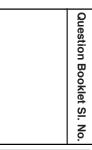
#### **Question Booklet Alpha Code**





Total Number of Questions: 100 Time: 75 Minutes

**Maximum Marks: 100** 

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Alpha Code viz. A, B, C & D.
- The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the Question Booklet.
- 3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
- 4. If you get a Question Booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
- The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same alpha code.
- 6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the Question Booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
- 7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him/her contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
- 8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for rough work.
- 9. Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.
- 10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 11. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.
- 12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
- 13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

**A** -2-

1.	Which among the follow	f facial skeleton ?		
	A) Ethmoid	B) Lacrimal	C) Maxilla	D) Vomer
2.	Which among the followard of the followa	nargin of external acoust st posterior margin of r	ustic meatus neatus	ngle ?
3.	Which among the followable A) Auriculotemporal (C) Zygomaticofacial (C)	nerve	mandibular nerve ? B) Infraorbital nerve D) Zygomaticotempo	oral nerve
4.	Which among the followard (A) Common carotid at C) Sympathetic trunk	artery	t of carotid sheath ?  B) Internal jugular ve  D) Vagus nerve	ein
5.	Which among the followard A) Buccinator	owing is the derivative B) Mylohyoid	e of first branchial arcl C) Platysma	n ? D) Stapedius
6.	Functional residual ca A) Inspiratory reserve B) Expiratory reserve C) Expiratory reserve D) Inspiratory reserve	e volume + Tidal volu volume + Residual v volume + Tidal volur	me rolume me	ve volume
7.	Renin is secreted by  A) Macula densa cell  C) Lacis cells	S	B) Juxtaglomerular of D) Mesangial cells	cells
8.	QRS complex in an E A) Ventricular depola B) Atrial depolarizatio C) Ventricular repola D) Atrial depolarizatio	rization on rization		

**A** -3-

9.	All are sensations carried by posterior column tracts except		
	A) Two-point discrimination	B) Vibration sense	
	C) Pain	D) Stereognosis	
10.	Chvostek's sign is seen in		
	A) Cushing's syndrome	B) Addison's diseas	е
	C) Hyperthyroidism	D) Hypoparathyroidi	sm
11	The most commonly mutated protooncoge	no in human tumouro	io
11.	A) RAS protein B) ABL	C) MYC	D) FOS
	A) NAS protein b) ABL	C) WTC	D) 103
12.	False statement about secondary healing i	S	
	A) More intense inflammation than primary		
	B) Greater volume of granulation tissue th	an in primary healing	
	C) Greater mass of scar tissue compared	to primary healing	
	D) Minimal wound contraction		
13.	Fibrinoid necrosis is usually seen in		
	A) Infarct brain		
	B) Tuberculosis		
	C) Walls of arteries in immune vasculitis		
	D) Ischemic necrosis of heart		
14.	The most abundant glycoprotein in basem	ent membrane is	
	A) Elastin B) Laminin	C) Fibronectin	D) Integrin
	,	· , ·	_,g
15.	Epithelioid cells are		
	A) Modified epithelial cells	B) Modified endother	elial cells
	C) Activated macrophages	D) Transdifferentiate	ed lymphocytes
16.	In nonequilibrium type of enzyme inhibition	for drug action	
	A) kM increase, V <sub>max</sub> is unchanged		
	B) kM is unchanged, V <sub>max</sub> reduce		
	C) kM decrease, V <sub>max</sub> increase		
	D) kM increase, V <sub>max</sub> reduce		

17.	A) Agonist DRC shifted to right, maximum response is lowered     B) Agonist DRC shifted to left, no suppression of maximum response     C) Parallel shift of agonist DRC, no suppression of maximum response     D) Flattening of agonist DRC, maximum response is lowered			
18.	The mechanism responsible for development of tolerance to morphine is			
	A) Drug disposition		B) Enzyme mediate	d
	C) Polymorphism		D) Cellular	
19.	Pharmacovigilance in A) Scrutiny of drug tr B) Scrutiny of adhere C) Lead optimization D) Post marketing su	ials ence to good laborato	ry practices	
20.	The combination of some A) Supra additive drug	ug combination	trimethoprim is an ex B) Additive drug cor D) Targeted drug co	mbination
21.	Which of the following A) Glucose-6-phosph C) Phosphoglucomut	natase	nzyme in glycolytic pa B) Pyruvate carboxy D) Phosphofructokir	/lase
22.	Which of the following A) The inhibitor is str B) Reversible C) V <sub>max</sub> is decreased D) Km is increased	uctural analogue of th	•	enzymes ?
23.	The immunoglobulin (A) IgA	that mediates primary B) IgE	immune response is C) IgM	D) IgG
24.	All the following are p A) Melanin	roducts formed from B) Serotonin	tyrosine except  C) Epinephrine	D) Dopamine

**A** -5-

25.	which of the following lipoprotein transport		•	•
	A) Chylomicron	,	Very low density	• •
	C) Low density lipoprotein	D)	High density lipor	protein
26.	The mechanism of action of diphtheria to A) Increasing adenylate cyclase activity B) Blocking the production and release of C) Inactivating elongation factor EF-2 D) Causing lysis of erythrocytes		•	omuscular junction
27.	Vincent's angina is caused by			
	A) Staphylococcus aureus	B)	Leptotrichia bucc	alis
	C) Streptococcus viridans	D)	Haemophilus infl	uenzae
28.	Selective media for the isolation of Myco.	bacte	erium tuberculosis	is
	A) Loeffler's serum slope	B)	Lowenstein-Jens	en medium
	C) Thayer Martin medium	D)	Wilson-Blair med	lium
29.	The antibody responsible for anaphylacti	c rea	ctions is	
	A) IgG B) IgA	C)	IgD	D) IgE
30.	Germ tube formation is shown by			
	A) Candida kefyr	B)	Candida tropicali	S
	C) Candida parapsilosis	D)	Candida albicans	3
31.	Hypomineralised structures of the ename	el rod	s and inter rods su	ıbstance is called
	A) Enamel tuft	B)	Enamel lamellae	
	C) Striae of retzius	D)	Prismless ename	el
32.	True about dentin			
	A) Hardness 1/5 <sup>th</sup> of enamel	B)	Hardness less at	DEJ
	C) Modulus of elasticity 40 GPa	D)	Compressive stre	ength 384 MPa
33.	Cusps that contact opposing teeth during	g max	rimum habitual inte	ercuspation
	A) Nonfunctional cusp		Stamp cusp	
	C) Nonholding cusp	,	Both A) and B)	
_				

34.	Stratum spinosum contains				
	A) Cuboidal cells				
	B) Extremely flattened cells				
	C) Extremely flattened and dehydrated cells				
	D) Tonofibril bundles				
0.5					
35.	False about circumvallate papillae				
	A) 8 to 12 in number				
	B) Located adjacent and posterior to sulcu	is terminalis			
	C) Surrounded by sulcular groove				
	D) None of the above				
36.	Diameter at D16 for No : 20 reamer				
	A) 0.20	B) 0.32			
	C) 0.52	D) 0.62			
37	Distance from one cutting edge to the next in endodontic instrument is called				
57.	A) Land	B) Pitch			
	C) Flute	D) None of the above			
	o, ride	D) None of the above			
38.	Risk indicators for caries				
	A) White spots	B) Visible plaque			
	C) Deep pit and fissures	D) Both B) and C)			
39.	Recommended instrument to detect caries	in ICDAS assessment			
	A) No 23 explorer	B) CPITN probe			
	C) JW17 explorer	D) DG16 explorer			
	, , ,				
40.	Axiopulpal depth of proximal box in Amalga	• •			
	A) 2 – 2.2 mm	B) .2 – .8 mm			
	C) .5 – 1 mm	D) 1 – 1.5 mm			
41.	Development of tooth begins at	week of intrauterine life.			
	A) 6 weeks	B) 4 weeks			
	C) 3 weeks	D) 2 weeks			

<ol><li>The ectomesenchymal cells and fibers that surrounds enamel organ and opapilla is</li></ol>		
A) Alveolar bone	B) Dental follicle	
C) Dental sac	D) None of the above	
80% of nerve fibers in the pulp tissue are		
A) A-delta	B) A-alpha	
C) A-beta	D) C-fibers	
Un-mineralized zone of dentin seen above	odontoblastic zone is	
A) Intertubular dentin	B) Peritubular dentin	
C) Predentin	D) Interglobular dentin	
In molars with radix paramolaris extra root	is seen toward	
A) Lingually B) Mesially	C) Distally D) Bucally	
	B) Dark zone	
C) Translucent zone	D) Surface zone	
What should not be used to sterilize dental	hand piece ?	
A) Chemiclave	B) Autoclave	
C) Dry heat	D) Ethylene oxide	
Which is not a feature of exploratory instru	ment ?	
A) Large diameter	B) Small diameter	
C) Light weight	D) None	
Cavo surface margin on occlusal surface in	n composite is	
A) 80 degree	B) 90 degree	
C) 120 degree	D) 160 degree	
ISO Technical Committee (TC) number for	dentistry	
A) 104	B) 105	
C) 106	D) 107	
	papilla is A) Alveolar bone C) Dental sac  80% of nerve fibers in the pulp tissue are A) A-delta C) A-beta  Un-mineralized zone of dentin seen above A) Intertubular dentin C) Predentin  In molars with radix paramolaris extra root A) Lingually B) Mesially  First recognizable zone of enamel caries A) Body of the lesion C) Translucent zone  What should not be used to sterilize dental A) Chemiclave C) Dry heat  Which is not a feature of exploratory instruct A) Large diameter C) Light weight  Cavo surface margin on occlusal surface in A) 80 degree C) 120 degree  ISO Technical Committee (TC) number for A) 104	

51.	. The most common odontogenic cyst is		
	A) Radicular cyst	B)	Dentigerous cyst
	C) Odontogenic keratocyst	D)	Gingival cyst
52.	"Floating tooth syndrome" appearance is s	een	in
	A) Fibrous dysplasia	B)	Cherubism
	C) Vanishing bone	D)	Paget's disease
53.	Gustatory sweating is		
	A) Auriculotemporal syndrome	B)	Fothergill's disease
	C) Crocodile tears	•	Sphenopalatine neuralgia
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
54.	Widespread carious destruction of decidud incisors followed by first molars with absen		-
	A) Chronic caries	B)	Acute caries
	C) Nursing caries	D)	Rampant caries
55.	<ul> <li>A 'thistle-tube' shaped pulp chamber is found.</li> <li>A) Dentinogenesis Imperfect II</li> <li>B) Dentin Dysplasia Type II</li> <li>C) Dentin Dysplasia Type I</li> <li>D) Odontodysplasia</li> </ul>	ınd i	n
56.	Which of the following cysts manifests typic incisor and canine?	ally	between the roots of maxillary lateral
	A) Nasoalveolar cyst	B)	Nasopalatine duct cyst
	C) Globulomaxillary cyst	D)	Median palatal cyst
57.	Which of the following bacteriae is more im	npor	tant for producing cellulitis ?
	A) Streptococci	B)	Pneumococci
	C) Staphylococci	D)	Helicobacter pylori
58.	Discharging sinuses with sulphur granules  A) Tuberculosis  C) Ludwig's Angina	B)	a feature of Actinomycosis Pindborg's Tumour
	-, · · · ····· <b>g</b> - · ···· <b>g</b> ···	-/	

59.	Which of the following lesions does not man  A) Ameloblastoma  C) Periapical cyst	B)	sts as a multilocular radiolucency ? Odontogenic keratocyst Adenoameloblastoma
60.	Which of the following lesions manifest with and malaise ?	n int	ra oral vesicles and prodromal fever
	<ul><li>A) Bullous pemphigoid</li><li>C) Psoriasis</li></ul>	,	Lichen Planus Herpes Simplex
61.	Arch wire used as material of choice for init  A) Stainless steel  C) Elgiloy	B)	alignment in fixed appliance therapy Nitinol Cu Niti
62.	What percentage of cleft lip patients have cle A) 60% C) 80%	B)	palate as a concurrent abnormality? 70% 90%
63.	Chances of true skeletal changes in maxilla tA) 8 years C) 12 years	B)	g face mask is best before the age of 10 years 14 years
64.	Opening of bite with anterior biteplane in th A) Intrusion of lower anterior teeth B) Proclination of upper anterior teeth C) Eruption of posterior teeth D) All of the above	e co	orrection of deep bite occurs due to
65.	Which of the following cephalometric value height of the face ?		
	A) FMA C) FMIA	,	IMPA ANB
66.	Early mesial shift of the first permanent mo  A) Compensates for incisal liability  B) Corrects the developing midline diasten  C) Utilizes the anthropoid space  D) Depends on the leeway space		

**A** -10-

67.	Choking off effect of enamel is seen	
	A) After hand over mouth exercise	
	B) After sodium fluoride application	
	C) After a traumatic dental injury	
	D) In a young permanent tooth with a dee	ep dentinal carious lesion
68.	Broadbent phenomenon is a	
	A) Normal feature in the pre-dentate stage	9
	B) Carious lesion in an unerupted tooth	
	C) Presence of multiple supernumerary te	eth
	D) Transient malocclusion	
69.	The apex of the pedodontic triangle is occi-	upied by the
	A) Pedodontist	B) Parent/caretaker
	C) Child	D) Society
70.	Which of the following conditions is not associated. A) Lynch syndrome	iated with self-injury behavior in children?
	B) Autism spectrum disorders	
	C) Cornelia de Lange syndrome	
	D) Cerebral palsy	
71.	Stage one of the Nolla's stages of tooth de	evelopment denotes
	A) Absence of crypt	B) Presence of crypt
	C) Initial calcification	D) Crown completion
72.	Which material is not indicated as a root cain a primary tooth?	anal obturating material after pulpectomy
	A) Zinc oxide eugenol	B) lodoform paste
	C) Endoflas	D) Mineral trioxide aggregate
	C) Litudias	b) Willieral trioxide aggregate
73.	During a complex tongue thrust swallow, the	nere is no contraction of
	A) Temporal muscle	B) Mentalis muscle
	C) Lips	D) Facial muscles
Α	-1:	I <del>-</del>

74. Relative analgesia is a

	A) Conscious sedation technique				
	B) Use of siblings for behaviour management				
	C) Pre-appointment behavior modification	tecl	nnique		
	D) NSAID prescribed in children				
75.	Gerber appliance is				
	A) A functional space maintainer				
	B) A habit breaker appliance				
	C) An active space maintainer				
	D) None of the above				
76.	In the X-ray tube X-rays are originating from				
	A) Anode	,	Cathode		
	C) Filament	D)	Focusing cup.		
77.	Sialographic appearance of normal gland				
	A) Ball in hand appearance	B)	Sausage like appearance		
	C) Snow storm appearance	D)	Tree in winter appearance		
78.	Chloroma is the term given for				
	A) Soft tissue swelling in Burkits Lymphor	na			
	B) Intraoral tumour associated with Hodgkins Lymphoma				
	C) Greenish tumour like swelling in leukemia				
	D) Benign tumour associated with plasma cell gingivitis				
79.	A latent image is				
	A) An image that is very late in its formation				
	B) A very light radiograph				
	C) Produced after exposing but before developing				
	D) A very dark radiograph				
80.	Interstitial glossitis is a feature of				
	A) Primary syphilis	B)	Secondary syphilis		
	C) Tertiary syphilis	D)	Congenital syphilis		
	-1	2-			
	·				

81.	Candida Leukoplakia is  A) Acute Pseudomembraneous Candidias  B) Acute Atrophic Candidiasis  C) Chronic Atrophic Candidiasis  D) Chronic Hyperplastic Candidiasis	is	
82.	<ul><li>Which among the following is not caused by A) Molluscum Contagiosum</li><li>B) Verruca Vulgaris</li><li>C) Condyloma Accuminatum</li><li>D) Focal Epithelial Hyperplasia</li></ul>	y HF	PV ?
83.	Drug of choice for Trigeminal Neuralgia A) Gabapentin C) Carbamazepine	•	Lamotrigine Baclofen
84.	The modern X-ray tube is otherwise known A) Crooks Tube C) Roentgen's Apparatus	B) (	Coolidge Tube Thermionic Emission Tube
85.	In Periapical Radiographs, Salt and Peppe A) Periodontal abscess C) Thalassemia	B) \$	pearance is seen in Sjogrens syndrome Osteosarcoma
86.	True about Sullivan's Index is  A) Expectation of life free of disability  B) Ranges from 0 to 1  C) Lost year of healthy life  D) Work loss days		
87.	Oral cancer biopsy is  A) Primodial level of prevention  B) Primary level of prevention  C) Secondary level of prevention  D) Tertiary level of prevention		

**A** -13-

	but not confirmed through longitudinal st	tudies	is
	A) Risk determinant	B)	Risk indicators
	C) Risk predictors	D)	Risk markers
89.	All are true about PICOT except  A) P – Sample of subjects  B) I – Intervention  C) C – Control  D) T – Time	•	
90.	Temporary hardness of water is due to A) Magnesium bicarbonate B) Calcium sulphate C) Magnesium sulphate D) Calcium nitrates		
91.	Among the following which incision is not A) Internal bevel incision B) External bevel incision C) Crevicular incision D) Interdental incision	ot asso	ociated with Modified Widman Flap ?
92.	Which is the test used to suggest the pre A) Tension test B) Sounding test C) Fremitus test D) Blanching test	esenc	e of Trauma from Occlusion ?
93.	Precision for a conventional periodontal A) 0.01 mm C) 1 mm	В)	is 0.1 mm 0.5 mm
94.	Bleeding on probing is a good predictor (A) Progressive attachment loss B) Periodontal stability C) Bone loss D) Infrabony pocket formation	of	
1		-14-	

88. Probable or putative risk factors that have been identified in cross-sectional studies

95.	<ul><li>A cellular cementum is often confined to</li><li>A) Furcation area</li><li>C) Middle third of root</li></ul>	•	Cervical portion  Apex of the root	
96.	Carbon fibre posts have a modulus of ela about	on fibre posts have a modulus of elasticity similar to that of Dentin which		
	A) 2 GPa	B)	10 GPa	
	C) 20 GPa	D)	200 GPa	
97.	Horizontal overlap of anterior teeth is terme	zontal overlap of anterior teeth is termed		
	A) Overbite	B)	Closed bite	
	C) Overjet	D)	Scissor bite	
	Shortened Dental Arch (SDA) concept is for  A) Arrangement of teeth in short arches  B) Sex, personality and age of patients  C) Ridge augmentation treatment  D) Orthognathic surgery to shorten dental arches  Hanau's quint has all of the following except  A) Compensating curves  B) Balanced occlusion			
	C) Incisal guidance D) Condylar inclination			
100.	All ceramic crowns recommended for patie A) DMLS crown B) Dicor C) IPS empress D) Monolithic crowns	nts	with minimal occlusal clearance is	

**A** -15-

Space for Rough Work

**A** -16-