

DE-7/2021/48

Question Booklet
Alpha Code

A

Question Booklet
Serial Number

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Name:		Reg.No.		Signature:	
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DEPARTMENTAL TESTS — JULY, 2021

Total Number of Questions : 100

[Time : 1½ hours

(Maximum Marks : 100)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The question paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of question booklets with question booklet alpha code viz. A, B, C & D.
2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the question booklet.
3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
4. If you get a question booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your question booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new question booklet with same alpha code.
6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the question booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question booklet supplied contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The question booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so the fact should be brought to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the question booklet. This may be used for rough work.
9. **Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.**
10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball-Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
11. **Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative marks for unattended questions.**
12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.
14. **If any candidates make a marking of answer in the question paper and exchange with other candidate during the course of the examination, the answer script will be invalidated and the candidates will be debarred for a minimum period of 2 years from appearing the Departmental Tests.**

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Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours

1. In which schedule of CrPC, Bailable offences are explained?
(A) First Schedule (B) Second Schedule
(C) Third Schedule (D) Fourth Schedule
2. Who can appoint an Assistant Public Prosecutor?
(A) Any Police officer
(B) Executive Magistrate
(C) District Magistrate by consulting Sessions Judge
(D) The State Government
3. An order issued under section 144 of CrPC shall remain in force for :
(A) 15 days (B) One month
(C) Two months (D) Three months
4. What is meant by R- Disposal?
(A) Files to be retained upto 5 years
(B) Files to be retained upto 10 years
(C) Files to be retained upto 20 years
(D) Files to be retained permanently
5. What is the minimum experience needed by a lawyer to become a special Public prosecutor?
(A) 8 years (B) 10 years
(C) 12 years (D) 15 years
6. Under which section a Magistrate has the power to direct the police to investigate into an offence?
(A) Section 156(3) of CrPC (B) Section 165(3) of CrPC
(C) Section 166(3) of CrPC (D) Section 155(3) of CrPC
7. Where shall we place the draft letter in the file?
(A) Below the note file and above the current file
(B) Above the note file
(C) Below the current file
(D) Anywhere in the file

8. Who among the following is not authorized to serve summons?
(A) Police officer (B) Officer of the Court
(C) Authorized public servant (D) Advocate
9. In which Section of CrPC, reports of certain Government scientific experts are admissible as evidence :
(A) Sec. 291 of CrPC (B) Sec. 292 of CrPC
(C) Sec. 293 of CrPC (D) Sec. 294 of CrPC
10. What does the abbreviation "T.M." means in a Personal Register?
(A) Trade Mark (B) Telephonic Message
(C) Telegram Message (D) Tele Marketing
11. It is mandatory for a Police officer to inform the person arrested, the grounds of arrest and right of bail under :
(A) Section 49 of CrPC (B) Section 50 of CrPC
(C) Section 51 of CrPC (D) Section 54 of CrPC
12. Section 197 of CrPC affords protection to :
(A) Private individuals
(B) Employees of public sector undertakings
(C) Public servants
(D) All the above
13. Which of the following is not true about a summons?
(A) It may be oral
(B) Must be in writing in duplicate
(C) Must be signed by a presiding officer of the court
(D) Must bear the seal of the court
14. Who should first deface the stamps affixed on a petition received in an office?
(A) Section clerk (B) Tappal clerk
(C) Head clerk (D) Superintendent
15. Among the following, the death penalty is related to which case :
(A) Complaint case (B) Petty case
(C) Warrant case (D) Summons case

16. Under Section 267 CrPC, production warrant in respect of a person detained in prison can be issued for :
- (A) Investigation (B) Inquiry
(C) Trial (D) All the above
17. Maintenance of case diary by an investigating officer is mandatory under section :
- (A) Section 172 (B) Section 157
(C) Section 158 (D) Section 173
18. A rape accused shall be examined by a Medical practitioner of Government Hospital within the radius of :
- (A) 24 kms (B) 20 kms
(C) 18 kms (D) 16 kms
19. Who can define the local jurisdiction of Executive Magistrates from time to time?
- (A) Any Magistrate (B) District Magistrate
(C) Executive Magistrate (D) Any Police officer
20. Is it possible for a fresh entry to be made in between two entries of the Personal register?
- (A) Not Possible
(B) Possible if sufficient space is available
(C) Possible with the initials of the Superintendent
(D) Possible with the consent of head of the office
21. The territories of which state were declared as “tribal areas” in sec 2 of CrPC?
- (A) Assam (B) Meghalaya
(C) Nagaland (D) Tripura
22. Any act in respect of which a complaint is made under section 20 of the Cattle-trespass Act 1871 is :
- (A) an allegation (B) a complaint
(C) an offence (D) not an offence
23. Who should sign fair copies of letters addressed to higher authorities?
- (A) The Superintendent (B) Head of the office
(C) Administrative officer (D) Head clerk

24. As per Section 54 of CrPC, "The Medical officer should issue a copy of the Medical examination report to the arrested person ". When?
- (A) Within 15 days (B) Within 10 days
(C) Within 7 days (D) None of the above
25. Which of the following sentence can be given by an Assistant Sessions Judge?
- (A) Imprisonment for 12 years (B) Imprisonment for 8 years
(C) Imprisonment for life (D) Death sentence
26. The Preparation of any communication which it is proposed to issue is known as :
- (A) Drafting (B) Noting
(C) Filing (D) Referencing
27. Executive Magistrate is appointed by :
- (A) High Court (B) Supreme Court
(C) State Government (D) Central Government
28. Which form of communication is used to address the Government?
- (A) Memorandum (B) Letter
(C) Endorsement (D) Proceedings
29. An offence in which a police officer can arrest without warrant is called :
- (A) Non Bailable offence (B) Bailable offence
(C) Non Cognizable offence (D) Cognizable offence
30. A Juvenile court may try a youthful offender if his age is below :
- (A) 14 years (B) 15 years
(C) 16 years (D) 18 years
31. Who is responsible for sending an urgent Tappal received on a holiday to the head of the office by special messenger?
- (A) Peon on duty (B) Clerk on duty
(C) Security on duty (D) Tappal clerk
32. Which disposals are sent out in Original?
- (A) L-Disposal (B) N-Disposal
(C) K-Disposal (D) F-Disposal

33. The term of special Judicial Magistrate appointed by the High Court may not exceed :
- (A) Three months (B) Six months
(C) One year (D) Two years
34. Which section of CrPC bounds public to give information of certain offences?
- (A) Sec. 39 (B) Sec. 49
(C) Sec. 53 (D) Sec. 45
35. Who should set an example to others by themselves attending office punctually?
- (A) Head Ministerial Staff (B) Head of the office
(C) Head clerks (D) Superintendents
36. Which Section prevents the arrest of a woman without a warrant between sunset and sunrise?
- (A) Section 60 (A) CrPC (B) Section 46 (4) CrPC
(C) Section 41 (D) CrPC (D) Section 42 (1) CrPC
37. A Metropolitan Magistrate has the power to pass :
- (A) Any sentence except a sentence of death
(B) Imprisonment for life
(C) Imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years and fine not exceeding Rs.10,000
(D) Imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year and fine not exceeding Rs. 1,000
38. A proclamation requiring a person to appear at a specified place must be published giving :
- (A) Not less than 10 days to the person concerned
(B) Not less than 15 days to the person concerned
(C) Not less than 20 days to the person concerned
(D) Not less than 30 days to the person concerned
39. Section 160 of CrPC authorises a police officer to :
- (A) Summon a person as a witness
(B) Summon a person for the production of documents
(C) Summon a person for the production of an article
(D) All the above
40. Which colour fly leaf is placed at the top of the note file?
- (A) Red (B) Yellow
(C) Blue (D) Black

41. The State Government shall establish a Police Control Room in :
(A) Every district (B) State level only
(C) Both district and at State level (D) State Secretariat only
42. The peon should attend the office at :
(A) 9.30 am (B) 9.00 am
(C) 8.30 am (D) 8.00 am
43. If a person escapes from the lawful custody, the police officer is empowered to arrest him in a place within :
(A) Police station limit (B) District
(C) State (D) India
44. The movement Register should be put up for perusal before the Head of the office on :
(A) The first working day of every month
(B) The third working day of every month
(C) Last working day of every month
(D) Every week
45. What is the maximum duration for which a person can be kept in police custody without warrant?
(A) 12 hours (B) 24 hours
(C) 48 hours (D) 72 hours
46. A warrant of arrest may be executed at a place within the limit of :
(A) Police station (B) District
(C) India (D) State
47. The envelopes addressed to officers by name are opened by :
(A) The Tappal Clerk (B) The Head of the office
(C) The office Superintendent (D) The Addressee
48. Under which section of Cr.P.C. a person who is avoiding execution of a warrant may be proclaimed absconder?
(A) Section 81 (B) Section 82
(C) Section 83 (D) Section 84
49. On what ground a court can alter a signed judgement :
(A) Clerical error (B) Judicial error
(C) Observational Error (D) Gross Error

50. All communications received in the office whether it is official or Demi official are until a number is known as :
- (A) New case (B) Arising reference
(C) Tappal (D) Current
51. Every warrant of arrest issued by the court is valid for :
- (A) Two days (B) Three days
(C) Fifteen days (D) Until it is cancelled
52. Register of Periodicals is maintained in :
- (A) Form - IX (B) Form - X
(C) Form - XI (D) Form - XII
53. Petty offences are offences punishable only with fine not exceeding rupees :
- (A) Five thousand (B) Three thousand
(C) Two thousand (D) One thousand
54. What is the purpose of "Economy label" pasted on an envelope?
- (A) For easy identification
(B) To inform the envelope contain confidential paper
(C) For using the envelope again
(D) To inform the envelope contain non-confidential paper
55. The procedure for trial before a Court of Sessions is provided under sections :
- (A) 260 to 265 CrPC (B) 238 to 250 CrPC
(C) 251 to 259 CrPC (D) 225 to 237 CrPC
56. Which section of the CrPC provides that, the aggregate of consecutive sentences passed against an accused shall not exceed 14 years :
- (A) Section 31 CrPC (B) Section 51 CrPC
(C) Section 34 CrPC (D) Section 41 CrPC
57. How many days late attendance without permission will be the penalty for one-day casual leave?
- (A) Two days (B) Three days
(C) Four days (D) Five days
58. Section 162 of CrPC is for the protection of :
- (A) Accused (B) Witnesses
(C) Police officer (D) Magistrate

59. Communications intended for the officers living in the Headquarters will be delivered through :
- (A) Distribution register (B) Despatch register
(C) Personal register (D) Local delivery book
60. The personal register will be destroyed after a period of :
- (A) One year (B) Two years
(C) Three years (D) Five years
61. Special summons for the petty offences can be issued :
- (A) By a Court of Sessions only
(B) By a Magistrate only
(C) By a Magistrate as well as Court of Sessions
(D) By the High Court
62. The Record Section should be inspected by the Head of the office in :
- (A) April every year (B) January every year
(C) December every year (D) Twice in a year
63. "Economy label" cannot be used in an envelope if it is :
- (A) Under the certificate of posting
(B) By local Delivery
(C) By Special messenger
(D) Registered Post
64. Examination of witness in the absence of the accused can be done under :
- (A) Sec. 299 of CrPC (B) Sec. 321 of CrPC
(C) Sec. 224 of CrPC (D) Sec. 301 of CrPC
65. How do the field officers mark their attendance in the official attendance register?
- (A) Need not mark attendance
(B) Mark the attendance on return to the office
(C) Keep a separate attendance register
(D) Report their duty over phone
66. What is the maximum term of imprisonment the court of a Magistrate of the second class may pass?
- (A) One Year (B) Two years
(C) One month (D) Six months

67. How long a magistrate can detain an accused person in custody related to an offence punishable with life imprisonment?
- (A) 15 days (B) 60 days
(C) 90 days (D) 120 days
68. Any reference issued from the office which originates a file is called as :
- (A) Case (B) Current
(C) Correspondence (D) Arising reference
69. A judicial Magistrate of First class can award fine upto :
- (A) Rs. 5,000/- (B) Rs. 10,000/-
(C) Rs. 15,000/- (D) Rs. 20,000/-
70. Who is authorized to conduct an inquiry?
- (A) Magistrate (B) Police officer
(C) Private person (D) The Government
71. In which register the Tappal received in an office is entered?
- (A) Distribution register (B) Reference register
(C) Despatch register (D) Personal register
72. Protection of members of the Armed Forces from arrest is provided in :
- (A) Sec. 43 CrPC (B) Sec. 44 CrPC
(C) Sec. 35 CrPC (D) Sec. 45 CrPC
73. Under section 315 of CrPC :
- (A) An accused cannot be a witness
(B) An accused can be compelled to give his evidence generally
(C) An accused can be called as a witness only on his request in writing
(D) None of the above
74. The register in form No VI, Appendix 1 of MOP is :
- (A) Distribution Register (B) Personal Register
(C) Fair copy Register (D) Local Delivery Book
75. As per CrPC, the term 'Victim' includes :
- (A) The suffering person only
(B) Includes his or her guardian or legal heir
(C) Includes his or her neighbour
(D) Includes his or her friend

76. The population of a metropolitan area should exceed :
- (A) One million (B) One lakh
(C) Five lakh (D) Eight lakh
77. Which form is used when a statutory power is recorded by the head of the office?
- (A) Memorandum (B) Demi – Official
(C) Endorsement (D) Proceedings
78. A private person can arrest :
- (A) An unsound person
(B) A minor
(C) A proclaimed offender
(D) A person who commits non cognizable offence
79. What is Call book?
- (A) Special register for periodicals
(B) Special register for arrears
(C) Special register for files on which reports are sent to the government after a certain time
(D) Special register for the destruction of records
80. Confession during the course of an investigation must be made before :
- (A) Sessions judge (B) Judicial / Metropolitan magistrate
(C) Executive magistrate (D) Superintendent of Police
81. Which Tappal should be given prime importance?
- (A) Correspondence from head office (B) Messages
(C) Correspondence from other officers (D) Government correspondence
82. The Police officer making an investigation cannot require the attendance of a male witness at a place other than the place of his residence, who is :
- (A) Under the age of 15 years (B) Under the age of 16 years
(C) Under the age of 18 years (D) Under the age of 21 years
83. In which file the important Government Orders which are required for frequent reference is kept?
- (A) Current file (B) Stock file
(C) Back file (D) Note file

84. The Magistrate has the power to grant compensation to the victims as provided under :
- (A) Section 360 of CrPC (B) Section 359 of CrPC
(C) Section 358 of CrPC (D) Section 357 of CrPC
85. Offences other than those mentioned in Section 320 of CrPC are :
- (A) Not compoundable
(B) Compoundable with the permission of the court
(C) Compoundable by the Court of Sessions
(D) Compoundable by the High Court
86. When an Officer desired that a matter should receive the personal attention of the individual addressed, the communication should be in the form of :
- (A) Memo (B) Ordinary letter
(C) Demi Official (D) Endorsement form
87. An Executive Magistrate is empowered to grant remand under section 167 CrPC for a maximum period of :
- (A) 60 days (B) 30 days
(C) 15 days (D) 7 days
88. The number of entries on each page of the Personal Register shall not exceed :
- (A) One (B) Three
(C) Four (D) Five
89. In an arising current the word 'arising' will be entered in which column of personal register?
- (A) Column 4 (B) Column 5
(C) Column 6 (D) Column 7
90. During inquiry or trial, under section 309 of CrPC Magistrate can remand an accused :
- (A) For a maximum of one month at a time
(B) For a maximum of 15 days at a time
(C) For a maximum of 14 days at a time
(D) For a maximum of 7 days at a time
91. Memorandum form of correspondence can be signed by :
- (A) The Manager (B) Fair copy Supt.
(C) Section Supt. (D) Head clerk
92. Which Register is maintained by the Tappal Clerk?
- (A) Personal register (B) Fair copy Register
(C) Stamp Account Register (D) Security Register

93. Under Section 313 of CrPC, the statement of accused :
- (A) Has to be recorded on oath
 - (B) Has to be recorded without oath
 - (C) Either on oath or without oath depending on whether the case is a summons trial or a warrant trial
 - (D) Either on oath or without oath as per the direction of the court
94. Which types of disposals must be indexed?
- (A) R and D
 - (B) K and L
 - (C) N and F
 - (D) XN and XL
95. What type of offence will a magistrate arrest a person?
- (A) Depends upon the offence
 - (B) Any Cognizable offence
 - (C) If an offence is committed by the person in the presence of magistrate
 - (D) Any non-cognizable offence
96. The distribution register will be destroyed after :
- (A) Ten years
 - (B) Five years
 - (C) Four years
 - (D) Three years
97. When is a new personal register opened?
- (A) In every calendar Year
 - (B) In every two year
 - (C) If the old one is completely used
 - (D) When the section clerk changed
98. Which of the following Chapter of CrPC is not applicable in Nagaland?
- (A) Chapter VIII
 - (B) Chapter IX
 - (C) Chapter X
 - (D) Chapter XI
99. Which of the following is not notified as a Metropolitan area under CrPC?
- (A) Bombay
 - (B) Calcutta
 - (C) Madras
 - (D) Thiruvananthapuram
100. Who will ensure that all currents received in the section are entered in Personal register?
- (A) Manager
 - (B) Senior Superintendent
 - (C) Superintendent
 - (D) Record keeper

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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