Question Booklet Alpha Code



. No.

Total Number of Questions: 100 Time: 90 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. **A, B, C** & **D**.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

A -2-

	The marking media u A) Prussian blue C) Chalk	sed for marking out p	B)	ose which is poiso Copper Sulphate Charcoal	nou	s is
2.	B grade surface plate within	flatness.		_		•
	A) 0.5 mm	B) 0.05 mm	C)	0.002 mm	D)	0.005 mm
3.	The smallest size of (A) 1.0005 mm	gauge block in a M88 B) 1.005 mm			D)	0.0005 mm
4.	,	d part of the work piece of k to be held firmly by gight of angle plate	e bol	ts and clamps		
	In measurement, the the other is A) Angle standard B) Circular standard C) End standard D) International stand		assif	ïed as two. One is	i line	e standard and
	is an A) Slip gauge C) Steel Rule	example of precision	B)	asuring instrument Depth gauge Protractor		
7.		remely useful for scrib of a cylindrical work	is B)	·		
8.		of the thimble of an out divisions above refere thimble line coincide B) 18.62 mm	nce es w	line, 1 division be	low I lin	reference line
9.	Gauges are made in used in the productio A) Grade 00	5 grades of accuracy n of components, tool B) Grade 0	s ar	_		nost commonly

A -3-

10.	In a vernier caliper th 0 to 50. Every fifth di is equal to the length least count of this ver A) 0.01 mm	vision is numbered. T of 49 divisions or 49 nier calliper ?	he mm	length of 50 divisi on the main scale	ons e. Th	on the vernie
11.	Which metal is used: A) Low carbon steel C) Drop forged carbo		,	High carbon stee Medium carbon s		
12.	How bench vice is sp A) Length of fixed jaw C) Length of spindle		,	Length of movable Width of the jaws	-	W
13.	What is the accuracy	of steel rule in British	sys	stem ?		
	A) $\frac{1}{64}$ inch	B) 1 inch	C)	$\frac{1}{32}$ inch	D)	$\frac{1}{24}$ inch
14.	What is the accuracy A) 0.0002 mm			ength ? 0.002 mm	D)	0.02 mm
15.	What is the other nar A) Vernier caliper C) Outside caliper	ne of jenny caliper ?	,	Hermaphrodite ca	alipe	er
16.	Which instrument is u	used for testing the str	aigl	ntness and flatnes	s of	plane
	surfaces ? A) Steel rule C) Spirit level		,	Vernier caliper Straight edge		
17.	Which part of combin A) Centre head C) Protractor head	ation set is used to lo	B)	e the centre of cyli Rule Square head	ndrid	cal jobs ?
18.	How many minutes a A) 30 minutes	re in 1 degree ? B) 180 minutes	C)	60 minutes	D)	120 minutes
19.	What is the unit of ma	ass in FPS system ? B) Milligram	C)	Pound	D)	Tonne
20.	How screw drivers and A) According to the B) According to the BC A	liameter of shank ength of shank and w ength of handle	idth	of tip		

21.	 Which of the following statement is correct about Needle file? A) File length = Nominal length + Tang length B) Tang length = Nominal length + File length C) Nominal length = File length + Tang length D) Nominal length = Handle length + Tang length 					
22.	Which of the following statement is/are correct related to grinding wheel bond? i. Shellac bond wheels have a milder action and cut with less harshness than vitrified bond wheels.					
	ii. Silicate bond is used for he required.	eavy duty, lar	rge diameter wheels v	where fine finish is		
	iii. Vitrified bond is the mos strength.	st widely use	ed bond and it has h	nigh porosity and		
	iv. Resinoid bond is used for castings.	speed wheels	s and are used in four	ndries for dressing		
	A) Only i and iiiC) Only i, iii and iv		B) Only iii and ivD) All of the above			
23.	What is the point angle of chis 20 degree ?	el, having rak	ke angle 30 degree ar	nd clearance angle		
	A) 50 degree B) 10 d	egree	C) 40 degree	D) 60 degree		
24.	A hole is reamed with a 10 mr A) 9.00 mm B) 9.70		ll size should be C) 9.80 mm	D) 9.75 mm		
25.	Match the following:					
	a. Mill saw file i.	Used for die work.	e-sinking, engraving a	and in silversmith's		
	b. Crossing file ii.	Used for sha	arpening teeth of woo	d-working saws.		
	c. Barrette file iii.	This file has the bottom fa	a rectangular shape ace.	with teeth only at		
	d. Riffler file iv.	This file is al	lso known as 'fish bad	ck' file.		
	V.	This file has wide face or	a flat, triangular face nly.	e with teeth on the		
	A) $a - ii$, $b - iv$, $c - i$, $d - iv$					
	B) $a - ii$, $b - iv$, $c - v$, $d - iv$					
	D) $a - ii$, $b - v$, $c - i$, $d - v$					

26.		wing statements is/are				
	 In a single cut file, the teeth are at an angle of 60 degree to the centre line and second cut file, over cut 70 degree and upcut 51 degree. 					
		are available only in fla		cut files are available		
	only in half rou	und.	•			
	•	ile is the distance from	•			
		s used for bringing the		ning size.		
	A) Only i and iiC) Only i, ii and iii	i	B) Only i and ivD) None of the ab	10VA		
	,		•			
27.	The angle of coun A) 75 degree	ter sinking, for the use on B) 90 degree	countersink head scre C) 120 degree	ews and deburring is D) 80 degree		
28.	Which of the follow	wing statement is/are c	orrect about chisel ar	ngles ?		
	i. The correct po clearance ang	pint angle and angle of lle.	inclination generate	the correct rake and		
	ii. If the clearanc	e angle is too great, the	e rake angle increase	s.		
	•	le is the angle betwee the work surface origir		• •		
	•	the angle between the the work surface at the		g point, and normal		
	A) Only i, iii and i	V	B) Only i, ii and iii			
	C) Only i and iii		D) All of the above	e		
29.	Which of the follow	wing statements is/are	correct with related to	hack saw blade?		
	i. All hard blades	s should be thinner that	n flexible blades.			
		es, only the teeth are h				
	iii. For cutting sof	ft materials such as bro blade	onze, brass, soft stee	el, cast iron etc. uses		
	•	iduit and other thin tubir	ng, sheet metal work e	etc. uses 0.8 mm pitch		
	blade.			·		
	A) Only ii and iv		B) Only i, ii and iii			
	C) Only i, ii and iv		D) Only iv			
30.	In a drill bit the na	errow strip which extend	ds to the entire length	of the flute is known		
	A) Web	B) Body Clearanc	e C) Land	D) Shank		
31.	The difference be	tween high limit and lov	w limit is called			
	A) Tolerance	B) Clearance	C) Allowance	D) Fit		
Α			-6-			

- 32. What is accuracy of metric outside vernier micrometer?
 - A) 0.02 mm
- B) 0.01 mm
- C) 0.001 mm
- D) 0.002 mm
- 33. What is the term used for the relationship exist between two mating parts?
 - A) Limit
- B) Allowance
- C) Tolerance
- D) Fit
- 34. Which type of fixture is used for machines on evenly spaced surfaces?
 - A) Angle plate fixture

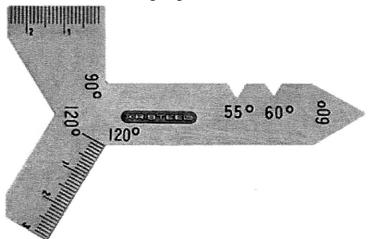
B) Vice jaw fixture

C) Indexing fixture

- D) Plate fixture
- 35. Which type of jig is used for awkwardly shaped work piece to drill at different angle?
 - A) Trunnion jig
- B) Indexing jig
- C) Post jig
- D) Solid jig

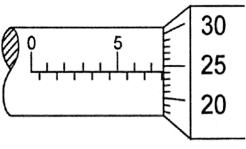
- 36. What is the use of drill gauge?
 - A) Check the lip length

- B) Check the diameters of the drill
- C) Check the cutting angle of the drill
- D) Check the length of the drill
- 37. What is the name of gauge?



- A) Slip gauge
- C) Centre gauge

- B) Angle gauge
- D) Screw pitch gauge
- 38. What is the reading of the outside micrometer 50 mm to 75 mm?



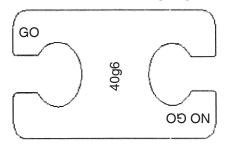
- A) 57.24 mm
- B) 57.74 mm
- C) 58.24 mm
- D) 58.74 mm

39. What is the reading of a vernier caliper?



- A) 35.00 mm
- C) 35.42 mm

- B) 35.40 mm
- D) 35.50 mm
- 40. What is the name of gauge?



- A) Taper Gauge
- C) Double end Plug Gauge

- B) Progressive Plug Gauge
- D) Snap Gauge
- 41. What is the approximate composition of lead and tin in eutectic alloy?
 - A) 60% Tin and 40% Lead
- B) 40% Tin and 60% Lead
- C) 66% Tin and 34% Lead

- D) 63% Tin and 37% Lead
- 42. Which type of belt fastener is used on heavy-duty machines?
 - A) Wire type belt fastener

- B) Lagrelle type belt fastener
- C) Jackson type belt fastener
- D) Crescent type belt fastener
- 43. Which washer is used when the mounting holes are over size?
 - A) Internal type

- B) External type
- C) Internal and external type
- D) Counter sunk type
- 44. Which type of gears are widely used for speed reduction purposes?
 - A) Worm shaft and worm gear
- B) Rack and pinion

C) Bevel gear

- D) Mitre gear
- 45. Which type of bearing has provision for wear adjustment?
 - A) Self-aligning bush bearing
- B) Adjustable slide bearing

C) Split bearing

- D) Solid bearing
- 46. Which set screw is used on parts requiring frequent adjustment?
 - A) Oval point set screw

B) Cone point set screw

C) Flat point set screw

D) Dog point set screw

47.	Which coupling is used on line shafts in to	extile mills?						
	A) Clamp coupling	B) Universal coupling						
	C) Safety coupling	D) Plate coupling						
48.	Which rivets are used to reduce the height surface?	t of the rivet head above the metal						
	A) Mushroom head rivets	B) Snap head rivets						
	C) Pan head rivets	D) Flat head rivets						
49.	Which of the following clutch is a positive	drive ?						
	A) Cone clutch	B) Centrifugal clutch						
	C) Multi-plate clutch	D) Dog clutch						
50.	Which type of key is used for transmitting	unidirectional torque ?						
	A) Taper and jib-headed key	B) Parallel or feather key						
	C) Woodruff key	D) Saddle key						
51.	Which of the following statement is/are co							
		i. Lead is extracted from ore called Galena.						
	ii. Lead is a heavy metal.							
	iii. Solder is an alloy of Lead.							
	A) Only ii and iii	B) Only i and ii						
	C) All of the above i, ii and iii	D) Only iii						
52.	Which of the following statement is/are co	errect about Annealing?						
	i. Annealing soften the steel.							
	ii. Annealing reduce ductility.							
	iii. Annealing improves the machinability.							
	A) Only iii	B) Only i and ii						
	C) Only i and iii	D) All of the above i, ii, and iii						
53.	Which of the following statement is/are co	orrect related to structure of steel?						
	i. Ferrite is relatively soft and ductile.							
	ii. Cementite is a chemical form of iron a	nd carbon.						
	iii. Carbon content in ferrite is more than	1%.						
	A) Only iii	B) Only i and ii						
	C) Only i and iii	D) All of the above i, ii, and iii						

A

54.	The major constituen A) Copper and Tin C) Nickel and Coppe		ıl are	re B) Tin and Iron D) Nickel and Zinc		
55.	Major constituents of A) Zinc	Muntz metal is B) Copper		C) Lead	D) Tin	
56.	Match the hardness t Group II.	esting methods i	n G	roup I with the correspo	onding indenters in	
	P. Vickers hardness		1.	Brale indenter		
	Q. Brinell hardness		2.	1.6 mm diameter stee	l ball	
	R. Rockwell B hardn	ess	3.	10 mm diameter steel	ball	
	S. Rockwell C hardn	ess	4.	Square base diamond	l Pyramid	
	A) P-1, Q-2, R-3 B) P-1, Q-3, R-3 C) P-4, Q-2, R-3 D) P-4, Q-3, R-3	2, S – 4 3, S – 1				
57.	When heating the ste A) 730°C	el, changes its to B) 703°C	emp	erature commences fro C) 743°C	om D) 723°C	
58.	 B. In the process of normalizing steel, the specimen is subjected to heating A) Between the upper and lower critical temperatures, followed by cooling in still air. B) Between the upper and lower critical temperatures, then cooled in a furnace. C) Above the upper critical temperature, then cooled in a furnace. D) Above the upper critical temperature, then cooled in still air. 					
59.	Double bell and happ A) Blast furnace C) Electric furnace	er arrangement	med	chanism is used in B) Open-hearth furn D) Crucible process		
60.	Alloy that contains lar A) Mischmetal	nthanoid metals i B) Perm alloy	is	C) Supermalloy	D) Mumetal	
61.	·	nole in Anvil, whic	ch is	used for holding squa	re shank of various	
	fitting A) Prichel hole	B) Piercing hole	е	C) Hardie hole	D) Beak hole	

Α

	II. The edges of cold	chisel is hardened a chisel is hardened a chisel is 30° and hard	and tempered with an a and tempered with an a dening is not necessal	angle of 60°. angle of 30°. ry.
63.	The Forging operatio is called	·		arger tapered puch
	A) Drift	B) Prick punch	C) Swage	D) Hatch
64.	II. It is the process o	f combined (packed) f separating (cut off)	se of Cutting in Forging forging piece into heal long piece of stock into a furnace to an temper	vy stock. o specified length.
	IV. This process, Stee 1110 to 1200°C.	el must be heated in	a furnace to an tempe	rature from
	A) I and II C) III and I		B) II and III D) IV and I	
65.	In forging operations, expense of its length	•	s of increasing the thic	kness of bar at the
	A) Swaging	B) Setting down	C) Up setting	D) Drawing
66.	6. Which are the statement correct in the case of Forging Fullers?I. Fullers are used for necking down a piece of work.II. Fullers are used to give smoothness and accuracy to article which are already shaped.			
	III. It is used for wor hexagonal form.	k which has to be	reduced and finished	to round, square,
	IV. They are made in A) I and II C) III and IV	top and bottom tool.	B) II and III D) IV and I	
67.	In Forging, the materic substantial plastic de stresses?	•	s a property, which is t racture even in the p	-
	A) Tenancity	B) Ductility	C) Toughness	D) Hardness

A -11-

68.	Which of the alloy Me A) Maraging steel C) Copper alloy	etal have good relative	B)	rgability ? Titanium alloy Molleybdenum		
69.	In Forge weld, metho A) Scrafing	d of preparing the pie B) Stuffing		of Metal for welding Thinning	_	s known as Pritching
70.	The process of produc Die in Forging operat A) Shutting	ion is		, , ,		over cylindrical Drifting
71.	What is the cutting ar A) 60°	ngle of straight snips ? B) 72°		87°	D)	56°
72.	Which mallet is used A) Bossing mallet C) End-Faked mallet	•	B)	Rawhide mallet Ordinary mallet		
73.	What is the least coul A) 0.1 mm	nt of a metric outside B) 0.5 mm		rometer ? 0.2 mm	D)	0.01 mm
74.	The point angle of a SA) 5° to 8°	Scriber is B) 10° to 20°	C)	6° to 9°	D)	25° to 30°
75.	,			heavy gauge met Point soldering iro Straight soldering	on	
76.	The angle of bevelled A) 65° to 70°	_		is 20° to 30°	D)	50° to 60°
77.	Which sheet is used to A) Lead sheet C) Galvanised Iron si		B)	ve acid tanks ? Copper sheet Aluminium sheet		
78.	The process of removis known as			•		
	A) Embossing	B) Curling	C)	Notching	D)	Hemming
79.	The operation of procknown as	ducing thin-walled hol	llow	shaped articles fr	om	sheet metal is
	A) Trimming	B) Drawing	C)	Blanking	D)	Slitting

A -12-

80.	The allowance for Pa A) $P = 3W + 2T$	•	C) P = 3W + 3T	D) P = 2W + 2T
81.	What is the melting p A) 419°C	oint of Zinc ? B) 216°C	C) 659°C	D) 232°C
82.	The flame used for on A) Carburising flame C) Neutral flame	-	of copper must be B) Oxidizing flame D) Slightly oxidizing	
83.	ii. Use the match bo	rease in any part or a x to ignite oxy-acetyle	ssembly of a gas wel	
84.	Which among the foll i. Undercut ii. Blowhole iii. Spatters iv. Crack A) Only ii and iii C) Only i and ii	lowing weld defects a	re internal defects? B) Only ii and iv D) Only i and iv	
85.	Which of the following i. Welding blow pipe ii. Electrode holder iii. Welding cables iv. Spark lighter A) Only i and iii C) Only ii and iii	_	n with gas welding? B) Only i and iv D) Only iii and iv	
86.	What are the uses of i. used for gas cuttin ii. used for underwa iii. used for heating p iv. used for brazing A) Only i and ii C) Only ii and iv	ng steel ter gas cutting of stee		

A

87.	Wł	nich of the following statements are corre	ect?	
	i.	Carbide to water type acetylene genera 1 kg/cm ² .	tor p	produces acetylene pressure up to
	ii.	Water to carbide type acetylene gen generator.	erat	tor is low pressure acetylene gas
	iii.	Water to carbide type acetylene generate carbide.	or us	ses only a particular grade of calcium
	iv.	All of the above.		
	A)	Only i and iii	B)	Only i and ii
	C)	Only ii and iii	D)	Only iv
88.	Wł	nat should be done in oxy-acetylene wel	ding	flash back happens ?
	i.	Close the blowpipe oxygen valve first		
	ii.	Cool the blowpipe in water		
	iii.	Increase the acetylene gas pressure		
	iv.	The nozzle touche the molten pool		
	A)	Only ii and iii	B)	Only i and ii
	C)	Only iii and iv	D)	Only i and iv
89.	Wł	nich among the following welding tests a	re d	estructive tests?
	i.	Tensile test		
	ii.	Stethoscopic test		
	iii.	Liquid penetrant test		
	iv.	Impact test		
	A)	Only i and iv	B)	Only ii and iii
	C)	Only ii and iv	D)	Only i and iii
90.	Fo	r complete combustion one volume of ac	cetyl	ene requires
	A)	3.5 volume of oxygen	B)	1.5 volume of oxygen
	C)	2.5 volume of oxygen	D)	1 volume of oxygen
91.	Wł	nich part of the lathe is used to support lo	ong	workpieces?
	A)	Headstock	B)	Tailstock
	C)	Carriage	D)	Tool post

A -14-

92.	Which one of the followard Swing diameter of C) Swing diameter of C)	ver bed	B)	ion of a lathe mac Length between of Diameter of spind	centres
93.	Four jaw chuck can b A) .02 mm C) .10 mm	e trued to the accurac	B)	f .002 mm .05 mm	
94.	The property of cuttin A) Brittleness C) Hot hardness	g tool which help to w	B)	stand sudden load Toughness Ductility	while cutting is
95.	The back gear is prov A) Increase the spino C) Reduce the mach	dle speed	B)	oe headstock in lat Increase the cutti Reduce the spind	ng speed
96.	Negative rake angle (A) High speed steel C) High carbon steel	generally provided in t	B)	cutting tools which Diamond Carbide	are made of
97.	What is the depth of diameter 38 mm in or A) 1 mm	_		el rod turn from d 5 mm	iameter 40 mm to
98.	Calculate the driver glead screw of 5 mm pA) 50	ear teeth required to only itch with driven gear of B) 100	of 1	•	d in a lathe having D) 75
99.	In oblique cutting, the A) Parallel to tool axi C) At an angle to the	S	B)	Right angle to the None of these	e tool Axis
100.	Never lean on the matchine safety C) Road safety	achine, classified into	,	General safety Personal safety	

A

Space for Rough Work

A -16-