Question Booklet Alpha Code



Total Number of Questions : 100

Question Booklet SI. No.

Time : 90 Minutes

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Maximum Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. **A**, **B**, **C** & **D**.
- 2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- 5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.

11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.

- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

- 1. Which of the following statement is/are correct about scriber ?
 - i. It is made of high carbon steel and is hardened.
 - ii. The point should be ground and honed frequently for maintaining its sharpness.
 - iii. Bend point is used to drawing circles on the surface.
 - A) Only ii and iii B) Only i and ii
 - C) All of the above i, ii and iii D) Only iii
- 2. Which of the following statement is/are correct about first aid for burn ?
 - i. Use creams or ointments immediately if the burn is second degree.
 - ii. If the burn is third degree, should be covered with a damp cloth.
 - iii. Immersing or flushing with cool water if the burn is first degree.
 - A) Only ii and iii B) Only i and ii
 - C) All of the above i, ii and iii D) Only iii
- 3. Which of the following statement is/are not correct about a ball pein hammer ?
 - i. The wedges fix the handle in the 'eye hole'.
 - ii. The weight of the hammer is stamped on face.
 - iii. Hammer is made of drop-forged carbon steel.
 - A) Only i B) Only ii
 - C) Only i and ii
- D) All of the above i, ii and iii
- 4. Diamond point chisels is used to
 - A) Chip-off excess metal of welded joints and castings
 - B) Cutting key ways
 - C) Squaring materials at the corners
 - D) Cutting oil grooves
- 5. As per Indian standard, kitchen fires (fire involve combustible cooking media such as vegetable or animal oils and fats) are categorised under
 - A) Class K B) Class D
 - C) Class F D) None of these

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| 12. Which of the following statement is/are correct about Drilling machine ? When the size of drill taper shank is bigger than machine spindle, taper sockets are used. When the size of drill taper shank is smaller than machine spindle, sleeves are used. Sleeves and sockets are made with morse taper. A) Only ii and iii B) Only i and iii | | | |
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- 13. Which of the following statement is/are not correct about straight edge ?
 - i. It is used to mark straight lines on a metal surface.
 - ii. It can be used to check 90 degree angles.
 - iii. It can be used to check 45 degree angles.
 - A) Only ii and iii B) Only iii
 - C) All of the above i, ii and iii D) Only ii
- 14. Find the blank size for cutting the external thread of M12 with 1.75 mm pitch.
 - A) 10.70 mmB) 12.00 mmC) 11.80 mmD) 13.75 mm

15. Which type of fasteners is used to positioning and holding collars in place, on shafts ?

- A) Cap screws
 B) Set screws

 C) Marking Line
 Cap screws
- C) Machine bolts D) Stud bolts
- 16. Which of the following statement is/are correct in case of tap ?
 - i. The taper tap is used to start the thread.
 - ii. The bottoming tap is used to finish the threads of a blind hole.
 - iii. Another name of second tap is 'plug tap'.
 - A) Only i B) Only i and ii
 - C) Only iii D) Only i and iii
- 17. Which of the following statement is/are correct about outside micrometer ?
 - i. It is used to measure a job, generally within an accuracy of 0.01 mm.
 - ii. The datum line and graduations are marked on the barel.
 - iii. The threaded mechanism allows for the forward and backward movement of the spindle.
 - A) Only i and iii B) Only i and ii
 - C) Only iii D) All of the above i, ii and iii
- 18. Which gauge is used to compare the profile of thread ?
 - A) Plug gauge B) Screw pitch gauge
 - C) Radius gauge D) Feeler gauge

- 19. What is the minimum dimension can measure with telescopic gauge ?
 - A) 8.0 mm B) 12.7 mm C) 19.0 mm D) 15.0 mm
- 20. How the wide range of depth can be measured by depth micrometer ?
 - A) Lengthy sleeve
 - B) Lengthy spindle
 - C) Adjustable base
 - D) Equipped with a set of extension rods
- 21. An Otto cycle consists of
 - A) two adiabatic and two constant pressure lines
 - B) two adiabatic and two constant volume lines
 - C) one adiabatic and one constant pressure line
 - D) one adiabatic and one constant volume line
- 22. What is the working cycle of compression ignition engine ?
 - A) Diesel cycle B) Otto cycle
 - C) Rankin cycle D) Sterling cycle
- 23. For a given engine if we double the cylinder diameter the power output will be
 - A) same as before
 - B) less than before
 - C) increase two times than before
 - D) increase four times than before
- 24. What is the volume of the space above the piston at TDC ?
 - A) Swept volume B) Displace volume
 - C) Clearance volume D) Total volume
- 25. The two firing orders used on four cylinder in-line engines are
 - A) 1-3-4-2 and 1-4-2-3 B) 1-3-2-4 and 1-2-4-3
 - C) 1-2-4-3 and 1-3-4-2 D) 1-4-3-2 and 1-3-2-4
- 26. In a Diesel cycle combustion takes place at
 - A) Constant volume B) Constant pressure
 - C) Constant vacuum D) Constant temperature

27. In a four stroke cycle engine during valve overlap 28. Exhaust valves are opened at a definite degree before BDC in engine valve timing.

C) Overlap D) Clearance A) Lap B) Lead

29. Engines with stroke/bore ratio is less than 1 are called ______ engines.

- B) undersquare A) oversquare
- C) square D) velox square engines

A) the intake valve is closing

D) both valves are open

This is called

B) the exhaust valve is beginning to open C) the piston is at TDC on the power stroke

30. For the same power output under similar conditions, a diesel engine will have to have a cylinder capacity at least ______% greater than the equivalent petrol engine.

B) 10 C) 15 D) 20 A) 5

31. In a six-cylinder inline engine there is a power impulse in every ______ degree of crankshaft rotation.

- A) 90 B) 120 C) 180 D) 360
- 32. What is the effect of tapper and ovality of a bore ?
 - A) Fuel leakage B) Compression loss
 - C) False valve timing D) More power
- 33. All of these statements about engine oil pumps are true except
 - A) The oil pump may be driven off the front of the crankshaft
 - B) The pressure relief valve prevents excessive oil pump pressure
 - C) The oil pump may be rotor type or gear type
 - D) A calibrated spring holds the oil pressure relief valve open
- 34. Which valve is maintaining in the high pressure FIP pipe line ?
 - C) Plunger A) Control rack B) Barrel D) Delivery valve

| 35. | At the top of the cylinders, if the coolant c | irculation passages ends just below the |
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| | block's machined joint face it is then called | |
| | A) Closed deck | B) Open deck |

- C) Horizontal deck D) Vertical deck
- 36. The pressure of gas in a container goes up when the gas is heated and goes down when the gas is cooled. This fact is used in
 - A) Turbine Engine B) Radial Engine
 - C) Sterling Engine D) Opposed Engine
- 37. The term ______ means the rapid removal of irregularities of new compression rings.
 - A) Wear-out B) Filing C) Smoothening D) Wear-in
- 38. Usually Camshaft is made off
 - A) Cast iron B) Forged alloy steel
 - C) Aluminium alloy D) Low carbon steel
- 39. What is the type of hardening done on crankshaft ?
 - A) Surface hardening B) Case hardening
 - C) Induction hardening D) Curve hardening
- The function of ______ is to form a guide suitable for absorbing side thrust due to gas pressure in an engine.
 - A) Piston skirt B) Piston land C) Piston ring D) Piston pin
- 41. In air cooling system the heat dissipation not depend which of the following factor ?
 - A) Flow rate of air
 - B) Surface area of metal in contact with air
 - C) Colour of fins around the cylinder
 - D) Conductivity of metal
- 42. Which type of thermostat valve is also known as Aneroid type thermostat ?
 - A) Bellows type B) Wax type
 - C) Hydrostatic type D) Bi-metal type
- 43. What is the probable cause of engine over heating ?
 - A) Radiator pressure cap stuck closed B) Loose fan belt
 - C) Thermostat stuck in open position D) All of these

| 44. Which of the followingA) Ethylene glycolC) Methyl alcohol | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| 45. In which type of engineA) Two stroke engineC) Marine engines | | em is generally used B) Heavy duty engi D) Air craft engines | ines | |
| 46. In which types of oil freaching oil gallery aA) Bypass oil filteringC) Half flow filtering s | nd provide a bypass v g system | 1 | | |
| 47. Which value of lubricA) Pour pointC) Viscosity | ant is determined by o | conducting the cold to B) Flash point D) Specific gravity | est ? | |
| 48. In petroil lubrication sgenerally used ?A) 2 : 1 | bystem, what is the ra | tio of petrol and lube C) 10 : 1 | oil mixture D) 8 : 1 | |
| 49. The minimum temper combustible mixtureA) Flash pointC) Combustion point | with air is known as | es off sufficient vapou B) Fire point D) Pour point | ur to form | |
| 50. The API has provided following is a service A) SD | | • | hich of the D) CB | |
| 51. Which fuel pipe line is A) Overflow pipe | • | | D) Vacuum pipe | |
| 52. Which part of the FIF line ? A) Control rack | | | high pressure pipe D) Control sleeve | |
| 53. Which type of dieselA) Single hole type rC) Pintle type nozzle | injector nozzle produc lozzle | , | aped spray ? e | |

54. In which type of combustion chamber design, used an auxiliary chamber nearly spherical in shape, which occurs almost full charge at the end of compression?

- A) Pre-combustion chamber B) Air cell chamber C) Energy cell chamber D) Turbulence chamber
- 55. The most accurate petrol fuel injection system is
 - A) Port injection B) Direct injection
 - C) Manifold injection D) Throttle body injection
- 56. Which of the following statement is true about Glow plug?
 - A) It's a decompression device B) Installed in the inlet manifold
 - C) Screwed into the combustion chamber D) Heat the diesel before injection
- 57. Which of the sensor helps to find engine temperature and send information to ECM?
 - A) ECT sensor B) IAT sensor
 - C) Heated oxygen sensor D) TP sensor
- 58. Which of the following is considering as an actuator used in electronic diesel control system ?
 - A) Injector solenoid B) Fuel pump relay
 - C) EGR valve D) All of these
- 59. Which fuel system develops the high diesel pressure by using hydraulic energy from lubrication oil?
 - A) Rotary pump system B) Distributor FIP
 - C) HEUI fuel system D) CRDI fuel system
- 60. The Electronic Diesel Control (EDC) system consists of various sensors, which of the sensor fails, engine does not start?
 - A) ECT sensor B) CKP sensor
 - C) IAT sensor D) HO₂ sensor
- 61. According to valve timing diagram, in actual practice
 - i. Inlet valve opens at T.D.C.
 - Inlet valve opens before T.D.C.
 - iii. Exhaust valve closes after T.D.C.
 - iv. Exhaust valve closes at T.D.C.
 - A) Only i, ii and iii

- C) All the above i, ii, iii and iv
- B) Only ii, iii and iv
- D) Only ii and iii

- 62. Which of the following is/are changed in a VVT technology ?
 - i. Valve lift
 - ii. Duration of valve opening or closing
 - iii. Valve timing
 - iv. Valve rotation
 - A) Only i and iii B) Only i, iii and iv
 - C) Only i, ii and iii D) Only i and iv
- 63. Materials used for inlet and exhaust valves are
 - i. Silico-chrome steels are used for inlet valves.
 - ii. Nimonic alloys are used for inlet valves.
 - iii. Nimonic alloys are used for exhaust valves.
 - iv. Silico-chrome steels are used for exhaust valves.
 - A) Only ii and iv B) Only i, iii and iv
 - C) Only i and iii D) All of the above i, ii, iii and iv

64. Which one of the following mufflers reducing the noise to zero, theoretically ?

- A) Resonance type muffler B) Baffle type muffler
- C) Wave cancellation type muffler D) Absorber type muffler
- 65. What is the purpose of a MAP sensor in a turbo charged engine ?
 - A) Monitor turbo boost pressure B) Regulate transmission shifting
 - C) Measure oil pressure D) Control exhaust gas recirculation

66. What is 'soot' of an engine emission control system ?

- A) Dirt B) Dust
- C) Liquid droplets D) Unburnt carbon
- 67. Which one of the following methods not used to reduce the formation of pollutants ?
 - A) Closed crankcase ventilation B) Reducing evaporative emissions
 - C) Use of HCCI engine D) Increasing compression ratio

- 68. The purpose of the heat control valve in some exhaust manifolds is to
 - A) Improve fuel vaporization B) Add heat to the air-fuel mixture
 - C) Improve cold-engine performance D) All of the above

69. Technician A says the valve rotates slightly as it closes.

Technician B says the valve rotates slightly as it opens.

- A) A only B) B only
- C) Both A and B D) Neither A nor B

70. Which part of the vehicle's emission control system is responsible for injecting AdBlue ?

| A) EGR valve | B) SCR catalyst |
|---------------|-----------------|
| C) DPF filter | D) Turbocharger |

- 71. All the following are true except
 - A) Worn valve-train parts increase valve-train clearance
 - B) Hydraulic valve lifters require periodic adjustment
 - C) Refinishing valves and seats reduces valve-train clearance
 - D) Exhaust valve clearance usually is greater than intake valve clearance
- 72. Install compression rings in a piston
 - A) With a ring expander B) As a press fit
 - C) With plastigauge D) By spiraling them into place
- 73. Remove the ridge formation before taking the piston out of the cylinder to avoid
 - A) Scratching the cylinder wall B) Breaking the connecting rod
 - C) Damaging the piston pin D) Breaking the piston lands
- 74. Check crankshaft main-bearing journals for
 - A) Bend and stretch B) Taper, ridges and out-of-round
 - C) Spots and color D) All of the above

75. Removing the glaze from cylinder walls before installing new piston rings helps avoid

- A) Excessive frictionB) Engine overheatingC) Slow seating of the piston ringsD) Quick seating of the piston rings
- 76. After boring or honing cylinders, clean and protect the cylinder walls with
 - A) Soapy water and light oil B) Gasoline and kerosene
 - C) Light oil and gasoline D) Steam cleaning and air drying
- 77. No cranking and no lights when the key is turned to START may be caused by all the following except
 - A) An open circuit B) A dead battery
 - C) An open fusible link D) Burned out light bulbs

78. The opening pressure of pintle type nozzle varies from

- A) 7-15 MPa B) 35-45 MPa
- C) 8-11 MPa D) 18-22 MPa
- 79. In a FIP (Fuel Injection Pump), the tendency to dribbling or secondary injection is eliminated by
 - A) Injection pump plunger
 - B) Helix cutting on the plunger
 - C) Lowering of the delivery valve
 - D) Vertical slot on the plunger
- 80. For a 6-cylinder four stroke diesel engine have distributor type fuel injection pump, then the number of suction ports in the injection pump are

A) 4 B) 8 C) 10 D) 6

- 81. What is meant by static electricity ?
 - A) Electricity in motion
 - B) Electricity that does not move
 - C) Electricity with low potential difference
 - D) Electricity with high potential difference

| 82. | Electrical behavior of A) Conductor C) Semiconductor | material with 5 valand | B) | electrons Insulator Super conductor | |
|-----|---|------------------------------------|----|--|----------------------------------|
| 83. | Which type of fuse, inA) Cartridge fuseC) Kit Kat fuse | which fuse element a | B) | embled in a glass Blade fuse Circuit breaker | tube ? |
| 84. | Which acid is used inA) Sulfuric acidC) Formic acid | lead acid battery ? | , | Nitric acid Citric acid | |
| 85. | Which of the following A) Cartridge fuse C) Relay | is a type of 'Non-rep | B) | eable fuse' ? Blade fuse Circuit breaker | |
| 86. | Which battery genera A) 7 AH | lly used in Maruti 800 B) 35 AH | | 100 AH | D) 120 AH |
| 87. | 87. What is the purpose of grid in battery plates ? A) To hold active materials B) To separate positive plate and negative plate C) To connect plates to separator D) To strengthen battery container | | | | |
| 88. | Which of the following A) Grease | is used for reducing B) Paint | | dation of battery t Oil | erminals ? D) Petroleum jelly |
| 89. | 9. In solenoid switch, the pull-in winding is wounded with A) Thick wire in series winding B) Thin wire in series winding C) Thin wire in shunt winding D) Thick wire in shunt winding | | | | • |
| 90. | Which of the following A) Fixed contact C) Diaphragm |) part is not included i | B) | elay ? Movable contact Hinged arm | |
| 91. | Which device produce A) Alternator C) Dynamo | e more electricity at lo | B) | RPM ? DC Generator Battery | |

| 92. | What is the necessityA) To regulate outputC) To regulate output | voltage | B) | or ? To convert AC to To convert DC to | | |
|------|---|---|-----------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| 93. | Automobiles are gene A) Series type starter C) Compound starter | | | Shunt type starte Parallel type star | | |
| 94. | What is the purpose o A) Overloading of arm C) Maintain same spe | nature | B) | tarter motor ? To protect solend Over speeding o | | |
| 95. | In alternator, field tern A) Ignition switch C) Charge indicator | ninal is connected to | B) | tery through Indicator lamp Rectifier | | |
| 96. | How many brushes are fingers ? A) 8 | e provided in the altern B) 2 | ato C) | | ith e D) | |
| 97. | How the output curren A) By self-limiting acti C) By rectifier | ÷ | B) | or ? By regulator By cut out relay | | |
| 98. | Which type of bearing A) Roller bearing C) Bush bearing | generally used in All | B) | ator drive end frai Needle bearing Ball bearing | ne ' | ? |
| 99. | What is the gear ratio b A) 5 : 1 C) 15 : 1 | etween a 4-pole start | B) | notor pinion and fly 8 : 1 25 : 1 | ' wh | eel ring gear ? |
| 100. | What is meant by InboA) The pinion movesB) The fly wheel moveC) The pinion moves | toward starting motor es inwards to engine | r | r | | |

D) Starter armature shaft moves away from starting motor

Space for Rough Work