

DE-7/2021/105

Question Booklet
Alpha Code

A

Question Booklet
Serial Number

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Name:		Reg.No.		Signature:	
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DEPARTMENTAL TESTS — JULY, 2021

Total Number of Questions : 100

[Time : 1½ hours

(Maximum Marks : 100)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The question paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of question booklets with question booklet alpha code viz. A, B, C & D.
2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the question booklet.
3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
4. If you get a question booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your question booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new question booklet with same alpha code.
6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the question booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question booklet supplied contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The question booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so the fact should be brought to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the question booklet. This may be used for rough work.
9. **Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.**
10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball-Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
11. **Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative marks for unattended questions.**
12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.
14. **If any candidates make a marking of answer in the question paper and exchange with other candidate during the course of the examination, the answer script will be invalidated and the candidates will be debarred for a minimum period of 2 years from appearing the Departmental Tests.**

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Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1½ hours

1. Which of the following is not an objective of Electricity Act, 2003?
 - (A) Promoting competition in power sector
 - (B) Protecting interest of consumers
 - (C) Supply of electricity to all areas
 - (D) Reducing AT & C loss

2. A process that simultaneously produces two or more forms of useful energy is :
 - (A) Cogeneration
 - (B) By generation
 - (C) Self generation
 - (D) None of the above

3. The operation whereby the distribution system and associated facilities of a transmission licensee or distribution licensee are used by another person for the conveyance of electricity on payment of charges is called :
 - (A) Trading
 - (B) Franchising
 - (C) Wheeling
 - (D) Dispatching

4. The Central Electricity Authority shall prepare and notify a :
 - (A) National Electricity Policy
 - (B) National Electricity Plan
 - (C) Tariff Policy
 - (D) None of the above

5. Grid Code is specified by the :
 - (A) Central Commission
 - (B) State Commission
 - (C) Joint Commission
 - (D) Central Electricity Authority

6. The electricity system set-up to generate power and distribute electricity in a specified area without connection to the grid is called :
 - (A) On grid system
 - (B) Stand alone system
 - (C) Off grid system
 - (D) None of the above

7. Any reduction in consumption of electricity as a result of increase in the efficiency in supply and use of electricity is called :
 - (A) Energy Saving
 - (B) Energy Efficiency
 - (C) Energy Reduction
 - (D) Energy Conservation

8. The Central Government shall, from time to time, prepare the :
- (A) National Electricity Policy (B) Tariff policy
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) National Electricity Plan
9. Any generating company intending to set-up a hydro-generating station shall prepare and submit a scheme to the _____ for its concurrence.
- (A) Appropriate Government (B) Authority
(C) Appropriate Commission (D) None of the above
10. Any person who applies for grant of licence shall publish a notice of his application with such particulars within _____ after making such application.
- (A) Seven days (B) Ten days
(C) Fifteen days (D) One month
11. Before granting a licence under section 14, the Appropriate Commission shall publish a notice in :
- (A) One daily newspaper (B) Two daily newspapers
(C) Three daily newspapers (D) Four daily newspapers
12. This is not a reason to revoke the license issued by the Appropriate Commission :
- (A) Licencee makes willful default in doing anything under the Act
(B) Licencee breaks any of the terms of his licence
(C) Licencee fails to make the deposit the security
(D) Licencee fails to comply any direction of Government
13. Monitoring grid operations is not the function of :
- (A) NLDC (B) RLDC
(C) SLDC (D) All of the above
14. If any dispute arises with reference to the quality of the regional grid or in relation to any direction issued by the RLDC it shall be referred to the :
- (A) Central Government (B) Central Commission
(C) Central Electricity Authority (D) Appellate Tribunal
15. If any generating company fails to comply with the directions issued by SLDC, it is liable to a penalty not exceeding :
- (A) Rupees Fifteen lacs (B) Rupees Twenty lacs
(C) Rupees Five lacs (D) Rupees Ten lacs

16. A State Transmission licensee may with prior intimation to the _____ engage in any business for optimum utilisation of its assets.
- (A) State Government (B) Authority
(C) Central Commission (D) State Commission
17. A proportion of the revenues derived from other business of the Transmission licensee shall be utilised for reducing its charges for :
- (A) Transmission and surcharge (B) Wheeling and surcharge
(C) Wheeling and cross subsidy (D) Transmission and wheeling
18. Any consumer, who is aggrieved by non-redressal of his grievances by CGRF may make a representation for the redressal of his grievance to :
- (A) Ombudsman (B) High Court
(C) Appellate Authority (D) Appellate Tribunal
19. As per Section 43, if a distribution licensee fails to supply the electricity within the specified period, he shall be liable to a penalty which may extend to :
- (A) Rs.500/- for each day of default (B) Rs. 1000/- for each day of default
(C) Rs.1500/- for each day of default (D) Rs.2000/- for each day of default
20. The State Commission have to specify an Electricity Supply code for distribution of electricity as per :
- (A) Section 42 (B) Section 44
(C) Section 50 (D) Section 52
21. For becoming a Trader, the Appropriate Commission may specify the :
- (A) Technical requirement (B) Capital adequacy requirement
(C) Credit worthiness (D) All of the above
22. The distribution licensee can disconnect the supply of a consumer for default of payment of any electricity charges, after giving a notice of not less than :
- (A) Fifteen days clear (B) Fifteen calendar days
(C) Seven days clear (D) Seven calendar days
23. If multiple distribution licensees are operating in the same area, the Appropriate Commission may fix a retail tariff for sale of electricity with a :
- (A) Minimum ceiling (B) Maximum ceiling
(C) Both maximum and minimum ceiling (D) None of the above

24. While determining tariff, the Appropriate Commission may not differentiate the consumers according to their :
- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Purpose | (B) Time of use |
| (C) Date of connection | (D) Voltage level |
25. The Appropriate Commission within seven days of making a tariff order shall send a copy of the order to the :
- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| (A) Appropriate Government | (B) Authority |
| (C) Concerned licensees | (D) All of the above |
26. Before commencing any work of placing any service line near the telegraphic pant, the licensee shall serve upon the telegraph authority a notice of not less than :
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| (A) 72 hours | (B) 48 hours |
| (C) 24 hours | (D) 12 hours |
27. The Central Electricity Authority shall consist of not more than :
- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) 21 Full time Members | (B) 14 Full time Members |
| (C) 8 Full time Members | (D) 6 Full time Members |
28. In matters of policy involving public interest, the Central Government may give directions to the Authority as per :
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| (A) Section 75 | (B) Section 107 |
| (C) Section 108 | (D) None of the above |
29. The Selection Committee for Central Commission shall finalise the selection of the Members referred to it within :
- | |
|---|
| (A) One month from the date of reference |
| (B) Three months from the date of reference |
| (C) Two months from the date of reference |
| (D) Four months from the date of reference |
30. Other than the ex-officio Member, the Central Commission shall consist of :
- | |
|---|
| (A) Chairperson and two other Members |
| (B) Chairperson and three other Members |
| (C) Chairperson and four other Members |
| (D) Chairperson and five other Members |
31. Which of the following is not a function of Central Commission?
- | |
|--|
| (A) Regulate the tariff of central generating companies |
| (B) Regulate the inter-State transmission of electricity |
| (C) Determine tariff for inter-State transmission of electricity |
| (D) Regulate the intra-State transmission of electricity |

32. The Central Advisory Committee shall consist of not more than :
- (A) 14 Members (B) 21 Members
(C) 28 Members (D) 31 Members
33. The Selection Committee for State Commission shall recommend a panel of _____ for every vacancy referred to it.
- (A) Two names (B) Three names
(C) Four names (D) Five names
34. No Member of the State Commission shall hold office after he has attained the age of :
- (A) 58 years (B) 60 years
(C) 65 years (D) 70 years
35. A Member of Commission may relinquish his office by giving in writing to the Appropriate Government a notice of not less than :
- (A) One month (B) Two months
(C) Four months (D) Three months
36. The State Commission shall be guided by directions in matters of policy involving public interest as the State Government may give to it in writing. This is as per :
- (A) Section 106 (B) Section 107
(C) Section 108 (D) Section 109
37. A person aggrieved by an order made by _____ cannot prefer an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal for Electricity.
- (A) Adjudicating officer (B) High Court
(C) State Commission (D) Central Commission
38. The Appellate Tribunal for Electricity shall dispose of the appeal finally within _____ from the date of receipt of the appeal.
- (A) 45 days (B) 90 days
(C) 120 days (D) 180 days
39. Which of the following is not an unauthorised use of electricity?
- (A) By any artificial means
(B) Damages or destroy energy meter
(C) By a means not authorised by the licensee
(D) Through a tampered meter
40. The assessment under section 126 shall be made at _____ the applicable tariff.
- (A) One and half times (B) Three times
(C) Two times (D) Two and half

41. Any person served with the order of provisional assessment may accept assessment and deposit the assessed amount within _____ of service of the provisional assessment order.
- (A) 7 days (B) 15 days
(C) 21 days (D) 30 days
42. The Section that deals with the vesting of property of Board's property in State Government :
- (A) Section 130 (B) Section 131
(C) Section 132 (D) Section 133
43. The fine for theft of electricity the first conviction, where the load abstracted exceeds 10KW, is :
- (A) 3 times the financial gain (B) 6 times the financial gain
(C) 4 times the financial gain (D) 5 times the financial gain
44. Whoever dishonestly receives any stolen electric line or material shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to :
- (A) One year (B) Two years
(C) Three years (D) Four years
45. The section that describes the punishment for extinguishing public lamps is :
- (A) Section 138 (B) Section 139
(C) Section 140 (D) Section 141
46. The compounding rate specified for a commercial consumer is :
- (A) Rs.20,000/- per KW (B) Rs.10,000/- per KW
(C) Rs 2,000/- per KW (D) Rs 4,000/- per KW
47. Special courts do not have jurisdiction if it is an offence under :
- (A) Section 135 (B) Section 150
(C) Section 126 (D) Section 140
48. The Special Court shall be deemed to be a :
- (A) Munsif Court (B) Judicial Magistrate Court
(C) High Court (D) Session Court
49. The Chairperson of the Forum of Regulators shall be the :
- (A) Chairperson of the Central Commission
(B) Chairperson of the Central Electricity Authority
(C) Chairperson of the Appellate Tribunal for Electricity
(D) None of the above

50. If a person defaults to pay any penalty amount, it can be recovered as if it were an arrear of land revenue as per :
- (A) Section 46 (B) Section 47
(C) Section 170 (D) Section 171
51. The Authority may make regulations consistent with the Electricity Act and the rules generally to carry out the provisions of this Electricity Act as per :
- (A) Section 176 (B) Section 177
(C) Section 178 (D) Section 179
52. Any rule or regulation made under the Electricity Act can have an effect even if it is inconsistent with any other provisions of the :
- (A) Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (B) Atomic Energy Act, 1962
(C) Railways Act, 1989 (D) Indian Electricity Act, 1910
53. The memorandum containing salient features of a prospectus as may be specified by the Securities and Exchange Board :
- (A) Abridged prospectus (B) Accounting standards
(C) Documents (D) None of the above
54. The document that need not be prepared and registered with the Registrar of Companies in public limited companies :
- (A) Statutory declaration (B) Memorandum of association
(C) Articles of association (D) Directors undertakings
55. The term company is defined under which section of the Company Act :
- (A) Section 2(22) (B) Section 2(24)
(C) Section 2(20) (D) Section 2(25)
56. The minimum number of persons required to form a Public limited company is :
- (A) Seven (B) Five
(C) Four (D) Two
57. When an existing company applies for change its name, the Registrar may normally reserve the name for a period of _____ from the date of approval.
- (A) 20 days (B) 30 days
(C) 45 days (D) 60 days
58. If a company fail to incorporate within the prescribed time, the reserved name will be cancelled and the person making application shall be liable to a penalty which may extend to :
- (A) Rs.50,000/- (B) Rs.75,000/-
(C) Rs.1,00,000/- (D) None of the above

59. A company is said to have been registered when :
- (A) It files Memorandum of Association
 - (B) It gets Certificate of Incorporation
 - (C) It files Article of Association
 - (D) It gets Certificate for commencement of business
60. Maximum number of members in case of a private company is :
- (A) 50
 - (B) 100
 - (C) 150
 - (D) 200
61. The conclusive evidence in case of company that statutory requirements have been complied with :
- (A) Certificate of Incorporation
 - (B) Certificate of commencement of Business
 - (C) Certificate of Application
 - (D) None of the above
62. A Public company Should start business only after getting certificate of :
- (A) Incorporation
 - (B) Commencement of business
 - (C) Registration
 - (D) None of the above
63. A Government company can convert to a private company by :
- (A) Alteration of memorandum of the company
 - (B) Alteration of articles of the company
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
64. Converting a public company into a private company requires a special resolution passed by the members and :
- (A) Approved by the Registrar of companies
 - (B) Approved by the company Law Tribunal
 - (C) Approved by the auditors
 - (D) With sanction of the Central Government
65. Certificate of commencement of business is not required by a :
- (A) Public company
 - (B) Private company
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Private company subsidiary to a public company

66. The gap between two annual general meetings must not be more than :
(A) 9 months (B) 12 months
(C) 18 months (D) 15 months
67. Who will become liable if the annual general meeting is not conducted :
(A) Company (B) Every officer
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above
68. Quorum for general meeting for public companies if the number of members is not more than one thousand :
(A) Five (B) Two
(C) Fifteen (D) Thirty
69. Quorum for general meeting for private companies :
(A) Two (B) Five
(C) Fifteen (D) Thirty
70. Annual General Meeting can be called by :
(A) Managing Director (B) Chairman
(C) Board of Directors (D) Company Secretary
71. A Company can hold AGM :
(A) On any day (B) Only on any holiday
(C) On any day except National holiday (D) None of the above
72. The charter of a company is :
(A) Articles of Association (B) Memorandum of Association
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above
73. The liability of members if company is limited by shares :
(A) Unpaid value of shares (B) Guarantee amount
(C) Unlimited liability (D) None of the above
74. The NFRA consist of Chairman and such other members not exceeding :
(A) Three (B) Ten
(C) Twelve (D) Fifteen
75. The standards of accounting or any addendum there to is prescribed by the :
(A) Central Government (B) State Government
(C) Registrar of Companies (D) Chartered Accountants of India

76. Every company has to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, if turnover is :
- (A) Rs. 5 crore or more (B) Rs. 200 crore or more
(C) Rs. 500 crore or more (D) Rs. 1,000 crore or more
77. A copy of the financial statements shall be filed with the Registrar within _____ of the date of annual general meeting.
- (A) Thirty days (B) Twenty days
(C) Fifteen days (D) Ten days
78. From the date of registration, the first auditor of a company, other than a Government company, shall be appointed by the Board of Directors within :
- (A) Ninety days (B) Sixty days
(C) Thirty days (D) None of the above
79. The auditor of a company appointed may be removed from his office before the expiry of his term only by a :
- (A) Special resolution (B) Ordinary resolution
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above
80. A company auditor is not prohibited to perform the following :
- (A) Internal auditing (B) Actuarial services
(C) Examining the accounts (D) Investment advisory services
81. Who can be a director of a company?
- (A) Association of Persons (B) Body Corporate
(C) Any person (D) None of the above
82. The minimum number of directors required in Public Company :
- (A) Two (B) Three
(C) Seven (D) Fifteen
83. The term of appointment of an Independent Director is :
- (A) 5 consecutive years (B) 3 consecutive years
(C) Indefinite (D) As decided by Board of Directors
84. An Independent Director is eligible for reappointment only if he is not associated with the Company in any manner for a period of :
- (A) 10 years (B) 5 years
(C) 3 years (D) 2 years

85. As per section 160, notice to be appointed as a Director shall be submitted to a Company with the deposit of :
- (A) Rs. 10,000 (B) Rs. 25,000
(C) Rs.50,000 (D) Rs. 1,00,000
86. Maximum number of Public Companies in which a person can be Director :
- (A) 8 (B) 10
(C) 12 (D) 20
87. The period within which the Company shall inform Registrar about Directors resignation is _____ from date of notice of resignation.
- (A) 7 days (B) 14 days
(C) 30 days (D) 45 days
88. Tenure of office of a Director appointed to fill vacancy of a removed Director shall be :
- (A) Till the end of predecessors tenure
(B) Till the next General Meeting
(C) Till the next Annual General Meeting
(D) As per Registrar order
89. A Company shall hold a minimum number of _____ meetings of its Board of Directors every year.
- (A) Three (B) Four
(C) Six (D) Nine
90. For a Board of Directors meeting, notice shall be given to Directors at least before :
- (A) 7 days (B) 14 days
(C) 21 days (D) 28 days
91. 30 days the documents that a State Government Company should place before the State legislation :
- (A) Annual report (B) Audit report
(C) Comments of CAG (D) All the above
92. Government company requires to prepare annual report within three months from the date of :
- (A) CAG report
(B) Audit report
(C) AGM in which the CAG gave comment
(D) None of the above
93. CIN stands for :
- (A) Corporate Identity Number (B) Company Identity Number
(C) Company Identification Number (D) None of the above

94. The aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure etc. is called :
- (A) Turn over (B) Net profit
(C) Net worth (D) Net reserve
95. Companies are classified into Holding Companies, Subsidiary Companies and Associate Companies on the basis of :
- (A) Size (B) Control
(C) Number of members (D) Liability
96. Which of the following is a public financial institution as per Section 2(72)?
- (A) Life Insurance Corporation of India
(B) Infrastructure Development Finance Company Limited
(C) Industrial Investment Bank of India Ltd.
(D) All of the above
97. A small Company shall be a :
- (A) Private Company (B) Charitable company
(C) Holding company (D) Subsidiary company
98. A Corporation or limited liability Company that holds a controlling ownership interest in other Companies is called :
- (A) Subsidiary Company (B) Holding Company
(C) Small Company (D) None of the above
99. Section 8 Company is a Company for promoting :
- (A) Research (B) Social welfare
(C) Charity (D) All of the above
100. The books of accounts of the company shall be kept in good order for a period of :
- (A) 3 Financial Years (B) 5 Financial Years
(C) 8 Financial Years (D) 12 Financial Years

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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