FINAL ANSWER KEY

Question 43/2023/OL Paper Code: Category 451/2022

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Exam: Assistant Professor in Agadatantra and Vidhi Ayurveda

Date of Test 26-05-2023

Department Ayurveda Medical Education

Question1:-Which among the following is also known by the name "Spirits of salts"?

A:-Hydrochloric acid

B:-Ammonium dichlorate

C:-Sodium dichlorate

D:-Calcium chloride

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question2:-Dry ash method is used for the extraction of the following poisons from viscera

A:-Volatile poisons

B:-Non-volatile poisons

C:-Metallic poisons

D:-Vegetable poisons

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question3:-Which among the following is not true in Aconite poisoning?

A:-Chest pain

B:-Tingling sensation and numbness

C:-Increased blood pressure

D:-Hypersalivation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question4:-Which of the following statements is false in case of red phosphorus?

A:-Insoluble in carbon disulphide

B:-No taste or odour

C:-Does not oxidise in air

D:-Is luminous in the dark

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question5:-"Phossy Jaw" is a characteristic finding in the poisoning with

A:-Phenol

B:-Kerosene

C:-Phosphorous

D:-Copper Sulphate

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question6:-Dooshivisha becomes incurable in

A:-One who uses unwholesome food

B:-Of one year duration

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-Of immediate origin

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question7:-Which of the following produce anticholinergic syndromes?

A:-Organophosphates

B:-Datura

C:-Barbiturates

D:-Ethanol

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question8:-The skull of Indians is

A:-Caucasian

B:-Mongloid

C:-Caucasian with Negroid character

D:-Caucasian with Mongloid characters

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-Which of the following statements is false in the determination of sex chromatin in decomposed bodies?

A:-The exact sex determination can be made from the buccal specimen by treating with Quinacrine dihydrochloride staining for Y chromosomes

B:-The exact sex determination can be made from the buccal specimen by Fluorescent Feulgen reaction for X chromosomes

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-By using fluorescent dye, Y chromatin can be demonstrated in the dental pulp up to one year

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question10:-A youth is presented with primary amenorrhoea. The external examination performed revealed female genetalia and breast, but scanty axillary or pubic hairs. Testes are seen in the inguinal canal on ultrasonography, the condition can be

A:-Klinefelter's syndrome

B:-Male Pseudo hermaphroditism

C:-Female Pseudo hermaphroditism

D:-True Pseudo hermaphroditism

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question11:-According to Krogman, the degree of accuracy in determining sex from adult skeletal remains is 80% by analysing

A:-Entire skeleton

B:-Long bones alone

C:-Pelvis alone

D:-Skull alone

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question12:-The charge of kidnapping can be made, when a male person is being taken away illegally from his lawful guardian, if the age of the missing person is below

A:-18 years

B:-21 years

C:-16 years

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question13:-The ridge pattern of fingers appears in which period of intrauterine life

A:-10-12 weeks

B:-16-20 weeks

C:-12-16 weeks

D:-04-08 weeks

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question14:-Which among the following is not true about the reduced venom activity of a snake?

A:-Those who have consumed food

B:-One who is in fear

C:-One who has won a 'nakula' after fighting

D:-One who dwells under a non-poisonous tree for long time

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question15:-The ancient Keraleeya Vishachikitsa methods like Parvathiprayoga, Nalsaraprayoga, Adrusyaprayoga etc. comes under

A:-Sudhavela Prayoga

B:-Kalavanchana

C:-Raktamoksha

D:-Dharaprayoga

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question16:-According to Kasyapa, 'gara' is

A:-Nirvisha Samyoga

B:-Kritrma Visha

C:-All the above

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question17:-The adhishtana of sthavara visha according to Charaka is

A:-Kantha

B:-Moola

C:-Moola and Kantha

D:-10 in number-Moola, Pathra, Phala, Pushpa, Twak, Ksheera, Sara, Niryasa, Dhathu and Kantha

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question18:-Taking cold water followed by intake of ghee is an example of

A:-Krama Virudha

B:-Upachara Virudha

C:-Parihara Virudha

D:-Veerya Virudha

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question19:-Ashta mahagadas are mentioned as the effect of Virudha in

A:-Caraka Samhitha

B:-Susrutha Samhitha

C:-Ashangasangraha

D:-Ashtangahridaya

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question20:-Even though all types of Madatyaya are having tridosha involvement, the line of management according to doshas, adopted by Charaka is

A:-Treat the predominant dosha

B:-Kapha first, followed by Pitha and Vata

C:-Pitha first, followed by Vata and Kapha

D:-All the doshas together

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question21:-Feeling aversion towards various types of beverages is observed in

A:-Panajeerna

B:-Panavibhrama

C:-Paramada

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question22:-The distinctive odour of breath in cannabis poisoning is

A:-Coal gas

B:-Garlicky

C:-Burnt rope

D:-Musty

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question23:-Chronis arsenic poisoning is characterised by

A:-Profuse sweating

B:-Rain drop pigmentation

C:-Brick red colour of skin

D:-Erythema Nodosum

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question24:-The type of disturbance in pulse rate and blood pressure exhibited by cyanide poisoning is

A:-Tachycardia and hypotension

B:-Tachycardia and normotension

C:-Bradycardia and hypotension

D:-Tachycardia and hypertension

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question25:-The use of 100% oxygen in Cyanide poisoning is better explained under which of the following $% \left({{{\rm{D}}_{{\rm{D}}}}_{{\rm{D}}}} \right)$

A:-Accelerated detoxification

B:-Receptor site competition

C:-Reduced toxic conversion

D:-Toxic effect bypass

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question26:-All cases of homicidal poisoning treated must be compulsorily reported to the police by the physician as per section 30 CrPC. Failure to do so makes him culpable under

A:-Section 202 IPC

B:-Section 193 IPC

C:-Section 176 IPC

D:-Section 201 IPC

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question27:-Which of the following is not a characteristic feature of Mercury

Poisoning?

A:-Acrodyna

B:-Erythism

C:-Mees lines

D:-Hatter's shake

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question28:-A patient is brought with symptoms of pain abdomen, ataxia, wrist drop and constipation. Peripheral smear examination shows basophilic stippling and raised eosinophils, what can be the most likely cause?

A:-Mercury Poisoning

B:-Lead Poisoning

C:-Copper Poisoning

D:-Arsenic Poisoning

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question29:-Rattle snake belongs to which family

A:-Colubridae

B:-Elapidae

C:-Viperidae

D:-Atractaspididae

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question30:-Find out the false statement regarding contact poisons according to Susrutha.

A:-The treatment for mukhalepa and poisoned garland are similar

B:-The treatment for poisoning by Karnapoorana and Anjana are same

C:-Treatment for poisoning due to foot wear should be treated as that prescribed for poisoning due to massage

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question31:-Which is true about Vishssankata?

A:-It is a bad prognostic condition

B:-None out of 100 will survive

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-According to Indu's Commentary, the dosha involved is vata

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question32:-Tharunabhaskara agada is a Herbo mineral preparation metioned in Vishavaidya Jyotsnika. For the preparation of this agada, the ingredients should be triturated in lime juice for

A:-3 yama

B:-1 rathri

C:-7 rathri

D:-3 rathri

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question33:-The ingredient of mineral origin present in Paranthyadi Thaila is

A:-Tutham

B:-Gandhaka

C:-Harithala

D:-Chayilya

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question34:-'Vikarna nasa' is observed in

A:-Gara Visha

B:-Dooshivisha

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-Alarkavisha

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question35:-Rajeevamatsya and Varati have poison in

A:-Ara

B:-Pitha

C:-Mukhasamdamsa

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question36:-According to Susrutha, Keetavisha is predominantly

A:-Vata Pitha

B:-Pitha Vata

C:-Vata Kapha

D:-Vata

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question37:-According to Charaka, if the cause of snakebite is want of food or onset of fear, the amount of visha injected will be

A:-Mild

B:-Moderate

C:-No visha

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question38:-The mathra of kshara agada is

A:-Gunja

B:-Sanam

C:-Kolam

D:-Palam

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-Dilated pupil is seen in poisoning with the following except

A:-Datura

B:-Phenol

C:-Strychnine

D:-Carbon monoxide

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question40:-Which of the following statement is not true regarding drug dependence?

A:-It is a state arising from repeated administration of a drug over a periodic or continuous basis

B:-The person having drug addiction, feels compulsive

C:-The addict does not suffer from unpleasant withdrawal when prevented from taking drug/drugs

D:-All opioid drugs are liable to cause addiction

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question41:-The irresistible desire to take large amounts of alcohol until they become almost unconscious from its effect is known as

A:-Korsakoff's psychosis

B:-Drug addiction

C:-Dipsomania

D:-Obsessive Compulsive Disorder

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question42:-Find the wrong statement on 'Breath analyser'.

A:-Estimates the BAC (Blood Alcohol Concentration)

B:-Calculates the weight of the alcohol which accompanies 190 mg of co_2

C:-This requires the collection of end portion of prolonged inspiration

D:-It is based on Henry's Law

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question43:-The active principle in Cannabis is Tetrahydroxy cannabinol. This is practically non-existent in which part of the plant

A:-Bracts

B:-Leaves

C:-Flower

D:-Seeds

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question44:-Mydriasis and or loss of eye brow and eye lash hair, corneal abrasion, central retinal artery occlusion and blindness are the ophthalmoscopic effects caused by the acute poisoning of

A:-Marijuana

B:-Methylene dioxy methamphetamine (MDMA)

C:-Cocaine

D:-Barbiturates

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question45:-All are the common causes of anaesthetic deaths except

A:-Inadequate ventilation

B:-Collapse following intravenous shock

C:-Pregnancy

D:-Aspiration of gastric contents

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question46:-Lee-Jones test is used to detect poisoning due to

A:-Arsenic

B:-Cyanide

C:-Lead

D:-Mercury

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question47:-Brownish black discolouration of contusion is due to

A:-Haemosiderin

B:-Deoxyhaemoglobin

C:-Biliverdin

D:-Bilirubin

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question48:-Satellite wound produced by firearm in

A:-Contact shot

B:-Close shot

C:-Intermediate shot

D:-Distant shot

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question49:-An adolescent male was found dead near a village playground. At autopsy post mortem caloricity, signs of early onset of rigor, petechial

haemorrhagic spots on viscera and frothing from mouth were noted. What is the possible cause of death?

A:-Cardiac arrest

B:-Snake bite

C:-Strychnine Poisoning

D:-Strangulation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question50:-The power of granting death sentence (which needs confirmation from the High Court Judge) starts with

A:-Assistant Sessions Judge

B:-Additional Sessions Judge

C:-2nd Class Magistrate

D:-District Judge

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question51:-According to Vishavaidya Jyotsnika, hiccups and laboured breathing are seen when the poison is situated in

A:-Raktha

B:-Rasa

C:-Majja

D:-Mamsa

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question52:-The concept of 'Sara' in vishachikitsa in related to the

A:-Respiratory pattern

B:-Site of bite

C:-Number of bites

D:-Mritalakshana

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question53:-If the site of bite resembles the shape of foot of a cow, the following statement is true

A:-smells of taila and easily curable

B:-smells of milk, incurable

C:-smells of fumes of 'akil', less poisonous

D:-smells of Chandana, cures with difficulty

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question54:-What is the dose of 'Nabhinirvishadi gulika', whose indication is Sarvavishanasana?

A:-Gunjapramanam

B:-Tilapramanam

C:-Marichapramanam

D:-Lanthapramanam

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question55:-How many places are specified in the body for the ascend of 'Amruthakala' in the poorvapaksha pratipada?

A:-7

B:-14

C:-5

D:-21

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question56:-The usage of 'Nannari Manjalum Neyyum' in Vishavaidya Jyotsnika is ______ vishanasanam.

A:-Manduka

B:-Jalooka

C:-Alarka

D:-Nakula

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question57:-Clostridium botulinum is

A:-Strictly anaerobic spore forming gram positive bacilli which is capable of withstanding at 100 degree Celsius for hours

B:-It is a powerful endotoxin affecting the central nerves, autonomic nerves and neuro muscular junctions

C:-Both (1) and (2) are right

D:-(1) is right, (2) is wrong

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question58:-When snake bite is in a part of the body that cannot be subjected to arishtabandhana such as trunk and face, the following procedure can be adopted as per Charaka

A:-Nishpeetana

B:-Chooshana

C:-Agnikarma

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question59:-Which among the following is not true regarding Vamana according to Ashtanga Hrudaya?

A:-Vamana is indicated in Dooshivisha after proper sodhana

B:-Vamana is administered before Hrudayavarana is performed

C:-Vamana is indicated in the 2nd,4th,5th and 6th vega of darveekara visha

D:-In slaishmika lootha visha, if there is prabhootha dosha, vamana is indicated

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question60:-Poothimamsa is seen in

A:-Tightly applied tourniquet

B:-Theekshna lepa

C:-Loothadamsa

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question61:-During the preparation of 'Ajitha agada' indicated for the treatment of sthavara and jangama visha by Susrutha, the powdered drugs after mixing with honey should be kept for ______ days before intake.

A:-01 day

B:-07 days

C:-14 days

D:-No need to keep, can be consumed soon after preparation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question62:-Scorpion bites of ______ nature should be treated as snakebite.

A:-Severe and fatal poisons

B:-Moderate poisons

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-None

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question63:-The modes of application of 'Mritasanjeevani agada' are

A:-Inhalation

B:-External application

C:-Carried in the body as amulet

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question64:-When poison is located in raktha, which is the best therapy to be used?

A:-Rakthamoksha

B:-Panchavidha Sodhana

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question65:-Sthabdha linga (Stiffness of phallus) is observed in poisoning with

A:-Ucchidinga

B:-Sathapadi

C:-Vrischika

D:-Darveekara Sarpa

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question66:-Somavalkadi lepa is indicated in the management of

A:-Grihagodhika

B:-Poisonous nails and teeth

C:-Sathapadi

D:-Kanabha

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question67:-Number of Vishasthanas in lootha according to Susrutha is

- A:-8
- B:-7
- C:-10
- D:-16

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question68:-Match the following:

Parooshaka Phalakruthi
Sastra Udharana is contraind

i) Vishopadrava

Sastra Udharana is contraindicated ii) Fatal period of mandavisha lootha

- 3) 16
- 4) 15 days

- iii) Kaphaja loothaiv) Pithadhika lootha
- A:-1 iv, 2 iii, 3 i, 4 ii

B:-1 iii, 2 ii, 3 i, 4 iv

C:-1 iii, 2 iv, 3 i, 4 ii

D:-1 iii, 2 ii, 3 iv, 4 i

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question69:-10-year imprisonment verdict can be given by

A:-Chief Judicial Magistrate

B:-Assitant Sessions Judge

C:-Metropolitan Magistrate

D:-2nd Class Judicial Magistrate

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question70:-Mummification is

A:-Colliquative liquefaction

B:-Hardening of muscles

C:-Saponification of subcutaneous fat

D:-Desiccation of the dead body

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question71:-All are cognizable offences except

A:-Rape

B:-Dowry death

C:-Stalking

D:-Forgery

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question72:-IPC 376 D refers to

A:-Punishment for custodial rape

B:-Punishment for excess heinous crime

C:-Punishment for gang rape

D:-Punishment for causing death of rape victim or when the victim goes to coma

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question73:-Voluntary sexual intercourse against the order of nature with any man or woman or animal, except

A:-Sodomy

B:-Voyeurism

C:-Tribadism

D:-Bestiality

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question74:-In medico legal cases

A:-Details of examination of the injured whether admitted or treated as outpatient should be entered in the accident register

B:-If a patient is admitted and later turns out to be a medico legal case (MLC), such has to be entered in the accident register as MLC

C:-Collect relevant history about the incident and make entry in the accident register, carry out investigations, the start the treatment

D:-The police should be informed about all cases labelled as MLC

Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled

Question75:-Who is having disciplinary control over medical practitioners in India?

A:-Medical Council of India

B:-State Medical Council

C:-President of India

D:-None

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question76:-A. Assertion - A blood stain on cloth collected at autopsy should be dried in hot air oven before sending for analysis.

R. Reason - drying will cause disintegration of blood stains

A:-A is correct, R is incorrect

B:-Both (A) and (B)

C:-A is incorrect, R is correct

D:-Both A and R incorrect

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question77:-The medical reports of medico legal importance should be preserved for a period of

A:-03 years

B:-06 years

C:-10 years

D:-25 years

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question 78:-The Indian Medical Association v V P Santha (1995), SC is an important case law related to

A:-Euthanasia

B:-Access to medical records

C:-Consumer protection and medical profession

D:-Right of HIV/AIDS patients

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question79:-All are apathya for poisoned persons except

A:-Kulatha

B:-Koradoosha

C:-Tila

D:-Vyayama

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question80:-Assertion (A): He who is bitten by snake should be treated with Sthavaravisha

Reasoning (R): Sthavaravisha possess properties similar to pitha and spread in upward direction, whereas janghama visha possess properties similar to kapha and spreads downwards. Thus, the opposite qualities destroy each other

A:-A is correct, R is the correct explanation

B:-Both A and R are correct

C:-Both are wrong

D:-A is correct, R is not the correct explanation

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question81:-Which is not true regarding the use of prathyaoushadha?

A:-Should be administered after the ${}_{5^{\it th}}$ Vishvega and before the completion of ${}_{9^{\it th}} vega$

B:-Should inform the king/authority before administering

C:-Should not be administered to those suffering from diseases of vital organs (marmas)

D:-Not forbidden to use in king and brahmins

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question82:-Which among the following physicians are called as quacks, who fools the society by keeping medical books, instruments with them and also by their fraudulent behaviour?

A:-Sidhasadhitha

B:-Jeevithabhisara

C:-Chadmachara

D:-Panabhisara

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-A 26-year woman was died at her spouses' house in unnatural circumstances within 5 years of marriage. Her relatives complained of demand of dowry by her husband and his relatives, under what section, the investigation will be carried out?

A:-Section 304 B IPC

B:-Section 498 A IPC

C:-Section 302 IPC

D:-Section 174 CrPC

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question84:-Rail roading and tracking are the post mortem changes seen in

A:-Skin

B:-Involuntary muscles

C:-Retina

D:-Aorta

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question85:-P 300 Test refers to

A:-Polygraph test

B:-Narco analysis test

C:-Brain mapping test

D:-DNA finger printing

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question86:-Find the faulty statement on Diatom test:

A:-Diatoms can pass through the alveolar walls of lungs to brain and bone marrow

B:-Finding diatoms by microscopic examination of tissue like brain, liver, bone marrow confirm death from drowning

C:-Diatoms cannot be inhaled

D:-Contamination of glass wares or reagents used to detect diatoms may give faulty results

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question87:-Impaired functioning of heat regulating mechanism is

A:-Heat cramps

B:-Heat stroke

C:-Heat syncope

D:-Heat haematoma

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question88:-The venom of black widow spider is predominantly

A:-Neurotoxic

B:-Hemotoxic

C:-Cytotoxic

D:-None

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question89:-Which is not an extracorporeal technique?

A:-Haemodialysis

B:-Plasma perfusion

C:-Forced diuresis

D:-Cardiopulmonary bypass

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question90:-According to Susrutha, the following should be treated as wounds vitiated by poison (Vishadushtavranam) till the inflammation and suppuration persists

A:-Wounds due to spider poison

B:-Wounds due to snake venom

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-Wounds due to Mooshika visha

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question91:-Mamsa rasa, ghrutha, suktha, kshoudra and dadhi are advised to a person afflicted with poison suffering from

A:-Tandra and predominance of vata

B:-Moorcha and predominance of pitha

C:-Kshut and predominace of vata

D:-Thrishna and predominance of pitha

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question92:-Hydrostatic Test at autopsy is not necessary when

A:-Foetus is born at less than 180 days

B:-On dissection, stomach contains milk

C:-Foetus is a monster

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question93:-Which of the following does not come under the provisions of the 'Transplantation of Human organs and Tissues act 1994'?

A:-Recognises brain stem death

B:-Permits live donors when they are spouse, son, daughter, father, mother, brother, sister, grandparents, father-in-law, mother-in-law and grandchildren of the recipient

C:-Mandates the appointment of Transplant co coordinators in every registered hospital

D:-Allows preservation of harvested organs for the purpose transplant

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question94:-Examples of systemic asphyxiants are

A:-Carbon monoxide

B:-Cyanide

C:-Smoke

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question95:-Under the provisions of Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940, the drugs in which schedule must not be sold by retail, except on and in accordance with a prescription of a registered medical practitioner?

A:-Schedule L

B:-Schedule H

C:-Schedule G

D:-Both (1) and (2)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question96:-Which is not true in case of Ergot?

A:-Ergot is produced by a fungus, Claviceps purpura which infests certain types of grains

B:-It is a source of the hallucinogen Lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD)

C:-Excessive use of ergot preparations leads to a condition called Ergotism

D:-Decontamination is the treatment of choice in the acute poisoning with ergot

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question97:-Reasonable foresee ability refers to

A:-Explaining the consequences before obtaining consent

B:-A physician should warn the patients of the dangers involved in the use of a prescribed medicine

C:-A physician should give instructions to his patients regarding the use of medicines and diet

D:-A Physician should take special care and precaution in case of children and adults incapable of taking care of themselves

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question98:-Assertion (A): Post Mortem lividity of a body recovered from cold water is light pink in colour simulating CO poisoning

Reasoning (R): Light pink colour of post-mortem lividity is due to the presence of unreduced haemoglobin in the superficial blood vessels due to cold

A:-A is right, but R is not the correct explanation

B:-A is right, R is the correct explanation

C:-A is wrong, R also wrong

D:-R is right, but A is wrong

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question99:-The law of criminal responsibility in India is included in

A:-Section 86 IPC

B:-Section 84 IPC

C:-CrPC 176

D:-Section 311 IPC

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question100:-Provisions in the PCPNDT Acts 2002 prohibits the following except

A:-Sex selection before or after conception

B:-Pre conception and pre-natal diagnostic techniques at a place other than a place registered under the act

C:-Pre conception and pre-natal diagnostic techniques for the detection of chromosomal, genetic and congenital abnormalities

D:-Revealing the sex of the foetus to the woman or her relatives

Correct Answer:- Option-C