145/2024

Maximum: 100 marks Time: 1 hour and 30 minutes 1. The 'Five Laws of Library Science' was first published in the year: (A) 1929 (B) 1930 (C) 1931 (D) 1934 2. PGI (General Information Programme) is a programme of : (A) UNESCO (B) Library of Congress (C) FID(D) IFLA 3. 'IndCat – Online Union Catalogue of Indian Universities' – is a product of : (A) DELNET INFLIBNET (B) (C) NICNET (D) OCLC Arrange the following associations chronologically according to year of establishment: 4. (i) ILA (ii) IASLIC (iii) ALA ASLIB (iv) Codes: (A) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (B) (iv), (ii),(iii),(i) (C) (ii), (iii), (iv), (i) (i), (iv), (ii), (iii) **5.** 'National Library week' is observed in India during: (A) 1-7, November (B) 14-20, November 20-26, November (C) 8-13, November (D) Arrange the following public library acts in chronological order of enactment: 6. Karnataka Public Libraries Act (i) Madras Public Libraries Act (ii) (iii) Andhra Pradesh Public Libraries Act (iv) Maharashtra Public Libraries Act

Codes:

(C)

(A) (ii), (iv),(iii), (i)

(ii), (i), (iv), (iii)

(B) (i), (ii), (iv), (iii)

(ii), (iii), (iv), (i)

(D)

7.	'Ker	ala Pı	ıblic Libraries (Kerala Granthasala Saı	nghon	n) Act' enacted in the year :
		(A)	1987	(B)	1988
		(C)	1989	(D)	1990
8.	'Sho	dhgar	nga' is a product of :		
		(A)	DELNET	(B)	INFLIBNET
		(C)	NISCAIR	(D)	DESIDOC
9.	'Ker	ala Li	brary Association' is formed in the year	::	
		(A)	1971	(B)	1972
		(C)	1991	(D)	1992
10.	ʻUni	versal	l Availability of Publication' is a core pr	ogran	nme of :
		(A)	UNESCO	(B)	Library of Congress
		(C)	FID	(D)	IFLA
11.	'Libr	ary o	f Congress Classification Scheme' was f	ïrst d	evised in the year :
		(A)	1876	(B)	1891
		(C)	1901	(D)	1934
12.		Colon ngs to	Classification number for 'Agricultur':	al an	alysis – J':(E:3), the isolate (E:3)
		(A)	Chronological device	(B)	Subject device
		(C)	Alphabetical device	(D)	Geographical device
13.	In th	ne Cai	nons for Filiatory Sequence, which of th	e folle	owing canons are correct?
	(i)	Can	on of Subordinate Classes		
	(ii)	Can	on of Coordinate Classes		
	(iii)	Can	on of Helpful Sequence		
	(iv)	Can	on of Consistent Sequence		
		(A)	(i) and (iii) are correct		
		(B)	(i) and (iv) are correct		
		(C)	(iii) and (iv) are correct		
		(D)	(i) and (ii) are correct		
14.	Whi	ch one	e of the following is <u>not</u> an empty digit?		
		(A)	a	(B)	0
		(C)	9	(D)	Z

(A) Material (B) Property (C) Method (D) Object 16. The latest English edition of Dewey Decimal Classification scheme is: (A) 21 (B) 22 (D) 24 17. In Dr. S.R. Ranganathan's Book Number System, which one of the following is not used: (A) Collection Number (B) Language (C) Year of Publication (D) Author 18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (B) Fusion (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Minemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Minemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (D) Ci (C)	15.	_	ental Category – M		nicn (one or	following is <u>not</u> a manifestation of
16. The latest English edition of Dewey Decimal Classification scheme is: (A) 21 (B) 22 (C) 23 (D) 24 17. In Dr. S.R. Ranganathan's Book Number System, which one of the following is not used: (A) Collection Number (B) Language (C) Year of Publication (D) Author 18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (B) Fusion (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence 20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (B) (ii), (ii), (iii), (iv) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii)) 21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by — and Association of India Universities. (A) ICSSR (B) NASSDOC (C) CEFS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (i) 1864 (b) Stateman's yearbook (ii) 1953 (c) Whitaker's Almanack (iii) 1935 (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (ii), (iii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (ii), (iii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (ii), (iii) (C) (iiii), (ii), (iv), (iii)		(A)	Material			(B)	Property
(A) 21 (B) 22 (C) 23 (D) 24 17. In Dr. S.R. Ranganathan's Book Number System, which one of the following is not used (A) Collection Number (B) Language (C) Year of Publication (D) Author 18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (B) Fusion (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence 20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (i) (B) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (ii) 21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by ———————————————————————————————————		(C)	Method			(D)	Object
(C) 23	16.	The lates	t English edition o	of Dewey Decima	l Clas	sificat	tion scheme is :
17. In Dr. S.R. Ranganathan's Book Number System, which one of the following is not used: (A) Collection Number (B) Language (C) Year of Publication (D) Author 18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (B) Fusion (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence 20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (i) (B) (ii), (iii), (iv) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (ii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (ii) 21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by — and Association of India Universities. (A) ICSR (B) NASSDOC (C) CEPS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (i) 1864 (b) Stateman's yearbook (ii) 1953 (c) Whitaker's Almanack (iii) 1935 (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (i) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (iii) (C) (iiii), (i), (ii), (iv)		(A)	21			(B)	22
(A) Collection Number (B) Language (C) Year of Publication (D) Author 18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (B) Fusion (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (I) DDC (II) CC (III) UDC (IV) BC Codes (A) (I), (III), (IV), (II) (B) (III), (IV), (III), (IV) (C) (III), (III), (IV), (III) (D) (IV), (IIII), (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV), (III), (IV), (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV), (IV), (IV) ((C)	23			(D)	24
(C) Year of Publication (D) Author 18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (I) DDC (II) CC (III) UDC (IV) BC Codes (A) (I), (III), (IV), (II) (D) (IV), (III), (IV) (C) (III), (II), (IV), (II) (D) (IV), (III), (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV), (IV) (I	17.	In Dr. S.	R. Ranganathan's	Book Number Sy	stem,	which	h one of the following is <u>not</u> used?
18. The subject 'Astrophysics' is which mode of formation of subject? (A) Fission (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (E) Mnemonic sequence (E) Melpful sequence (D) Geographical sequence (E) Geographical sequence (E) Geographical sequence (E) Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (B) (ii), (ii), (ivi), (ivi) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (ii) (D) (ivi), (iii), (iv), (ivi) (D) (ivi), (iii), (ivi), (ivi) (D) (ivi), (iii), (ivi), (ivi) (D) (ivi), (iii), (ivi), (ivi) (E) CEPS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (b) Stateman's yearbook (c) CEPS (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (ii), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (iii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (ii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (iii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (iii) (C) (iiii), (ii), (iv), (iii) (C) (iiii), (ii), (ivi), (iii) (C) (iiii), (ii), (ivi), (ivi)		(A)	Collection Numb	oer		(B)	Language
(A) Fission (B) Fusion (C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence 20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (B) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i) 21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by ———————————————————————————————————		(C)	Year of Publicat	ion		(D)	Author
(C) Agglomeration (D) Lamination 19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence 20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (B) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (ii) 21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by — and Association of India Universities. (A) ICSSR (B) NASSDOC (C) CEPS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (i) 1864 (b) Stateman's yearbook (ii) 1953 (c) Whitaker's Almanack (iii) 1935 (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (iii) (C) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (iii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (iii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iii), (iv)	18.	The subje	ect 'Astrophysics' is	s which mode of	forma	tion o	f subject?
19. Wall-picture principle is related to: (A) Facet-sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (E) Geographical		(A)	Fission			(B)	Fusion
(A) Facet-sequence (B) Helpful sequence (C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence (D) Geog		(C)	Agglomeration			(D)	Lamination
(C) Mnemonic sequence (D) Geographical sequence 20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (iv), (ii) (D) (iv), (iii), (iv), (ii) (E) (iii), (ii), (iv), (ii) (E) (Iii), (iv), (iv), (ii) (E) (Iii), (iv), (ii), (iv) (Iii), (iv), (iii), (iv), (iii) (Iii), (iv), (ii), (iv), (ii) (Iii), (iv), (ii), (iv), (iii) (Iii), (iv), (ii), (iv), (iii) (Iv), (iii), (iv), (ii), (iii), (iv), (iiii), (iv), (iii), (iv), (iiii), (iv), (iii), (iv), (iiii), (iv), (19.	Wall-pict	ure principle is rel	lated to:			
20. Arrange the following classification schemes according to year of first publication: (i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (ii) (E) (Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by and Association of India Universities. (A) ICSSR (B) NASSDOC (C) CEPS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (b) Stateman's yearbook (ii) 1864 (b) Stateman's yearbook (iii) 1935 (c) Whitaker's Almanack (iii) 1935 (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (iii) (C) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)		(A)	Facet-sequence			(B)	Helpful sequence
(i) DDC (ii) CC (iii) UDC (iv) BC Codes (A) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii) (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (iv), (i) (C) (iii), (i), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (iv) (D) (iv), (iii), (iv) (E) (iii), (ii), (iv) (E) (iii), (iv), (ii) (E) (iii), (iv), (iv) (E) (iii), (iv), (iv) (E) (iii), (iv), (iv) (E) (iii), (iv), (iv) (E) (iii), (iv), (ii), (iv) (E) (iii), (iv), (iii), (iv) (E) (Iii), (iv), (iii) (E) (Iii), (iv), (iiii) (E) (Iii), (iv), (iiii) (E) (Iii), (iv), (iiii) (E		(C)	Mnemonic seque	ence		(D)	Geographical sequence
(C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i) 21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by ———————————————————————————————————		(iv) BC					
21. Indian Dissertation Abstracts jointly sponsored by ———————————————————————————————————		(A)	(i), (iii), (iv), (ii)			(B)	(ii), (i), (iii), (iv)
Universities. (A) ICSSR (C) CEPS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (b) Stateman's yearbook (c) Whitaker's Almanack (d) India: A Reference Annual (iii) 1935 (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (iii) (C) (iii), (i), (iii), (iv)		(C)	(iii), (ii), (iv), (i)			(D)	(iv), (iii), (ii),(i)
(C) CEPS (D) CCRT 22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (b) Stateman's yearbook (c) Whitaker's Almanack (d) India: A Reference Annual (ii) 1953 (iii) 1935 (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (C) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)	21.			cts jointly sponso	ored b	у ——	——— and Association of Indian
22. Match the following: (a) International who's who (b) Stateman's yearbook (c) Whitaker's Almanack (d) India: A Reference Annual (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (C) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)		(A)	ICSSR			(B)	NASSDOC
(a) International who's who (b) Stateman's yearbook (c) Whitaker's Almanack (d) India: A Reference Annual (ii) 1953 (iii) 1935 (iv) 1869 (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii) (B) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (C) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)		(C)	CEPS			(D)	CCRT
(C) (iii), (i), (iv)	22.	(a) Into (b) Sta (c) Wh (d) Ind (A)	ernational who's w teman's yearbook itaker's Almanack ia : A Reference Ar (a) (b) (c) (iii), (i), (iv),	nnual (d) (ii)	(ii) (iii)	$1953 \\ 1935$	
		, ,		• •			
		(D)					

23.	Find	odd o	one:					
		(A)	British National B	ibliog	raphy			
		(B)	Book in Print					
		(C)	Current National I	Bibliog	graphy			
		(D)	Indian Books in Pr	int				
24.	Mate	h the	following:					
	(a)	Briti	sh Books in Print			(i)	Mon	thly
	(b)	Cum	ulative Book Index			(ii)	Wee	kly
	(c)	Briti	sh National Bibliog	raphy		(iii)	Qua	rterly
	(d)	Whit	taker's Cumulative l	Book 1	list	(iv)	Ann	ual
			(a) (b) (c) (d)					
		(A)	(iv), (iii), (ii), (i)					
		(B)	(iv), (i), (ii), (iii)					
		(C)	(iv), (ii), (i), (iii)					
		(D)	(iv), (iii), (i), (ii)					
25.			— are the first publi	shed	records	of orig	ginal 1	research and developments.
		(A)	Secondary sources				(B)	Documentary sources
		(C)	Tertiary sources				(D)	Primary sources
26.	Bibli	ograp	hy of bibliographies	is the	e examp	les of	:	
		(A)	Primary sources				(B)	Secondary sources
		(C)	Tertiary sources				(D)	All the above
27.			— list of difficult ter	ms.				
		(A)	Lexicon				(B)	Thesaurus
		(C)	Glossary				(D)	Concordance
28.	Mate	h the	following:					
	(a)		DLARS	(i)	Science			
	(b)	INSI		(ii)	Resource			ation
	(c) (d)	ERIC	IPENDEX	(iii) (iv)	Index M Engine			x
	(42)		(a) (b) (c) (d)	(-1)	21191110	-	111000	•
		(A)	(iii), (ii), (iv), (i)					
		(B)	(iii), (i), (iv), (ii)					
		(C)	(iii), (ii), (i), (iv)					
		(D)	(iii), (iv), (ii), (i)					

29.	Find	odd o	one :						
		(A) (C)	Vidyanidh Shodhgan					(B) (D)	Dyuthi BIOSIS
30.	Lis w	vorld i	is an exam	ple of					
		(A) (C)	Lis Portal Lis Datab					(B) (D)	Library Gateway None
31.	The	word '	"signal" co	mes fr	om	the L	atin word :		
		(A) (C)	Signum Signium					(B) (D)	Sign Signalis
32.	Amo	ng the	e following,	, whicl	ı or	ne is r	not a forma	l channe	ls of communication?
		(A) (C)	Face to Fa Internet	ace Dis	scu	ssion		(B) (D)	Telephone Mass media
33.	Mato	h the	following:	:					
	(a)	Orga	nization B	arrier		(i)	Ability		
	(b)		sical Barrie			(ii)	Listening		
	(c)		onal Barrie			(iii)	Choice of o		
	(d)	Emo	tional Barr		15	(iv)	Information	on overlo	ad
		(A)	(a) (b)	(c) (d					
		(A) (B)	(iv), (iii), (iii), (iv),						
		(C)	(iii), (i),	(ii), (i					
		(D)	(iii), (ii),	(i), (i					
34.	Whic	h is a	rranged in	corre	ct o	rder?			
		(A)	Data – In:	format	ior	n – Kr	nowledge –	Wisdom	
		(B)					ormation –		
		(C) (D)					edge – Info isdom – Kn		
95	T	. ,							
35.	m w.	nich y (A)	ear, Snanr 1959	non an	αv	veave	er model dev	veropea: (B)	1949
		(C)	1939					(D)	1969
36.	Find	odd o	one :						
		(A)	Newspape	er				(B)	Learned Periodicals
		(C)	Broad Cas	sting N	Лес	dia		(D)	Magazine
37.	Data	is de	rived from	:					
		(A)	Datum					(B)	Datiem
		(C)	Datus					(D)	None of the above

38.	D-Lib Ma	gazines is the example of :		
	(A)	Open Access Journals	(B)	Free Access Journals
	(C)	Embargoed Access Journals	(D)	None of the above
39.		— is the first stage for the protection	ction of intel	lectual property.
	(A)	Paris Convention	(B)	UN Convention
	(C)	UK Convention	(D)	Paris Symposium
40.	Right to I	nformation Act was passed in Pa	rliament of l	India on :
	(A)	2004 , June $15^{ m th}$	(B)	2004 , December 22^{nd}
	(C)	2005, December 22 nd	(D)	2005 , June 15^{th}
41.	Resource	Description Access (RDA) was fin	rst published	lin:
	(A)	1978	(B)	2003
	(C)	2011	(D)	2013
42.	Internation	onal standard for Green library is	s:	
	(A)	BREEAM	(B)	ISO
	(C)	TERI	(D)	ISI
43.	The 'Need	hierarchy theory' of motivation	was develop	ed by :
	(A)	Abraham Maslow	(B)	Chris Argyris
	(C)	Vroom	(D)	Frederick Herzberg
44.		nt system' of Job evaluation ility, effort and :	contains fa	actors related to job conditions
	(A)	Complexity involved	(B)	Time taken
	(C)	Skills required	(D)	Inputs used
45.	PPBS is a	budgeting technique first introd	luced by :	
	(A)	Peter Drucker	(B)	Robert Mc Namara
	(C)	H.P. Luhn	(D)	Lyndon Johnson
46.	The perso	n/s responsible for the popularity	y of participa	ative management is/are:
	(A)	Rensis Likert	(B)	Mc Gregor and Herzberg
	(C)	Peter Drucker and Likert	(D)	All
47.	A general	, faceted classification scheme for	r information	n exchange and switching is :
	(A)	BC 1	(B)	BSO
	(C)	UDC 3	(D)	CC7

48.	Hawthorn related to		ern Electric	Company, Hawthorne Illinois is
	(A)	Finance Management	(B)	Administrative Management
	(C)	Human Resource Managemen	t (D)	Marketing Management
49.	Type of or	der used for subscribing a seria	l in a library	is called :
	(A)	Journal order	(B)	Subscription order
	(C)	Standing order	(D)	Order on Approval
50.	The most	important record to be maintain	ned in the Tec	chnical section of a library is:
	(A)	Classification Scheme	(B)	Catalogue Code
	(C)	Accession Register	(D)	Staff Manual
51.	Wilson's r	model is used to study:		
	(A)	Information seeking behaviour	(B)	Information sources
	(C)	Information services	(D)	Information products
52.	E-ShodhS	indhu is a :		
	(A)	Consortium for ETDs		
	(B)	Consortium for Higher Educat	ion E Resour	ces
	(C)	Consortium for Research in Pr	ogress	
	(D)	Consortium for Print resources	8	
53.	The post of	of 'Reference Librarian' was crea	ted first at M	Iadras University Library in:
	(A)	1924	(B)	1926
	(C)	1930	(D)	1937
54.	Internation	onal Nuclear Information System	n (INIS) was	based on the concept of :
	(A)	UBC	(B)	UAP
	(C)	AGRIS	(D)	OCLC
55.	Webjunct	ion is a learning programme offe	ered by :	
	(A)	UNESCO	(B)	UNISIST
	(C)	OCLC	(D)	NISCAIR
56.		Literature and Information S produced by :	Science Inde	x' is a bibliographical database
	(A)	EBSCO	(B)	ExLibris
	(C)	Wilson	(D)	Emerald
57.	DELNET	was registered as a society in:		
	(A)	1988	(B)	1990
	(C)	1992	(D)	1994

	(A)	Metalib	(B)	360 search					
	(C)	LibraryFind	(D)	Summon					
59.		point of view of Ready refe braries, such as Public librar		SR. Ranganathan recognize three cary and:					
	(A)	Special Library	(B)	Business Library					
	(C)	Subject Library	(D)	Law Library					
60.	_	otual level, information system, Application logic, and :	tems are desig	ned around three layers, namely					
	(A)	Staff management	(B)	Patron management					
	(C)	System management	(D)	Resource management					
61.	What is th	ne primary purpose of catalog	guing?						
	(A)	To organize library materia	ls alphabeticall	y					
	(B)	To provide detailed descript	tions of library r	resources					
	(C)	To facilitate user discovery	and access to lik	orary materials					
	(D)	To create a bibliography of	library holdings						
62.	Which me	tadata standard is widely us	ed for digital lib	oraries?					
	(A)	MARC21	(B)	Dublin Core					
	(C)	MODS	(D)	RDF					
63.	What is th	ne function of a controlled voc	cabulary in cata	loguing?					
	(A)	To provide a list of keyword	s for searching						
	(B)	To standardize subject head	lings and terms						
	(C)	To create a thesaurus for in	dexing						
	(D)	To generate automatic keyv	vords						
64.	Which of t	the following is a principle of	RDA (Resource	Description and Access)?					
	(A)	Emphasis on physical descr		•					
	(B)	Focus on user needs and tasks							
	(C)	Priority on catalogers' judgi	ment						
	(D)	Importance of detailed subj	ect analysis						
65 .	What is th	ne purpose of authority contro	ol in cataloguing	y?					
	(A)	To ensure consistent format	tting of bibliogra	aphic records					
	(B)	To provide a list of authoriz	ed subject head	ings					
	(C)	To establish consistent form	ns of names, title	es, and subjects					
	(D)	To create a database of libra	ary holdings						

The discovery solution for library is:

58.

66.	wnich me	tadata element is used to describe the	conter	it type of a digital resource?
	(A)	Format	(B)	Type
	(C)	Resource Type	Resource Type (D) Co	
67.	In MARC	21, what is the tag number for the title	e field?	
	(A)	100	(B)	200
	(C)	245	(D)	300
68.	What is th	ne purpose of the Dublin Core "Creator	" elem	ent?
	(A)	To describe the physical format of a r	esourc	e
	(B)	To identify the creator or author of a	resour	rce
	(C)	To provide a summary or abstract of	a resou	arce
	(D)	To specify the date of creation or pub	lication	n
69.	Which of	the following is a benefit of using linke	d data	in cataloguing?
	(A)	Improved data consistency		
	(B)	Enhanced data sharing and reuse		
	(C)	Increased data storage capacity		
	(D)	Simplified data entry processes		
70.	What is th	ne name of the cataloguing standard th	nat rep	laces AACR2?
	(A)	RDA	(B)	MARC21
	(C)	Dublin Core	(D)	MODS
71.	Which of t	the following is NOT a type of intellect	ual pro	operty?
	(A)	Patent	(B)	Copyright
	(C)	Trademark	(D)	Contract
72.	What is th	ne primary purpose of trademark law?		
	(A)	To protect original literary works	(B)	To promote fair competition
	(C)	To prevent consumer confusion	(D)	To regulate business names
73.	Which int	ernational treaty establishes standard	s for p	atent protection?
	(A)	Paris Convention	(B)	Berne Convention
	(C)	Rome Convention	(D)	TRIPS Agreement
74.	What is th	ne term for the exclusive right to use a	patent	ted invention?
	(A)	Patent registration	(B)	Patent grant
	(C)	Patent license	(D)	Patent assignment
75.	How long	does trademark registration typically	last?	
	(A)	10 years	(B)	20 years
	(C)	50 years	(D)	Indefinitely

76.	Whi	ch typ	e of intellectual property protection co	vers s	oftware?
		(A)	Patent	(B)	Copyright
		(C)	Trademark	(D)	Trade Secret
77.	Wha	t is th	ne purpose of the Madrid System?		
		(A)	To register trademarks international	ly	
		(B)	To protect patents globally		
		(C)	To promote copyright law		
		(D)	To regulate trade secrets		
78.	Whi	ch of t	the following is a requirement for pater	ntabili	ty?
		(A)	Novelty	(B)	Non-obviousness
		(C)	Utility	(D)	All of the above
79 .	Wha	t is th	ne term for the unauthorized use of son	neone	else's intellectual property?
		(A)	Infringement	(B)	Dilution
		(C)	Counterfeiting	(D)	Piracy
80.			ernational organization is responsible rights?	for pr	omoting and protecting intellectual
		(A)	World Trade Organization (WTO)		
		(B)	World Intellectual Property Organiza	tion (WIPO)
		(C)	International Labour Organization (I	LO)	
		(D)	United Nations (UN)		
81.	The	term	"bandwidth" refer to :		
		(A)	Data transfer rate		
		(B)	The amount of data that can be sent to	throug	gh communication media
		(C)	Number of bands available in a comp	uter	
		(D)	The amount of data in a multimedia i	file	
82.			he following units of storage capacity is below:	n incr	easing order of magnitude. Use the
	(i)	Giga	abyte		
	(ii)	Kilo	byte		
	(iii)	Tera	lbyte		
	(iv)	Meg	abyte		
		(A)	(iv), (ii), (iii), (i)		
		(B)	(i), (iii), (ii), (iv)		
		(C)	(iii), (iv), (i), (ii)		
		(D)	(ii), (iv), (i), (iii)		

83.	What is e	-Granthalaya?		
	(A)	A mobile library application		
	(B)	A digital platform for library automat	ion ar	nd networking
	(C)	A system for cataloguing in public lib	raries	
	(D)	An open source institutional repositor	у	
84.	Which typ	pe of cabling is most commonly used for	Ethe	rnet networks?
	(A)	Fiber optic cable	(B)	Coaxical cable
	(C)	Unshielded twisted pair	(D)	Shielded twisted pair
85.	Which pro	otocol is used for transferring files over	the in	aternet?
	(A)	FTP	(B)	HTTP
	(C)	SMTP	(D)	IMAP
86.	Network o	device that is responsible for directing of	data b	etween different networks?
	(A)	Hub	(B)	Switch
	(C)	Modem	(D)	Router
87.	Which tec	chnology is NOT a characteristic of Web	2.0?	
	(A)	Static webpages	(B)	User generated content
	(C)	Social networking	(D)	Colloborative platforms
88.	HTTP ope	erates on which port number by default	?	
	(A)	20	(B)	21
	(C)	80	(D)	60
89.	What is th	he full form of ISDN?		
	(A)	Internet Service Data Network		
	(B)	Integrated Services Digital Network		
	(C)	International System Digital Network	ζ.	
	(D)	Integrated System Digital Network		
90.	Which pro	ogramming language is primarily used	to dev	relop Koha?
	(A)	Python	(B)	Java
	(C)	PHP	(D)	Ruby
91.	Expert sy	stems in libraries are mainly used for:		
	(A)	Managing library finance	(B)	Cataloguing of documents
	(C)	Classification of documents	(D)	Automating reference service
92.	SHERPA-	RoMEO is mainly used for :		
	(A)	Archiving multimedia content		
	(B)	Exchanging bibliographical data		
	(C)	Managing open access policies of insti	itutior	nal repositories
	(D)	Metadata harvesting		

93.	"ROAR" a	cronym stands for :							
	(A)	Repository of Online Academic Resour	rces						
	(B)	Registry of Open Access Repositories							
	(C)	Repository of Open Access Resources							
	(D)	Registry of Open Academic Repositori	es						
94.	Which ins	titution developed National Digital Lib	rary (of Iı	ndia?				
	(A)	Indian Statistical Institute							
	(B)	Indian Institute of Technology, Khara	gpur						
	(C)	Indian Institute of Technology, Madra	\mathbf{as}						
	(D)	Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO))					
95.	Technolog libraries i	gy that allows secure and immutables:	e rec	ord	keeping	for	digital	assets	in
	(A)	Cloud Computing	(B)	B	lockchain				
	(C)	Machine learning	(D)	Vi	irtual rea	lity			
96.	Who coine	ed the term "Artificial Intelligence"?							
	(A)	John McCarthy	(B)	M	. Nilsson				
	(C)	John Mcfield	(D)	Jo	hn Rediff	f			
97.	GPT in O ₁	pen AI's model stand for :							
	(A)	General Pre-trained Transformer							
	(B)	Generalized Predictive Transformer							
	(C)	Global Pattern Transformer							
	(D)	Generative Pre-trained Transformer							
98.	DSpace is	a:							
	(A)	Content Management System							
	(B)	Institutional Repository Software							
	(C)	Digital Asset Management System							
	(D)	Database Management System							
99.	A digital l	ibrary is a collection of :							
	(A)	Only digital books							
	(B)	Digital and physical materials							
	(C)	Digital resources accessible through a	netw	ork					
	(D)	Only digital images							
100.		gital library initiative in India was la to provide free access to academic reso			as a par	t of	the Dig	gital Inc	lia
	(A)	Shodhganga	(B)		igital Libi	rarv	of India	1	
	(C)	e-ShodhSindhu	(D)		idya Vahi	-	or minute	•	
	(0)		(-)	• -	. , ,				

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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