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Maximum: 100 marks

Time: 1 hour and 30 minutes

1.	The chara	naracteristic features of trophozoites of <i>Giardia</i> spp. are:							
	(A)	Single nucleus, pseudopodia and kinetoplast							
	(B)	One macronucleus, cilia and food vacu	One macronucleus, cilia and food vacuoles						
	(C)	Two symmetrical nuclei, central axost	yle ar	nd flagella					
	(D)	Four nuclei, rod shaped chromatoid bo	odies	and cyst wall					
2.	Schistoson	na spindale eggs are:							
	(A)	Napolean hat shaped with miracidium	n and	a terminal spine					
	(B)	Boomerang shaped with miracidium is	nside						
	(C)	Triangular with hexacanth embryo							
	(D)	Oval with yolk cells and operculum							
3.	Wet blood	film examination is preferred for detec	tion o	f:					
	(A)	$Anaplasma\ marginale$	(B)	Theileria annulata					
	(C)	Babesia bigemina	(D)	Trypanosoma evansi					
4.	Number o	f legs in larval acarines:							
	(A)	Six legs	(B)	Eight legs					
	(C)	Ten legs	(D)	None of the above					
5.	The stain	best suited to demonstrate intracellula	r para	asites:					
	(A)	Gram's stain	(B)	Giemsa stain					
	(C)	Field stain	(D)	Diff-quik stain					
6.	Method of	transmission of trypanosomosis by Tab	banus	fly:					
	(A)	Biological transmission	(B)	Cyclical transmission					
	(C)	Mechanical transmission	(D)	Larval transmission					
7.	Organs of	attachment in a trematode:							
	(A)	Suckers	(B)	Bothria					
	(C)	Buccal capsule	(D)	Both (A) and (B)					
A		3							

8.	The optin	num temperature time combination	for sterili	zing glass wares in a hot air oven is		
	(A)	100°C for 10min	(B)	160°C for 10min		
	(C)	160°C for one hour	(D)	120°C for 15min		
9.	Incomplet	te posterior spiracle with three slits	and a bu	tton are seen in the maggots of:		
	(A)	Oestrus ovis	(B)	$Musca\ domestica$		
	(C)	Calliphora spp.	(D)	Sarcophaga spp.		
10.	Bug odou	r in adult bugs is caused by:				
	(A)	Mehlis glands	(B)	Paratergal plates		
	(C)	Stink glands	(D)	Laures gland		
11.	A quantit	ative method for the determination	of the sev	verity of helminthic infections:		
	(A)	Eggs per gram	(B)	Stoll's method		
	(C)	McMaster counting technique	(D)	All the above		
12.	Which of	the following is a dog tapeworm?				
	(A)	$Echinococcus\ granulosus$	(B)	$Moneizia\ benedeni$		
	(C)	Taenia solium	(D)	Davainea proglottina		
13.	Lymph no	ode smear can be prepared for diagn	osis of scl	hizogonous stages of the following:		
	(A)	$To xoplasma\ gondii$	(B)	Theileria spp.		
	(C)	Babesia bigemina	(D)	Anaplasma marginale		
14.	The most common site for blood collection in ruminants:					
	(A)	Saphenous vein	(B)	Jugular vein		
	(C)	Femoral vein	(D)	Cephalic vein		
15.	The thick	ness of a blood smear is dependent of	n:			
	(A)	Size of the drop				
	(B)	Angle of the spreader				
	(C)	Speed with which spreader slide is	spushed			
	(D)	All the above				
16.	The stain	that can be used for demonstration	of sidero	cytes:		
	(A)	Alizarin red	(B)	Methyl blue		
	(C)	Prussian blue	(D)	Congo red		

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17.	The diluti	ing fluid used for erythrocyte counting	:	
	(A)	Thoma's fluid	(B)	Hayem's solution
	(C)	Pilot's solution	(D)	Hinkleman's solution
18.	The type	of anemia seen in iron deficiency:		
	(A)	Microcytic, hyperchromic	(B)	Macrocytic, hyperchromic
	(C)	Microcytic, hypochromic	(D)	Macrocytic, hypochromic
19.	The test u	used to detect bile pigments in urine:		
	(A)	Ross test	(B)	Lignin test
	(C)	Sulkowitch test	(D)	Gmelin test
20.	The speci	al stain used to demonstrate fat in tiss	sues:	
	(A)	Oil red O	(B)	Trichrome
	(C)	Alizarin red	(D)	Congo red
21.	The type	of jaundice in which van den Bergh's t	est give	e biphasic reaction:
	(A)	Prehepatic	(B)	Hepatic
	(C)	Post hepatic	(D)	Both (B) and (C)
22.	The nutri	ent component of milk determined by	Gerber	test:
	(A)	Protein	(B)	Vitamin C
	(C)	Fat	(D)	All the above
23.	Ascending	g grades of alcohol is used in tissue pro	ocessin	g and staining for:
	(A)	Hydration	(B)	Clearing
	(C)	Impregnation	(D)	Dehydration
24.	The speci	es of animal in which Rouleaux forma	tion is l	nighest:
	(A)	Cow	(B)	Dog
	(C)	Horse	(D)	Goat
25.	The volur	ne of semen per ejaculate is highest in	:	
	(A)	Bull	(B)	Boar
	(C)	Stallion	(D)	Ram
26.	Which of	the following anticoagulants is indicat	ed by g	reen capped vacutainer tubes?
	(A)	Heparin	(B)	EDTA
	(C)	Sodium citrate	(D)	ACD

27 .	Total magnification under high power in a compound microscope:						
	(A)	40X	(B)	400X			
	(C)	4000X	(D)	100X			
28.	In which	of the following systems, virus	is not cultured	l:			
	(A)	Mac Conkey Agar	(B)	Laboratory animal			
	(C)	Cell culture	(D)	Embryonated egg			
29.	Which of	the following decolourizer is us	sed in Acid fast	staining?			
	(A)	Sulphuric acid	(B)	Ethyl Alcohol			
	(C)	Acid Alcohol	(D)	Acetic acid			
30.	The mord	ant that is used in Gram's stai	ning is:				
	(A)	Gram's Iodine	(B)	Potassium Iodide			
	(C)	Carbol fuchsin	(D)	Crystal violet			
31.	Which of	the following is not a compoun	d stain?				
	(A)	Gram's stain	(B)	Leishman's stain			
	(C)	Wright's stain	(D)	Giemsa stain			
32.	An infection after medical or surgical management, whether or not patient was hospitalized						
	(A)	Nosocomial infection	(B)	Latrogenic infection			
	(C)	Chronic infection	(D)	Peracute infection			
33.	Percentag	ge of agarose is maximum in:					
	(A)	Liquid media	(B)	Solid media			
	(C)	Semisolid medium	(D)	Peptone water			
34.	Zoonotic	lisease means:					
	(A)	(A) Disease transmitted from human to animals					
	(B)	(B) Disease transmitted from animal to human					
	(C)	Disease transmitted from hu	man to animal	and vice versa			
	(D)	Disease affecting animals on	ly				
35.	Lactopher	nol cotton blue stain is associat	ted with staini	ng of:			
	(A)	Bacteria	(B)	Virus			
	(C)	Fungus	(D)	Protozoa			

36.	Which of the following is not an anti-coagulant used in blood sample collection?					
	(A)	EDTA	(B)	Potassium Iodide		
	(C)	Sodium Citrate	(D)	Heparin		
37 .	Which of	the following is not a serological test?				
	(A)	ELISA	(B)	Agar gel precipitation test		
	(C)	FAT	(D)	PCR		
38.	In Mac Co	onkey agar, lactose fermenter colonies v	vill be	:		
	(A)	Pink colour	(B)	Colourless		
	(C)	White colour	(D)	Blue colour		
39.	Temperat	ure for serum inactivation to destroy co	mple	ment:		
	(A)	50°C	(B)	56°C		
	(C)	60°C	(D)	63°C		
40.	Which of	the following is dry heat sterilization?				
	(A)	Boiling	(B)	Pressure cooker		
	(C)	Autoclave	(D)	Hot air oven		
41.	Which of the following is the perfect microbial sterilization condition of Hot air oven?					
	(A)	100°C for one hour	(B)	121°C for 15 min		
	(C)	160°C for one hour	(D)	121°C for 30 min		
42.	The count	er stain used in Acid fast staining:				
	(A)	Dilute carbol fuchsin	(B)	Loeffler's alkaline methylene blue		
	(C)	Crystal violet	(D)	ZN carbol fuchsin		
43.	Which of	the following is not used as enzyme in I	ELISA	?		
	(A)	Alkaline phosphatase	(B)	Horse radish peroxidase		
	(C)	Beta galactosidase	(D)	Glutamate dehydrogenase		
44.	Medium o	containing bile salt:				
	(A)	Tryptic soy agar	(B)	Sabouraud dextrose agar		
	(C)	Mac Conkey agar	(D)	Chocolate agar		
45.	Percentag	ge of Potassium hydroxide for fungal de	tection	n from skin scrapings:		
	(A)	1%	(B)	2%		
	(C)	10%	(D)	40%		

46.	Widal tes	t is used for diagnosis of:				
	(A)	Typhoid	(B)	Cholera		
	(C)	Anthrax	(D)	Salmonellosis		
47.	Antiglobu	ılin test is:				
	(A)	Coombs test	(B)	Widal test		
	(C)	Strauss test	(D)	Abortus Bang ring test		
48.	Which of the following is Gram negative, non-spore forming bacteria?					
	(A)	$Bacillus\ anthracis$	(B)	$Clostridium\ botulinum$		
	(C)	Listeria monocytogenus	(D)	Eschericia coli		
49.	McFaydea	an reaction is for detecting:				
	(A)	$Bacillus\ subtilis$	(B)	$Bacillus\ anthracis$		
	(C)	Clostridium tetani	(D)	Clostridium novyi		
50.	Media pre	epared using blood :				
	(A)	Mac Conkey agar	(B)	Chocolate agar		
	(C)	Tryptic soy agar	(D)	Albimi agar		
51.	Which of the following is a differential staining method?					
	(A)	Wright's attaining	(B)	Leishman's staining		
	(C)	Acid fast staining	(D)	Levaditi staining		
52.	Expand HACCP:					
	(A)	Hazard And Critical Care Point				
	(B)	Hazard Analysis Critical Control Poin	nt			
	(C)	Hazard And Control Care Point				
	(D)	Hazard Analysis Care Control Point				
53.	The organ	nism which causes Food intoxication:				
	(A)	Coxiella burnettii	(B)	Escherichia coli		
	(C)	Bacillus cereus	(D)	Clostridium botulinum		
54.	Pick out t	he one which is not an Emulsifier :				
	(A)	Gelatin	(B)	Vegetable gum		
	(C)	Caesin	(D)	Proprionate		

55.	The I	Rang	e of Specific Gravity of Milk at 15.6 d	legree C	elsius :			
		(A)	1.02 - 1.05	(B)	1.10 - 1.50			
		(C)	0.09 - 1.0	(D)	1.12 - 1.15			
56.	Dext	rinis	ation process of Starch includes the f	ollowing	the changes:			
	1.	Star	rch hydrolyses to simpler forms					
	2.	Colo	our and flavour changes					
	3.	Dev	elopment of burnt, toasted flavour du	ie to Enz	zymatic browning			
		(A)	1 and 3 only	(B)	1 and 2 only			
		(C)	2 and 3 only	(D)	All the above (1,2 and 3)			
57 .	The 1	Fat g	lobule size in Homogenised Milk :					
		(A)	0.1-20 micro meter	(B)	0.001 - 0.005 micro meter			
		(C)	0.006 - 0.0010 micro meter	(D)	0.0015 - 0.0020 micro meter			
58.	Gove	rnme	ent of India Promulgated PFA and Fl	PO act ir	the year :			
		(A)	1954, 1955	(B)	1954, 1956			
		(C)	1955, 1956	(D)	1956, 1954			
59.	Which of the following Statements are correct Cheese Making?							
	1.	Processing of Milk in to Cheese removes most of the water soluble Vitamins						
	2.	Protein Concentration increases during Cheese Manufacture						
	3.	Lact	tose Concentration increases during	Cheese N	Manufacture			
		(A)	2 and 3 only	(B)	1 and 3 only			
		(C)	All the above (1, 2 and 3)	(D)	1 and 2 only			
60.	Whic	h of	the following statements are correct a	about qu	ality of Meat products?			
	1.	1. The main Parameters of fresh Meat quality is colour and Marbling						
	2.	To retain colour Oxygen is removed during Packaging						
	3.	The Myoglobin whose main role in living Muscle is to bind Oxygen needed for various Chemical reactions						
		(A)	1 and 2 only					
		(B)	All the above (1, 2 and 3)					
		(C)	2 and 3 only					
		(D)	1 and 3 only					
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61.	Which of the following statements are correct on Adulteration of Food as per PFA?				eration of Food as per PFA?		
	1.	1. If any constituent of the Article has been wholly or in part abstracted so as to affect injuriously the nature, substance or quality there of					
	2.		ny inferior or cheaper substa cle, so as to affect injuriously t		substituted wholly or in part for the stance or quality there of		
	3.		e article contains any prohibi e prescribed limits	ted preservativ	es or permitted preservatives in excess		
		(A)	1 and 2 only	(B)	1 and 3 only		
		(C)	All the above (1, 2 and 3)	(D)	2 and 3 only		
62.	Whi	ch of	the following statements are c	orrect for AGM	ARK standards?		
	1.	The	AGMARK Act was enacted by	the Govt. of In	dia in 1938		
	2.		Directorate of Marketing and ber Analytical Laboratories a	-	tablished under this Act, has set up a stesting centres		
	3.		AGMARK standards are qual produce	ity standards d	lepending on the degree of excellence of		
		(A)	All the above (1, 2 and 3)	(B)	1 and 2 only		
		(C)	1 and 3 only	(D)	2 and 3 only		
63.	Whi	ch of	the following statements are c	orrect to Mould	l as a Microorganism?		
	1.	Mou	lds grow over a wide range of	PH from quite	acid to fairly alkaline PH $2.0-8.5$		
	2.	Mou	lds are smaller than Bacteria	and probably h	armful		
	3.						
		(A)	All the above (1, 2 and 3)	(B)	2 and 3 only		
		(C)	1 and 2 only	(D)	1 and 3 only		
64.	The	worki	ing distance of a low power ob	jective is :			
		(A)	0.5 - 1.5 mm	(B)	5 - 6 mm		
		(C)	0.15 - 0.20 mm	(D)	None of the above		
65.	The	heigh	t preferred for laboratory wor	k benches wher	re one stands to work is :		
		(A)	34-36 inches	(B)	40-42 inches		
		(C)	26-28 inches	(D)	46-48 inches		
66.	Whi	ch gla	ssware is used for the prepara	ation of reagent	s where great accuracy is required?		
		(A)	Standard flask	(B)	Measuring cylinder		
		(C)	Conical flask	(D)	Beaker		
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67 .	Fire caused by flammable liquids can be extinguished using:							
	(A)	Water	(B)	Fire blanket				
	(C)	CO_2 fire extinguisher	(D)	All of the above				
68.	Name an	instrument which utilizes the working	ıg princi	ple 'steam under pressure' :				
	(A)	Incubator	(B)	Autoclave				
	(C)	Water bath	(D)	Hot air oven				
69.	Identify t	he chemical which is not stored in bro	own colo	ured bottle :				
	(A)	Iodine	(B)	Potassium permanganate				
	(C)	Sodium nitroprusside	(D)	Hydrogen fluoride				
70.	Which of	the following is not true regarding an	analyti	cal balance?				
	(A)	Close the door of the balance while	weighin	g				
	(B)	Use your hands to handle weights						
	(C)	Balance the pans before putting the weights						
	(D)	Balance should be in the resting pos	sitions b	efore removing the weights				
71.	Which of the following specimens should be processed immediately after collection?							
	(A)	Urine	(B)	Stool				
	(C)	CSF	(D)	Blood				
72.	Scalds are	e not caused by :						
	(A)	Hot water	(B)	Contact with hot objects				
	(C)	Hot oil	(D)	Steam				
73.	One of the	e chemicals listed below is stored und	ler wate	r to prevent explosion. Identify it.				
	(A)	Picric acid						
	(B)	Nitric acid						
	(C)	Trichloro acetic acid						
	(D)	Sulphosalicylic acid						
74.	Which am	nong the following is not a monochron	nator?					
	(A)	Prism	(B)	Filter				
	(C)	Diffraction grating	(D)	Mirror				

75.	5. In quality control what does the term 'Precision' refers to:						
	(A)	(A) Ability of a method to determine solely the analyte					
	(B)	Close to the actual value or true value					
	(C)	Closeness of the result on repeat	ed analysis	3			
	(D)	Ability of a method to detect sma	allest quant	tity of analyte			
76.		bel should be exhibited on the c that may contain them?	ontainers t	that handles pathogenic organisms or			
	(A)	Toxic	(B)	Biohazard			
	(C)	Harmful	(D)	Irritant			
77.	Thromboo	eytes are formed from :					
	(A)	Reticulocytes	(B)	Megakaryocyte			
	(C)	Myeloblast	(D)	Pronormoblast			
78.	Fouchet's	reagent for testing bilirubin in ur	ine contain	s:			
	(A)	A) TCA, 10% ferric chloride, distilled water					
	(B)	HCl, 10% ferric chloride, distilled	d water				
	(C)	TCA, Sodium nitroprusside, dist	illed water				
	(D)	None of the above					
79 .	In double	oxalate mixture, ammonium oxala	ate and pot	assium oxalate are mixed in the ratio :			
	(A)	1:2	(B)	2:3			
	(C)	3:2	(D)	1:3			
80.	The conce	ntration of formalin as routine fix	ative in his	stopathology is:			
	(A)	20%	(B)	10%			
	(C)	40%	(D)	100%			
81.	_	oic examination of stool showed t ining a tadpole shaped larva. Iden	_	e of a colourless, plano-convex shaped			
	(A)	Ova of A. lumbricoides	(B)	Ova of T. solium			
	(C)	Ova of A. duodenale	(D)	Ova of E. vermicularis			
82.	Which am	nong the following is not an RBC d	iluting flui	d?			
	(A)	Hayem's fluid	(B)	Dacie's formol citrate			
	(C)	Toisson's fluid	(D)	Hinglemann's fluid			

83.	The pH of buffer used in Leishman's staining for peripheral smear examination is:					
	(A)	8.6	(B)	6		
	(C)	6.8	(D)	9		
84.	Each 0.1	mm of buffy coat corresponds to ak	out :			
	(A)	500 WBC/mm³ of blood	(B)	$1000~\mathrm{WBC/~mm^3}$ of blood		
	(C)	$2000~\mathrm{WBC/~mm^3}$ of blood	(D)	None of the above		
85.	Which an	nong the following is not a clearing	g agent?			
	(A)	Dioxane	(B)	Xylene		
	(C)	Chloroform	(D)	Cedar wood oil		
86.		ially available anticoagulant tub cop contains the anticoagulant :	es are univ	versally colour coded. Tube with grey		
	(A)	K_3 EDTA				
	(B)	Heparin				
	(C)	Sodium citrate				
	(D)	Sodium fluoride and potassium of	oxalate			
87.	In which microtome the block remains stationary and the knife moves during sectioning?					
	(A)	Rocking microtome	(B)	Rotary microtome		
	(C)	Sliding microtome	(D)	Base Sledge microtome		
88.	Which ur	ine crystal appears as hexagonal p	olates?			
	(A)	Calcium sulphate	(B)	Calcium carbonate		
	(C)	Triple phosphate	(D)	Cystine crystal		
89.		— gram of NaCl in 1000 ml of so	lution is eq	uivalent to 1 Molar solution.		
	(A)	48.5 gm	(B)	40.5 gm		
	(C)	58.5 gm	(D)	None		
90.	Before cl		chased So	dalime glassware should be treated		
	(A)	5% HCl	(B)	5% NaOH		
	(C)	15% NaOH	(D)	5% KOH		
91.	Example	of essential amino acid is :				
	(A)	Alanine	(B)	Glycine		
	(C)	Lysine	(D)	Tyrosine		

92.	Glycolysis takes place in:					
	(A)	Cytoplasm	(B)	Mitochondria		
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D)	None		
93.	Fluoride i	nhibit ———— enzyme of glycolysi	s.			
	(A)	Hexokinase	(B)	Enolase		
	(C)	Aldolase	(D)	Pyruvate		
94.		— is the storage form of lipids in adipo	se tis	sue.		
	(A)	LDL	(B)	VLDL		
	(C)	Triglycerides	(D)	HDL		
95.	Normal u	rea level in plasma :				
	(A)	20 - 40 mg/dl	(B)	50 - 70 mg/dl		
	(C)	5 - 7 mg/dl	(D)	2 - 4 mg/dl		
96.		— significantly elevated in myocardial	infar	ection.		
	(A)	ALT	(B)	AST		
	(C)	Alkaline phosphatase	(D)	Acid phosphatase		
97.	Creatinin	e estimation is done by :				
	(A)	Berthelot method	(B)	Caraway method		
	(C)	BCG method	(D)	Jaffes method		
98.	Acetone is	s formed in the body as a secondary pro	duct f	rom acetoacetic acid by loss of:		
	(A)	Oxygen	(B)	Carbon dioxide		
	(C)	Water	(D)	Carbon monoxide		
99.	Albustix i	s a paper strip impregnated with the in	dicate	or:		
	(A)	Bromocresol green	(B)	Bromothymol blue		
	(C)	Bromocresol purple	(D)	Tetrabromophenol blue		
100.	On which	principle does Photo electric colorimete	r wor	k?		
	(A)	Beer's Law	(B)	Lambert's Law		
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)	(D)	None		

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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