

## PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

Question 167/2023/OL

Paper Code:

Category 100/2023

Code:

Exam: Pharmacist Grade II (Homoeo)

Date of Test 13-12-2023

Department Homoeopathy

Question1:-Axial skeleton consists of the following bones EXCEPT

A:-Skull

B:-Vertebral column

C:-Ribs

D:-Upper limb

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question2:-Power generating units of the cell is

A:-Nucleus

B:-Golgi apparatus

C:-Mitochondria

D:-Lysosomes

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question3:-Spleen is an organ in the

A:-Cardio vascular system

B:-Digestive system

C:-Lymphatic system

D:-Endocrine system

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question4:-Fifth cranial nerve is

A:-Olfactory nerve

B:-Trigeminal nerve

C:-Optic nerve

D:-Facial nerve

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question5:-An example of a ball and socket joint in the human body is

A:-Elbow joint

B:-Shoulder joint

C:-Atlanto axial joint

D:-Wrist joint

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question6:-Ampulla, isthmus and infundibulum are the parts of the

A:-Uterus

B:-Fallopian tube

C:-Ovary

D:-Vagina

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question7:-The cartilage which closes off the larynx during swallowing is

A:-Thyroid cartilage

B:-Arytenoids

C:-Cricoid cartilage

D:-Epiglottis

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question8:-Outer covering of heart is termed as

A:-Myocardium

B:-Endocardium

C:-Pericardium

D:-Peritoneum

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-The organ transferring urine from the kidneys to urinary bladder is

A:-Ureter

B:-Urethra

C:-Renal artery

D:-Nephron

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question10:-The superficial layer of skin is called

A:-Dermis

B:-Epidermis

C:-Sebaceous glands

D:-Papilla

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question11:-The functions of epithelium are

A:-Protection

B:-Absorption

C:-Secretion

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question12:-Normal respiratory rate in an adult is

A:-12-15 breaths per minute

B:-2-5 breaths per minute

C:-15-20 breaths per minute

D:-5-10 breaths per minute

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question13:-The major quantity of water is absorbed in the

A:-Stomach

B:-Small intestine

C:-Large intestine

D:-Mouth

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question14:-Digestion and absorption of fat is the function of

A:-Bile

B:-Stomach

C:-Pancreas

D:-Kidneys

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question15:-Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide is the function of

A:-WBCs

B:-RBCs

C:-Platelets

D:-Lymphocytes

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question16:-The functions of lymph include the following EXCEPT

A:-Helps in the transport of RBCs

B:-Helps to destroy foreign particles

C:-Helps to maintain tissue pressure

D:-Helps in blood clotting

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question17:-Maintenance of body posture and equilibrium are functions of

A:-Cerebrum

B:-Cerebellum

C:-Medulla oblongata

D:-Pons

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question18:-Increase in the frequency, volume and fluid content of the stool is called

A:-Constipation

B:-Diarrhoea

C:-Vomiting

D:-Defecation

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question19:-Urine is composed of

A:-Urea

B:-Uric acid

C:-Ammonia

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question20:-Night blindness is caused by deficiency of

A:-Vitamin A

B:-Vitamin D

C:-Vitamin K

D:-Vitamin C

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question21:-Standard of living (WHO) includes all EXCEPT:

A:-Income and occupation

B:-Standards of housing

C:-Educational and recreational services

D:-Human Rights

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question22:-Immunization is:

A:-Primordial prevention

B:-Primary prevention

C:-Secondary prevention

D:-Tertiary prevention

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question23:-According to biomedical waste which of the following bag can be disposed in secured landfill:

A:-Black

B:-Yellow

C:-Red

D:-Blue

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question24:-Which one of the following is not a organic factor associated with mental illness?

A:-Metabolic diseases

B:-Neurological diseases

C:-Emotional stress and anxiety

D:-Endocrine diseases

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question25:-Vitamin D is maximum in:

A:-Butter

B:-Egg

C:-Cod liver oil

D:-Fish fat

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question26:-Indicator solution in Horrock's Apparatus is:

A:-Starch Iodide

B:-Chloramines

C:-Orthotolidine

D:-Orthotolidine Arsenite

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question27:-Contraceptive efficacy is measured by:

A:-Life table analysis

B:-Pearl Index

C:-Pearl Index and Couple Protection rate

D:-Pearl Index and Life table analysis

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question28:-Community Health Centres covering a population of:

A:-40 - 60,000

B:-60 - 80,000

C:-80 - 1,20,000

D:-1,20,000 - 2,00,000

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question29:-Following is a principle of primary health care:

A:-Family planning

B:-Community participation

C:-Free medical care

D:-Immunization

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question30:-The first priority in Immunization strategy for rubella is to vaccinate:

A:-Infants

B:-Women 15-49 years

C:-Adolescent girls

D:-Children 1-14 years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question31:-Incubation period of poliomyelitis is:

A:-7 - 14 days

B:-10 - 14 days

C:-3 - 6 weeks

D:-4 - 6 weeks

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question32:-The originator of First Aid was

A:-Friedrich Esmarch

B:-Dr. Robert Bruce

C:-George Beatson

D:-Lord Wantage

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question33:-All of the following are true regarding the basic principles of first aid EXCEPT:

A:-Preserve life

B:-Arrange for transportation

C:-Prevent deterioration

D:-Promote recovery

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question34:-In arterial bleeding blood is:

A:-Red in colour

B:-Bright red in colour

C:-Dark red in colour

D:-Bluish in colour

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question35:-Which of the following bandage is used for covering the scalp?

A:-Spica bandage

B:-Double spica bandage

C:-Capeline bandage

D:-Stump bandage

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question36:-A break in the continuity of the tissues of the body is:

A:-Fracture

B:-Sprain

C:-Strain

D:-Wound

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question37:-When the broken ends of the bones are driven into one another is:

A:-Simple fracture

B:-Complicated fracture

C:-Comminuted fracture

D:-Impacted fracture

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question38:-All of the following are Golden rules of First Aid EXCEPT:

A:-Do first things first quickly

B:-Stop any bleeding

C:-Administer medications as early as possible

D:-Give artificial respiration

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-Injuries caused by moist heat is known as:

A:-Scalds

B:-Burns

C:-Cold Burns

D:-Radiation Burns

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question40:-Correct statement about Ophidia is/are

A:-Specific source of snake venoms

B:-First suggested by Dr. Farrington

C:-It is a subgroup of animal kingdom

D:-All are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question41:-“Sundew” is the common name of

A:-Arnica montana

B:-Drosera rotundifolia

C:-Dulcamara

D:-Ruta graveolens

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question42:-Bulb of the plant is used for preparation of Homoeopathic Medicine

A:-Zingiber and Allium sativum

B:-Zingiber and Colchicum autumnale

C:-Colchicum autumnale and Solanum tuberosum

D:-Allium sativum and Colchicum autumnale

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question43:-Indian cockroach is

A:-Badiaga

B:-Blatta orientalis

C:-Blatta Americana

D:-Both (2) and (3) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question44:-Elements having properties of both metals and non-metals are called:

A:-Non metals

B:-Compounds

C:-Metalloids

D:-Salt

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question45:-Sarcode “Fel tauri” is prepared from

A:-Fresh ox-gall

B:-Testicular extract

C:-Fresh fox-gall

D:-Both (1) and (3)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question46:-Ambra grisea is a

A:-Nosode of animal kingdom

B:-Sarcode of animal kingdom

C:-Imponderabilia

D:-Nosode of plant kingdom

Correct Answer:- Option-A



Question47:-Nosode of measles

A:-Medorrhinum

B:-Morbilinum

C:-Melitagrinum

D:-Malandrinum

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question48:-All are medicines prepared from milk and milk products EXCEPT

A:-Lac caninum

B:-Lac vaxinum

C:-Lactrodectus mactans

D:-Koumyss

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question49:-Whole plant without root is used for preparation of medicine EXCEPT in

A:-Lobelia inflata

B:-Ledum palustre

C:-Alfalfa

D:-Ocimum sanctum

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question50:-Cure is taking place in Homoeopathic treatment through

A:-Primary action

B:-Secondary curative action

C:-Secondary counter action

D:-Alternating action

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question51:-Cause of acute disease is

A:-Miasm

B:-Fundamental cause

C:-Basic cause

D:-Exciting cause

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question52:-All statements are correct about epidemic disease according to Organon of medicine, EXCEPT

A:-They are infectious

B:-Many persons are affected with similar sufferings

C:-Several persons are attacked at the same time here and there

D:-Having same cause

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question53:-Pharmaconomy is concerned with

A:-Repetition of doses

B:-Drug proving

C:-Route of administration of medicine

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question54:-Criteria for Homoeopathic law of nature to happen is/are

A:-Medicinal force should be stronger than disease force

B:-Happen in living organism

C:-Disease manifestations should be similar with the symptoms of drug

D:-All are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question55:-The more striking, uncommon peculiar symptoms and signs are called

A:-General symptoms

B:-Particular symptoms

C:-Characteristic symptoms

D:-Concomitant symptoms

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question56:-Fundamental cause of chronic disease is

A:-Exciting cause

B:-Maintaining cause

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-Miasm

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question57:-Drug proving in Homoeopathy is done in

A:-Healthy human beings

B:-Animals

C:-Sick individuals

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question58:-Diet and regimen should be according to the wish of the patient as per Organon of Medicine during treatment, in case of

A:-Chronic disease

B:-Acute disease

C:-Sub acute disease

D:-Both (2) and (3) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question59:-Dose of medicine used in Homoeopathy is/are

A:-Lethal dose

B:-Physiological dose

C:-Fatal dose

D:-Minimum dose

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question60:-Which of the following statement is False about Pharmacopeia?

A:-It deals with the scientific facts and logical attitude of the rules and regulations of standardization of drug substances

B:-It is deals with proving of drugs

C:-Pharmacopoeia is the theoretical part of Pharmacy

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question61:-Homoeopathic Pharmacopeia of India was first published in

A:-1948

B:-1961

C:-1971

D:-1974

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question62:-Posology deals with

A:-Prescription of medicines

B:-Doses of medicines

C:-Preparation of medicines

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question63:-Who was the Chairman of the 'Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia Committee' of India appointed by Central Government in 1962?

A:-Dr. B.K. Sarkar

B:-Dr. M. Battacharya

C:-Dr. P.M. Verma

D:-Dr. Mrs. Indu Vaid

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question64:-The doctrine of Drug dynamisation was introduced to Homoeopathy through which edition of Organon of Medicine?

A:-2nd Edition

B:-3rd Edition

C:-4th Edition

D:-5th Edition

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question65:-'2C' denotes which of the following potency?

A:-2nd potency under Centesimal scale

B:-200th potency under Decimal scale

C:-200th potency under Centesimal scale

D:-2nd potency under Decimal scale

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question66:-What is wrong about Fluxion Potency?

A:-It was introduced by Dr. Hahnemann

B:-6X is converted to 8X potency

C:-It is done by Succussion

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question67:-In the process of trituration, each 10 minutes is composed of three stages in the following order

A:-Rubbing 6 minutes; Scrapping 3 minutes; Mixing 1 minute

B:-Mixing 1 minute; Rubbing 6 minutes; Scrapping 3 minutes

C:-Scrapping 3 minutes; Rubbing 6 minute; Mixing 1 minute

D:-Mixing 3 minutes; Rubbing 6 minutes; Scrapping 1 minute

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question68:-Which of the following statements is false?

A:-In trituration under Class VIII, to 99 parts of sugar of milk is taken and 1 part of medicine is added

B:-As per William Boericke, Placebo is the second best remedy in the Materia Medica

C:-Sugar of milk is prepared from Goat's milk

D:-Cane sugar is one of the impurity in sugar of milk

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question69:-For Trituration under Class IX, what is the Drug:Sugar of Milk ratio under Centesimal Scale?

A:-1 : 99

B:-1 : 9

C:-2 : 99

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question70:-What is another name of Placebo?

A:-Nihilinum

B:-Rubrum

C:-Phytum

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question71:-Which among the following is NOT used as a vehicle?

A:-Beeswax

B:-Vaseline

C:-Honey

D:-All the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question72:-What is wrong about Sugar of milk?

A:-When blue litmus paper is added to aqueous solution of sugar of milk litmus paper remains blue

B:-It is prepared from Goat's milk

C:-When few drops of iodine is added to aqueous solution of sugar of milk it turns blue

D:- (1) and (2) above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question73:-Globules are prepared from

A:-Beetroot

B:-Potatoes

C:-All the above

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question74:-Preparation of medicines under Decimal scale was introduced by

A:-Dr. Constantine Hering

B:-Dr. Samuel Hahnemann

C:-Dr. Stuart Clause

D:-Dr. William Boericke

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question75:-Which of the following vehicles are used for potentisation?

A:-Strong alcohol

B:-Sugar of milk

C:-Glycerine

D:-(1) and (2) above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question76:-50 Millesimal scale was introduced in Organon of Medicine

A:-3rd Edition

B:-6th Edition

C:-5th Edition

D:-4th Edition

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question77:-What is wrong about Straight potency?

A:-Introduced by Dr. Hahnemann

B:-6x potency is converted to 8x potency

C:-Introduced by Dr. Burt

D:-Also known as Fluxion potency

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question78:-The Characteristics of an ideal Ointment Base include all EXCEPT:

A:-Compatible with the skin

B:-Smooth and pliable

C:-Non irritating

D:-Not able to readily release its incorporated medication

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question79:-Standards for simple ointment as per HPI include

A:-Wool fat 50 gm; Hard paraffin 50 gm; White soft paraffin 850 gm;  
Cetostearyl alcohol 50 gm

B:-White beeswax 20 gm; Hard paraffin 30 gm; Cetostearyl alcohol 50 gm;  
White soft paraffin 900 gm

C:-White beeswax 50 gm; Hard paraffin 850 gm; Cetostearyl alcohol 70 gm;  
White soft paraffin 30 gm

D:-Wool fat 50 gm; Hard paraffin 850 gm; White soft paraffin 50 gm;  
Cetostearyl alcohol 50 gm

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question80:-Which among is/are correct for making Tincture of Soap -

A:-Soft Soap is made by the interaction of potassium hydroxide or sodium hydroxide with a suitable vegetable oil or any other oil

B:-The soap prepared from oil contains glycerine during "saponification"

C:-It yields not less than 44 percent of fatty acids

D:-All of the above are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question81:-Uses of Liniments include all EXCEPT

A:-Liniments are painted over painful parts of the body as from falling, blows etc

B:-Useful in Thermal Burns

C:-To reduce the Rheumatic pain

D:-To loosen the phlegm accumulated in Respiratory tract

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-Mother Tinctures for External Use-Tinctures prepared According to Formula for Class Three (If no special direction for the preparation is given)

A:-1 part by weight of mother tincture and 1.5 parts by weight of Ethyl alcohol (45%) are to be mixed

B:-1 part by weight of mother tincture and 1 parts by weight of Ethyl alcohol are to be mixed

C:-1.5 part by weight of mother tincture and 1 parts by weight of Ethyl alcohol are to be mixed

D:-1.5 part by weight of mother tincture and 1.5 parts by weight of Ethyl alcohol are to be mixed

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-Which among the following is wrong regarding Mullein Oil?

A:-"Mullein Oil" does not contain any oil except the essential oils present in the flower

B:-It is prepared from the flower extract of *Valeriana officinalis*

C:-It softens and thereby facilitates removal of hardened ear wax

D:-Recommended in formation of scales in ear as it is a bactericide

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question84:-Which of the following statement is/are correct about Fomentations:

(i) Fomentation is one of the methods of external application which does not constitute any medicine

(ii) Hot Fomentation help in soothing pain, arresting inflammation.

(iii) Hot Fomentation when applied over boils, acne-they rapidly increase in size and mature easily

A:-Only (i) and (ii)

B:-Only (i) and (iii)

C:-All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii)

D:-Only (ii) and (iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question85:-Which of the following abbreviation used in prescription and its English Translations is/are correct?

(i) H.S.S. - To be taken at bed time

(ii) Vac. Ven. - It empty Stomach

(iii) S.O.S. - Sufficient marks

A:-Only (i) and (iii)

B:-Only (ii) and (iii)

C:-Only (i) and (ii)

D:-All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question86:-Which of the following English Translations for the abbreviation used in prescription is/are correct?

(i) When required - *P.r.n.*

(ii) As much as You wish - *q.v*

(iii) Alcohol - *S.V.R*

A:-Only (i) and (iii)

B:-Only (ii) and (iii)

C:-Only (i) and (ii)

D:-All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii)

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question87:-Which among the following statement regarding prescription is/are correct?

(i) Prescription is a written document given by a Physician to the dispenser

(ii) Prescription is a written document given by a Physician to the Patient

(iii) The body of the prescription may be divided in to Three parts - The Superscription, The Inscription and The Signature

(iv) Superscription part of a prescription is the main part of the Prescription

A:-Only (i) and (iii) are correct

B:-Only (i) and (iv) are correct

C:-Only (i) is correct

D:-Only (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question88:-Class III and Class IV methods of preparation of Mother Tincture is used for -

A:-Least Juicy plants and Dried vegetables and animal substances respectively

B:-Most (fresh) Juicy plants and Dried vegetables and animal substances respectively

C:-Most (fresh) Juicy plants and Least Juicy plants respectively

D:-Medium Juicy plants and Least Juicy plants respectively

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question89:-Which among the following statements regarding Triturations is/are correct?

(i) Triturations of fresh animal and vegetable substances comes under Class VIII

(ii) Triturations of liquid insoluble medicinal substances comes under Class IX

(iii) Triturations of liquid insoluble medicinal substances comes under Class VIII



(iv) Triturations of fresh animal and vegetable substances comes under Class IX

A:-Only (i) and (ii) are correct

B:-Only (ii) and (iii) are correct

C:-Only (i) and (iv) are correct

D:-Only (iii) and (iv) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question90:-Which among the following statement regarding Potentisation by Succussion in Class II is/are correct?

(i) Take 2 minims of the Mother tincture and 98 minims of dilute alcohol, mix and give 100 succussions yield 1st Potency in Centesimal scale

(ii) Take 1 minims of the Mother tincture and 99 minims of dispensing alcohol, mix and give 100 succussions yield 2nd Potency in Centesimal scale

(iii) Take 2 minims of the Mother tincture and 8 minims of dilute alcohol, mix and give 10 succussions yield 1st Potency in Decimal scale

A:-Only (i) and (ii) are correct

B:-Only (ii) and (iii) are correct

C:-Only (iii) is correct

D:-All (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question91:-The physical Forces acting over the process of Percolation include:

(i) Gravity and Viscosity

(ii) Friction and Adhesion

(iii) Osmosis and Surface tension

A:-Only (i) and (ii) are correct

B:-All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct

C:-Only (ii) and (iii) are correct

D:-Only (i) and (iii) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question92:-Regarding the difference between Maceration and Percolation, which among the following statement is/are correct?

(i) Maceration is long process requiring around 2-4 weeks whereas Percolation is a short process requiring approximately 24 hours

(ii) In Maceration only fresh animal and vegetable substances are used whereas in Percolation both dry or fresh drug substances can be used

(iii) In Maceration, Mother tincture cannot be obtained directly whereas in Percolation, Mother tincture can be obtained directly

(iv) In Maceration, Mother tincture is obtained directly whereas in Percolation, Mother tincture can not be obtained directly

A:-Only (i) and (iv) are correct

B:-Only (iii) and (iv) are correct

C:-Only (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct

D:-Only (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question93:-Which among the following statement regarding Drug power of Mother tincture preparation by Old Methods is/are correct?

- (i) Drug Power  $\frac{1}{2}$  for Class I and Class II drugs
- (ii) Drug Power  $\frac{1}{6}$  for Class III drugs
- (iii) Drug Power  $\frac{1}{10}$  for Class IV, Class V A and Class VI A drugs

A:-Only (i) is Correct

B:-Only (i) and (ii) are Correct

C:-Only (ii) and (iii) are Correct

D:-All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii) are Correct

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question94:-The Test should be conducted to ascertain the Standards of Mother Tincture include all EXCEPT -

A:-Specific gravity

B:-Alcohol content

C:-Surface tension

D:-Refractive index

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question95:-Lab Test used to ascertain the Standards of Mother Tincture include all EXCEPT -

A:-Thin Layer Chromatography

B:-Gas Chromatography

C:-Paper Chromatography

D:-High Performance Liquid Chromatography

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question96:-Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) of Chloroform extract is done for identification of which of the following Mother Tincture?

A:-Rhus toxicodendron

B:-Thuja occidentalis

C:-Sabina

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question97:-A drug which is manufactured under a name which belongs to another drug or if a drug been substituted wholly or in part by another drug is called a -

A:-Adulterated Drugs

B:-Spurious Drugs

C:-Artificial Drugs

D:-Synthetic Drugs

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question98:-Rule 67-G of Drugs and Cosmetics Act and Rule deals with

A:-Forms of Licences to sell drugs

B:-Conditions to be satisfied before a Licence in Form 20-C or Form 20-D is granted

C:-Conditions of Licence - The Premises where the Homoeopathic Medicines are stocked for sale or sold are maintained in a clean condition

D:-None of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question99:-Drugs and Cosmetics Act and Rule Part VII-A, 85-A deals with -

A:-Manufacture on more than one set of Premises - if Homoeopathic medicine is manufactured in more than one set of premises

B:-Application for Licence to manufacture Homoeopathic medicine

C:-Form of Licence to manufacture Homoeopathic Medicine

D:-Application to manufacture New Homoeopathic medicine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question100:-Rule 106-A (Part IX A) of Drugs and Cosmetics Act and Rule deals with?

A:-Labelling and packing of Homoeopathic Medicine

B:-Cancellation and Suspension of Licence

C:-Ophthalmic preparation of Homoeopathic Medicine

D:-Prohibition of quantity and percentage

Correct Answer:- Option-A