	Argon - hydrogen	
	(C)	Argon - nitrogen	(D)	All the above	
77.	Stainless	steel is mostly welded by TIG welding	in:		
	(A)	DCSP	(B)	DCRP	
	(C)	ACSP	(D)	AC	
78.	EWP "E"	stands for an :			
	(A)	Electrode	(B)	Element	
	(C)	Emission	(D)	None of these	
79.	ISO Stand	ds for :			
	(A)	International organization for standa	rdizat	ion	
	(B)	Indian standard organization			
	(C)	Industrial standard organization			
	(D)	Institute standard organization			
80.	Which shi	elding gas will produce smooth arc in 7	ΓIG w	elding?	
	(A)	Helium	(B)	Argon	
	(C)	Carbon dioxide	(D)	Oxygen	
81.	What is a	lso referred as a GTAW?			
	(A)	TIG welding	(B)	MIG welding	
	(C)	MAG welding	(D)	GAS welding	
82.	Argon gas is to:	s backing is called for when TIG wel	ding a	austenitic stainless steel pipe this	
	(A)	Prevent oxidation			
	(B)	Prevent under bead cracking			
	(C)	Prevent porosity			
	(D)	Control the penetration bead shape			
83.	In curren	nt/polarity used for TIG welding of m is:	all	materials except aluminium and	
	(A)	DC negative	(B)	DC positive	
	(C)	AC	(D)	Square wave AC	

84.	84. Pipe bores of some materials must be purged with argon before and during TIG well in order to:			on before and during TIG welding
	(A)	Prevent linear porosity		
	(B)	Prevent burn through		
	(C)	Prevent oxidation of the root	bead	
	(D)	Eliminate moisture of the roo	t bead	
85.	In TIG we	elding what is the benefit of a c	urrent slope o	ut device? It reduce :
	(A)	Tungsten spatter	(B)	Risk of crater cracking
	(C)	Risk of arc strikes	(D)	Inter pass temperature
86.	Which one	e of the following is most comm	only used pow	er supply for GMAW?
	(A)	AC	(B)	DCEP
	(C)	DCEN	(D)	None of the above
87.	The electricalled:	rode extended from the end of	the contact ti	p of the welding gun to the arc is
	(A)	Stick-up	(B)	Stick down
	(C)	Stick in	(D)	Stick out
88.	There are desirable?		fer in GMAW	V, which one is considered least
	(A)	Globular	(B)	Short circuiting
	(C)	Spray	(D)	Pulsed
89.		ne name of welding process if the d by inert gas?	ne arc produce	d by a consumable metal electrode
	(A)	MAG welding	(B)	MIG welding
	(C)	TIG welding	(D)	Plasma welding
90.	The other	name of CO ₂ welding is:		
	(A)	Metal active gas welding	(B)	Metal oxygen welding
	(C)	Gas welding	(D)	Gas arc welding
91.	Contact ti	p of GMAW torch is made by :		
	(A)	Aluminium	(B)	Copper
	(C)	Nickel	(D)	Stainless steel

92.	In the GM	IAW electrode specification ER	870 S-6, "S" sta	nds for :
	(A)	Steel	(B)	Strength
	(C)	Silicon	(D)	Solid
93.	The rate a	at which the arc moves along the	he joints is kno	own as:
	(A)	Arc voltage	(B)	Current
	(C)	Background current	(D)	Arc travel speed
94.	What will	be increases when you are inc	reasing the wi	re feed speed in GMAW?
	(A)	Arc length	(B)	Welding current
	(C)	Voltage	(D)	Stick out
95.	The draw	back of CO ₂ shielding in GMA	W is:	
	(A)	More spatters	(B)	Low spatters
	(C)	Low heat	(D)	None of these
96.	Which is	used to reduce the cylinder pre	ssure and mad	e to working pressure?
	(A)	Gas heater	(B)	Gas pressure regulator
	(C)	Flow meter	(D)	Welding gas
97.	CO ₂ is ext	ensively used for welding:		
	(A)	Stainless steel	(B)	Copper alloys
	(C)	Mild steel	(D)	Aluminium
98.	A suitable	e gas/gas mixture for GMAW fo	or aluminium i	s:
	(A)	$100\%~\mathrm{CO}_2$	(B)	100% Argon
	(C)	80% Argon + 20% CO ₂	(D)	98% Argon + 2% oxygen
99.	For GMA	W the burn off rate of the wire	is directly rela	ted to:
	(A)	Stick out length	(B)	Wire feed speed
	(C)	Arc voltage	(D)	Travel speed
100.	The arc le	ength is most likely to be affect	ed by what du	ring CO ₂ welding :
	(A)	The wire diameter	(B)	The current return connection
	(C)	The gas flow rate	(D)	The torch to work angle

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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